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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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VOL. XXIX NO. 227 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1941 PRICE: ONE ANNA

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AFGHAN SNOW
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Hitler's Challenge To Roosevelt?

Soviet Military Puzzle For Nazi Strategists

ADVANCING FORCES CAUGHT IN DEATH TRAPS

Berlin And Helsinki Report Big Fires In Leningrad

MOSCOW, September 23.

THE Germans were driven back seven miles after a Russian bayonet charge in one sector of the Leningrad front, says the Official Russian News Agency.

SAVAGE BATTLES CONTINUE TO RAGE

LONDON, Sept. 23.

Savage battles are still raging on the approaches to Leningrad. Powerful counter-attacks are reported by the Germans and they explain their lack of progress by saying that the Russian defences are extraordinarily severe obstacles. There are huge tank traps and anti-tank belts ten to twelve miles deep.

Nazi Admission

The German Official News Agency admits counter-attacks in which artillery tanks took part at Leningrad and Poltava and seven Russian tanks were destroyed at Leningrad.

The Germans describe the counter-attack at Poltava as strong, adding that the Russians have also an armoured train. As usual the Nazis claim that all counter-attacks were repulsed with heavy losses to the Russians and state that thirty tanks were destroyed.

Finnish Claim

The German News Agency quoting Finnish reports says that the Finns have now captured some islands in the northern part of Lake Ladoga. It adds that the Finns in the northern sector scored great successes in the last few days, surrounding completely and destroying five Soviet battalions, killing three thousand Russians.

Big Fires In Leningrad?

STOCKHOLM:—Reports from Helsinki and Berlin to-day speak of big fires in Leningrad. The Finns, according to the Helsinki correspondent of the newspaper "Dagbladet", say that the flames are visible from their lines in the Karelian Isthmus.

The Finns also claim that the Soviet forces have evacuated the island of Valamo in Lake Ladoga and say that this means that all islands in the northern part of the Lake are now in their hands.

Finns Ejected From Positions

LONDON:—Reuter's resident correspondent in Moscow writes:—

Four battalions of Finns have been forced out of fortified positions in the neighbourhood of Lake Syach and a large number were killed, according to the Soviet Army organ 'Red Star.'

The Finns had established themselves in trenches and machine-gun nests, put down field mines and made full use of the terrain which is broken country with woods, marshes and stretches of poor soil with large granite boulders.

After lengthy scouting of enemy positions, the Soviet troops made a feint attack in front, while the main force attacked from the flank and ejected the Finns from a series of positions.

Lost Position Retaken

The "Red Star" also declares that two regiments of German 102nd Infantry Division have been defeated, two battalions being completely smashed, in fighting near the place "I" on the north-western sector front, which the enemy had seized. The Soviet troops, says the newspaper, advanced under artillery cover and engaged the enemy with bayonets. The engagements developed into a larger

(Continued on page 2, col. 6)

BLACK-OUT RELAXED IN MOSCOW

MOSCOW, Sept. 23.

The black-out has been relaxed to-night. For the first time since Germany invaded Russia street lights shone in the Capital. In the event of an air raid lights can be switched off in quarter of a minute.—Reuter.

Soaring Casualties

Nazis Admit Ferocity Of Soviet Attacks

LONDON, Sept. 23.

A semi-official German statement to-day (Tuesday) acknowledged the ferocity of the Soviet attacks on the Central Front but insisted that "it is absolutely wrong to talk of a successful Russian offensive". The Soviet attacks "far east of Smolensk" have broken down against German fire with exceedingly high losses in men and equipment"

The statement says. "Many Soviet units have lost two-thirds or even more of their effectives before the German lines. The Russian troops rushed into the German fire over the bodies of their dead but were everywhere repulsed," the statement says.

FIGHTING ON WHOLE FRONT

LONDON, Sept. 23.

The following is the text of the Soviet Midday Communique broadcast by the Moscow radio at 11-00 G.M.T.

"During the night of September 22 our troops continued fighting the enemy along the whole front."

FABULOUS FIGURES

The German High Command from the Fuehrer's Headquarters reports: "Prisoners in battles around Kiev have increased to about 380,000. More than 570 tanks and 2,100 guns were captured or destroyed. Fifty Soviet Divisions may be regarded as completely destroyed. The Commander-in-Chief of the Fifth Russian Army is among the prisoners."—Reuter.

PREPARATIONS FOR WINTER CAMPAIGN

BASLE, Sept. 23.

Describing Germany's preparations for the winter campaign in Russia the Berlin correspondent of the "Basler Nachrichten" to-day stresses their effect on the production of goods for civilian use. The correspondent states that shops selling furs, boots, clothing, overcoats, woollen goods, body and bed linen lack materials containing natural products. Leather goods have been practically unobtainable for a year.—Reuter.

Preparations are afoot for the All-India Harijan Conference which will be held at Garhmuktesar in U. P. on November 2, 3 and 4.—A. P.

ON ECONOMIC FRONT

Britain's Food Supply Better Than In Pre-War Years

LONDON, Sept. 23.

New improvements in Britain's food supply were announced to-day (Tuesday) by the Ministry of Food. The price of a four pound loaf of white bread will, with certain small exceptions, be reduced from eight pence and half penny to eight pence from October 6.

The Ministry also announced that the United States is sending one million cases of canned salmon under the Lease and Lend facilities, while Canada is also sending one million cases. This, with the considerably increased imports of canned pilchards and herrings, will mean that during the third year of war, the available supply of canned fish will exceed even that of pre-War years. Controlled prices of several kinds of fresh fish are now being reduced.

A Ministry spokesman said that while it was undesirable to reveal the total imports of foodstuffs from the United States, it could be said that the United States would be sending 255 million pounds of cheese. The spokesman further indicated that the Ministries of Food and Health were considering additional measures to control the price and quality of substitutes for eggs and various fruits, in order to secure quality and prevent fraud.—Reuter.

Hostages To Be Shot

Nazi Threat To Belgian Nationalists

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.

Twenty-five Belgians are held as hostages at Tournai for the killing of two German policemen on September 7. If those who killed the Germans are not found within ten days, these hostages will be executed. In future, hostages will be shot each time a German is killed by the Belgians, unless the killers are immediately discovered.

This is the gist of an official announcement published in the Belgian press by Gen. Baron Alexander Von Falkenhausen, according to the Berlin correspondent of the "New York Times".

The announcement says German police were shot, while investigating the shooting of a Rexist leader at Tournai. It added that all political prisoners in Belgium will be considered hostages.—Reuter.

VON PAPEN BACK IN TURKEY

BERLIN.—The German Ambassador to Turkey von Papen has arrived back in Turkey by air from his visit to Germany, according to an Istanbul telegram to Berlin. He proceeded to the summer residence of the German embassy at Therapia, the telegram adds.

Provisional Govt. Set Up For France

It Is For America To Recognise National Committee In Place Of Vichy Junta, Says Gen. De Gaulle

LONDON, Sept. 23.

General de Gaulle, Head of the Free French Forces, announced the formation of a Free French National Committee to act as Trustees for France until a constitutionally representative Government is established.

Question Of Recognition

Announcing the formation of the New Free French National Committee, General de Gaulle said that it would be a matter for the United States and other nations to decide whether the new Committee should be recognised instead of the Vichy Government.

General de Gaulle said that the Committee will consist of eight or nine representatives of competent French authorities throughout the world.

General de Gaulle, however, will continue as the Head of the Free French forces and the new Committee will not take the place of the Defence Council which will continue to function in various areas in which France is particularly interested, including Africa, the Near East and the Pacific.

Its Task

Declaring that the Committee would share with him the responsibility of the exercise of authority he said: "The Committee will have but one policy—the liberation of French Territory.

It will consider itself as temporarily entrusted with representing the nation which has no other means than through Free France to express its will to prepare for to-morrow the framework of an organisation within which it will be possible to exercise national sovereignty."

An officer of the Free French Army declared to-day that Free French forces now numbered 100,000. One thousand pilots were trained or were under training, while a large number of Free French ships were helping to convoy Atlantic shipping.

Growing Strength

"Day by day Frenchmen are escaping from France and the prison camps of occupied zones to join the Free French," he said and added: "Every day by hook or by crook some of them make their bid to reach Britain's shores. The spirit of France is not dead. Letters show that 95 per cent of the French people are waiting their chance to help a British victory'

FRENCH REPUBLIC

Dealing with the Free French Defence Council under the new National Committee Gen de Gaulle said that the war had shown the necessity of decentralisation and the Defence Council in its modest way had met the same need recognised by the British Government when they sent Mr. Duff Cooper to Singapore and Capt. Oliver Lyttleton to Cairo.

General de Gaulle added: "I would like to make clear our position regarding the constitution and laws of the French Republic. That constitution and those laws have been violated first by the invader and then every day by the accomplices of the invader at Vichy. The Free French recognise none of those violations".

Hence the Free French, he added, were obliged to exercise 'de facto' authority tantamount to delegation of national interest which would be handed back to national representation when that was possible.

ARMY OFFICER JAILED

LONDON, Sept. 23.

Captain Sir Herbert Paul Latham aged 36, a former Member of Parliament for Scarborough and Whitby, who was recently tried by Court Martial has been sentenced to be cashiered and imprisoned for two years without hard labour.

Sir Herbert Latham who was attached to the 70th Searchlight Regiment of the Royal Artillery had been found guilty of eleven charges under the Army Act, ten of them alleging disgraceful conduct of an improper kind while on active service and the eleventh, attempted suicide.

Sir Herbert Latham had pleaded not guilty to a total of fourteen charges on three of which he was found not guilty.—Reuter.

TOKYO.—More than one thousand Japanese evacuees mostly women and children have arrived at Kobe from the Netherlands East Indies.—Reuter.

IRAN'S BREAK WITH AXIS

Representatives Recalled From Germany, Italy And Rumania

TEHERAN, Sept. 23.

The Iranian Government has recalled its diplomatic representatives from Germany, Italy and Rumania.—Reuter.

Large-Scale Reforms

Some of the large-scale reforms to be undertaken by the new Government of Iran were outlined to-day. Reports say that the Government have decided to overhaul the legal system, police, army, economics and finance.

Particular attention will be paid to agriculture.

Improvement in communications, education and health services is also on the programme.—Reuter.

New Era Of Public Confidence

PESHAWAR, Sept. 23.

Senior officers of the Soviet and British forces were the guests of the British Minister to an "At Home" in the British Legation, according to the Teheran radio. Diplomatic representatives and outstanding Iranians were also present. Sir Reader Bullard personally received and entertained the guests.

According to a Teheran broadcast the Military Governor has issued a notice saying that for the convenience of the people to give more time for businessmen and foodstuff sellers, the curfew order will now be observed in the Capital from 10 p.m. till sunrise.

The assertion that the new Iranian Government would try to bring about a new era of public confidence in every respect was made by the Iranian Minister of Justice speaking in the Parliament on Sunday, according to the Teheran radio.

He read the text of His Majesty Mohd. Riza's letter to the Premier declaring all the property of the ex-King, movable and immovable, including factories and industries, should be utilised for the benefit of the country.

ASSURANCE TO PEOPLE

The Minister of Justice gave the assurance that the grievances of everybody would be properly looked into. He also announced that the new Government would consider questions of judicial, social and economic improvements, the increment of employees' salary, the revision of commercial regulations, establishment of the forces for national security and co-operation with those countries with which Iran is interested and connected internally.—A. P.

CHURCHILL AND HALIFAX SEE KING

LONDON, Sept. 23.

The British Prime Minister was received in audience by the King at Buckingham Palace to-day (Tuesday). Mr. Churchill remained to lunch. The King also received Lord Halifax, the British Ambassador to the United States.—Reuter.

NEW HONOUR TO CHURCHILL

LONDON, Sept. 23.

The Prime Minister Mr. Churchill has been appointed Lord Warden of Cinque Ports by King George in recognition of his great services to Britain. Mr. Churchill has succeeded the late Marquess of Willingdon. Cinque Ports are Hastings, Dover, Sandwich, Romney, and Hythe.

In the olden days, they were entrusted with the defence of Britain's shores and the protection of the passage to the continent. In modern times, the appointment of Lord Warden which is purely an honorary post and which is one of the King's personal perogatives has been reserved for distinguished statesmen, soldiers and sailors.—Reuter.

EDEN SEES TURKISH AMBASSADOR

LONDON, Sept. 23.

Mr. Anthony Eden, the Foreign Secretary, to-day saw the Turkish Ambassador in London and later the Greek Prime Minister, who arrived with the King of Hellenes yesterday.

Mr. Eden has also arranged to see M. Maisky, and Mr. John Winant, the Russian and the United States Ambassadors.—Reuter.

Maisky Forecasts Non-Stop War

No Winter Recess; Plea For All-Out Aid To Soviet

"THE war on the Eastern Front would not be at a stand-still either in the autumn or winter, and the Soviet people did not base their views on such doubtful calculation" as "General Winter" and "General Mud" whom "mature strategists talked glibly about." Thus declared M. Maisky, the Soviet Ambassador, speaking in London.

HUGE NAZI LOSSES

M. Maisky estimated German casualties on the Eastern Front at about three million and about one third of the entire German army are now *hors-de-combat*. He also said that Russia too had suffered heavy losses and that she was facing a tense and difficult situation.

TENSE AND DIFFICULT SITUATION IN RUSSIA

LONDON, Sept. 23.

Speaking in London to-day the Russian Ambassador, M. Maisky, said that at a moderate estimate, the German losses in the East were some three million killed, wounded or missing and in three months, the number of planes destroyed was something like 8,500. About one-third of the whole German army was now 'hors-de-combat'.

Russia was not fighting for herself alone, but for the security and freedom of other nations, declared M. Maisky. "The fate of humanity for many generations to come was being decided around Leningrad and in the Ukraine".

Many mature strategists talked glibly about "General Winter" and "General Mud". That kind of complacency was very dangerous. The Soviet people preferred to face facts. There was no doubt that Hitler's original plan had been upset, and the Blitzkrieg had failed miserably. German losses were the costliest, and the figures issued by the German Command a few days ago could be considered utterly ridiculous.

M. Maisky then gave the Russian estimate of German losses, but added that nevertheless hard facts proved that the German war machine was still strong and Russia was facing a tense and difficult situation. There was no use shutting their eyes to the realities of the position. Too much reliance should not be placed on such uncertainties as "General Winter" and "General Mud".

NO STAND-STILL IN WINTER

With the modern technique of war these factors had been considerably minimized, and by now perhaps "General Winter" had been reduced to a Colonel and "General Mud" to a Major or a Lieutenant. The war on the Eastern Front would not be at a standstill either in autumn or winter, and the Soviet people did not base their views on such doubtful calculation.

Russia too had suffered heavy losses. The enemy had occupied important industrial districts and the Russians had been obliged to evacuate a number of factories and plants, and some time must elapse before they could start again on new sites. That made it more difficult for Russia to replace losses in material, and it was at this juncture that other freedom-loving nations must step into the breach.

HELP RUSSIA

"The Soviet people," he declared, "have a right to expect that co-operation as they are fighting heroically—men, women and even children—not only for themselves but for the freedom and security of other countries. All these other countries cannot but realise that in sending aeroplanes and tanks to the Soviet Union they in fact are rendering aid to themselves."—Reuter.

Soviet Ideal

The Russian Ambassador further declared that the Russians "will fight to the last drop of their blood against 'National Socialism because this so-called philosophy is a direct challenge to all we believe in and stand for.

The Soviet Union stands for

(Continued on Page 7 Col. 5)

JAPANESE GAME FOILED

Chinese Artillery Work Havoc & Stop Enemy Naval Landing

CHUNGKING, Sept. 23.

The situation on the Northern Hunan Front appears to be stabilised with the Japanese now turning eastward to meet the Chinese flank thrust. The main Chinese threat against the Japanese flank comes from three columns which are pushing westward along the north bank of the Milo River. Meanwhile, the Japanese advance on the south bank of the Milo River has been brought to a standstill.

Chinese artillery on the shores of Lake Tungting continue to frustrate all efforts of Japanese warships to land troops.

It is claimed that five Japanese warships and ten motor boats laden with troops and supplies were sunk on Sunday by Chinese artillery fire at a point opposite Yingtien where the Japanese had planned to land the troops to outflank the Chinese forces on the south bank of the Milo river.

KIDNAPPED BY UNKNOWN PERSONS?

PEIPING, Sept. 23.

The British Embassy has made very strong representations to the Japanese authorities over the disappearance of Mrs. Denzil H. Clarke, the Japanese wife of the Press Attache in the British Embassy. She left her home on bicycle at 10-00 on Saturday, and has not returned or been heard from since. According to an unconfirmed report, she was kidnapped by unknown persons when leaving a friend's house.

Her disappearance, following a recent scurrilous article in a local Japanese newspaper attacking her and her husband is considered most disquieting.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

NAZIS TAKE OVER BULGARIAN RAILWAYS.

ANKARA, Sept. 23.

Travellers report that very active military preparations continue in Bulgaria and the Germans are taking over the Bulgarian railways for their own use.—Reuter.

Latest Nazi Challenge To Roosevelt

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.

The sinking of the steamer "Pink Star" in Icelandic waters is the first such incident reported since President Roosevelt's "shoot first" speech and observers are wondering whether it is intended as a challenge or whether it is an isolated case of mistaken identity. The lack of details concerning the affair is causing speculation and it is much discussed here.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

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BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

1. PERSONAL ADLETS

Old Boys of Maharaja's College, Ernakulam, residing in Bombay, please communicate with Kumar Dass, R.I.N. Castle, Bombay. (15087)

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a highly accomplished and healthy bride over 22 years of age for a Muslim Gazetted officer, permanent Govt. Service, aged 31, drawing Rs. 450/- p.m. No caste or religious restrictions. Muslim will be preferred. Respectable family only should apply Box No. 15092, "Bombay Chronicle."

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A. Hyland Ltd., Hughes Road, Bombay, require immediately several good Turners. Apply personally. (6145)

Wanted: An experienced Instructor in tailoring, weaving and carpentry to teach the boys in a school near Bombay. Apply stating minimum salary expected to Box No. 15098, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Horticulturist as Garden Superintendent in Kathiawad. Apply stating qualifications, experience and salary required to Box No. 6104, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Gujarati Graduate, strong in English and French to handle higher classes. Post temporary. Apply personally to the Principal, Bai Kabibai Hindu High School, 26, Borah Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. (15083)

Wanted by a large Commercial Company, qualified Accountants, Incorporated Accountants or R.A.s (B.Com. preferred). Salary according to qualifications. Apply stating experience, age and salary expected. Box No. 6120, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted for up country, man knowing Butter making and manufacture of Casein Powder. Reply. Box No. 15075 "Bombay Chronicle"

Applications invited from experienced and influenced gentleman in unrepresented areas for Depot Managers, Sole Agents and Canvassing Representatives for our high grown Nilgiri Teas. Salary, Commission and allowances liberal. Apply to the Bluehills Tea Company, Mettupalaiyam (Nilgiris). (15091)

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Cot-Silk Mill Stores, Accessories, Spindles springs, Shuttles, Bobbins, Picking Sticks, Bands, Heald frames, Lattice Fillets, Needles, Chains, Tongues, Wire-spring Machines, Laprods., Avery 5' scale complete, Electric hangers, etc. Stockists: Shroff Bros. & Co., Bank Street, Bombay. Tel. 23712. (15089)

Public Notices

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NOTICE

ROYAL INDIAN NAVY

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the posts of INSTRUCTOR MACHINISTS and INSTRUCTOR FITTERS for the Mechanical Training Establishment.

Candidates must have served an apprenticeship of at least 4 years in a firm of repute and must themselves be good machinists or fitters and able to impart their knowledge.

They should be able to read, write and speak English and read blue print drawings.

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Apply in writing stating age, experience, educational and technical qualifications, with copies of references to:—

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Telephonic and verbal applications will not be considered

CLOSING DATE:—30th September, 1941. (6114)

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DALSUKHBHAI VIRCHAND and HIRALAL MAGANLAL have agreed to sell to our client the property partly cultivated and partly grass land, situate at Andheri, village Mogra and more particularly described in the schedule hereunder written admeasuring 69 acres 22 1/4 gunthas or thereabouts.

Any person having any claim or interest by way of sale, mortgage, gift, inheritance, lease, lien, share or otherwise in the said property, or any part thereof, is hereby required to give notice thereof to the undersigned at their office 13/19, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof, after which period the sale will be completed without regard to any claim of which notice has not been received.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:

ALL THOSE pieces or parcels of land situate at Andheri, Village Mogra, and bearing the following numbers:—

Survey No.	Falni No.	Acres	Gunthas.
29	2	6	4
29	4	—	32
30	1	4	36½
31	—	3	18
32	—	—	20½
33	—	—	16½
34	—	—	11¾
35	1	38	16
36	—	1	30
37	6	2	25
37	3	6	32
38	2	1	16½
43	3	2	4
		69	22 1/4

and containing by admeasurement about 69 acres and 22 1/4 gunthas together with the buildings consisting of one stable, 2 zinc sheds (servants quarters) trees, two wells, tank and the pipes, etc., existing thereon.

Dated this 23rd day of September, 1941.

DAPHTARY FERREIRA & DIVAN, Solicitors for the Purchasers. (6141)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS.

Backward students for Matriculation, Senior Cambridge, College examinations coached. Prospectus from Bombay Tutorial College, Kavarana Building, Dhobitalao. (15099)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted agents to push our sale, préference to graduates. Apply sharp on the following address. Swastika Industries, Mamoon Bhauja Street, Aligarh. (15101)

Wanted Selling Agents for Relief Bust of Poet Rabindranath. Rs. 5/- each. India Model Mfg Co., 2631, Upper Chitpore Road, Calcutta. (5859)

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Immediate Loans on Personal Bond or mortgages. Big Loans also advanced! Bombay Loan Finance Corporation, Balaram House, Charni Road Tram Junction. (15082)

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

An Ordinary Monthly Meeting of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on Thursday, the 2nd October, 1941, at 3 p.m. (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:—

1. Election of one member on the Standing Committee to hold office upto 31st March 1942, 'vice' Mr. Dahyabhai V. Patel, resigned.
2. Election of two members on the Standing Committee to hold office upto 31st March, 1943, 'vice' (1) The Hon'ble Raja Bahadur Govindlal Shivlal Motilal and (2) Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, resigned.
3. Election of four members on the Improvements Committee 'vice' (1) Mr. K. N. Joglekar, (2) Mr. Cooverji J. Shah, (3) Dr. Mrs. Malinibai B. Sukthankar and (4) Mr. Shivdas C. Thakkar, resigned.
4. Election of two Councillor-members on the Schools Committee to hold office upto 31st March, 1942, 'vice' (1) Mr. R. S. Nimbkar and (2) Dr. Jethalal V. Vora, resigned.
5. Election of two Councillor-members on the Schools Committee to hold office upto 31st March, 1943, 'vice' (1) Mr. Y. K. Khadilkar and (2) Dr. M. U. Mascarenhas, resigned.
6. (a). Letter from the Secretary, Bombay Port Trust—Intimating that Mr. R. A. Gole has tendered his resignation of his seat as a representative of the Corporation on the Port Trust Board; and (b) election of a representative of the Corporation on the Board.
7. Election of eight members on the Works Committee, 'vice' (1) Mr. Chimanlal Manchubhai, (2) Mr. Ganpatishankar N. Desai, (3) Mr. Vithaldas D. Govindjee, (4) Mr. V. A. Karapurkar, (5) Mr. Bhawanji A. Khimji, (6) Mr. B. N. Maheshwari, (7) Mr. S. L. Silam and (8) Mr. R. S. Vagh, resigned.
8. Election of eight members on the Medical Relief and Public Health Committee to fill in (a) the one vacancy not filled in at the September Meeting; and (b) the seven further vacancies caused by the resignations of (1) Dr. D. T. Anklesaria, (2) Mr. Jethmal Narandas, (3) Mr. K. N. Joglekar, (4) Mr. V. A. Karapurkar, (5) Mr. Asoka R. Mehta, (6) Mr. Salebhoy A. Kader and (7) Mr. Manekial N. Vakharia.
9. Election of eight members on the Markets and Gardens Committee, 'vice' (1) Mr. E. L. Bilia, (2) Mr. K. L. Borkar (3) Mr. Devji Rattansey, (4) Mr. R. A. Gole, (5) Mr. B. M. Khandre, (6) Mr. R. S. Nimbkar, (7) Mr. Manilal J. Seth and (8) Mr. Vasantram Jamietram, resigned.
10. Election of eight members on the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee, 'vice' (1) Mr. R. K. Achrekar, (2) Mr. V. B. Gandhi, (3) Mr. Nagindas T. Master, (4) Mr. Mathooradas Tricamjee, (5) Dr. T. R. Naravane, (6) Mr. R. S. Nimbkar, (7) Mr. S. K. Patil and (8) Mr. K. A. Subramanian, resigned.
11. Election of eight members on the Tramways and Telephone Committee to fill in (a) the two vacancies not filled in at the September Meeting; and (b) six further vacancies caused by the resignations of (1) Mr. K. L. Borkar, (2) Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai, (3) Mr. K. N. Joglekar, (4) Mr. N. S. Kajroikar, (5) Mr. Yusuf J. Meherally and (6) Mr. Kashi Prasad Singh.
12. Interpellations.

13-35. Letters from the authorities of the (13) Happy Home for the Blind; (14) Al-Farouk Volunteer Corps; (15) Ramdas Vyayam Mandir; (16) Dadar Bhagini Samaj Mhaskar Kanya Arogya Mandir; (17) Bombay Handwork Education Society; (18) Bombay Adult Education Committee; (19) K. B. Haji Bachooali Free Ophthalmic Hospital; (20) Abhinava Vyayam Mandir; (21) Bhagini Samaj Seva Mandir (Bellasis Road); (22) Bombay Presidency Infant Welfare Society; (23) Girgaum Vyayam Shala; (24) Maharashtra Mitra Mandal; (25) Gujarati Hindu Stree Mandal; (26) Bai Yamunabai L. Nair Charitable Hospital; (27) Bhagini Samaj T. N. Malvi Bal Mandir; (28) Muslim Ambulance Society; (29) Naigaum Social Service Society; (30) Adams-Wylie Memorial Hospital; (31) Anjuman-i-Muslamanan-i-Mazgaon Islamia Library; 32-35 (32-33) Dongri and Kamathipura Dispensaries conducted by Shree Ayurvediya Dharmarth Dawakhana Mandal; (34) Telugu Free Library; and (35) King George V Memorial. Applying for grants-in-aid of their respective institutions for the year 1942-43.

36-37. Applications for gratuity, etc., from certain ex-Municipal employees.

36. Letter from the authorities of the Bai Yamunabai L. Nair Charitable Hospital—Applying for a non-recurring grant for the construction of nurses' quarters at their hospital.

39. Letter from Dr. V. R. Bhoosrath, Chairman of a meeting of the residents of Chinchpokli—Requesting that the Municipal grant-in-aid of the Hindmata Seva Mandal be increased.

40. Letter from Mr. S. S. Waghmare on behalf of the Servants of Somvanshiya Society—Regarding the lowering of the percentage of marks required for appointment as Municipal school teachers in the case of Depressed Classes, etc.

41. Letter from Mr. Ganesh S. Goknale—Complaining about the behaviour of a Head Master of a Municipal Marathi School, etc.

RESOLUTIONS OF THE STANDING COMMITTEE—

42-43. Regarding the amount of security to be furnished by certain employees in the (42) Town Duty Department; and (43) Estate Agent and Land Manager's Department.

44. Regarding the writing-off of the book value of certain stores.

45. Regarding the issue of a certificate in respect of conveyance allowances paid by the Schools Committee to certain employees, etc.

46. Regarding the transfer of the staff for the medical inspection of school children to the establishment schedule of the Health Department, etc.

47. Regarding tenders received for the construction of quarters for the menials working in the Nurses' Home at the K.E.M. Hospital, etc.

48. Regarding the application to Government for raising a loan of Rs. 25 lakhs, etc.

49. Forwarding a statement showing the unexpended budget grants for 1939-40 and previous years relating to Debt Charges pertaining to Municipal Accounts.

50. Recommending an advance to be made from the different funds to meet the liabilities incurred during 1940-41 and previous years under Advances, etc., Account (Municipal).

51. Recommending an additional grant to be made under the different heads to meet the liabilities pertaining to the Improvement Schemes Account incurred during 1940-41 and previous years, etc.

52. Regarding the amount of security to be furnished by the Deputy Superintendent, Municipal Printing Press.

53. Regarding the payment of allowances to the staff of the Town Duty Department for the collection of town duty on goods imported by road on Sundays and holidays, etc.

54-55. Regarding the provision of funds for meeting (54) the cost of carrying out certain repairs to the premises at DeLisle Road in charge of the Chief Storekeeper; and (55) the payment of arrears of salary to a teacher in Municipal Sankli Street English School.

56. Regarding the enforcement or otherwise of sanctions obtained for the removal of unauthorised works.

57. Regarding an additional grant to meet the extra cost in connection with the maintenance of motor trolleys of the Water Works Department.

Resolutions of the Improvements Committee—

58. Regarding the leasing out of an area in perpetuity in Scheme 6 Sion-Matunga Estate.

59. Regarding the lay-out of certain plots in Scheme 57, Sewri-Wadala Estate, etc.

60. Regarding the work of extending the Municipal school building at Foras Road, etc.

61. Regarding the change of user in respect of a plot in Scheme 52, Worli Estate.

62. Regarding permission for the construction of a floor below the ground floor of a building to be erected on a plot in Scheme 52, Worli Estate.

63. Regarding the condonation of the breach of certain Building Rules in respect of a building in Scheme 57, Sewri-Wadala (North) Estate

64. Regarding the construction of a sitting-out place on certain plots in Scheme 52, Worli Estate

65. Regarding the question of transfer of plots in Improvement Schemes, etc., leased for building purposes.

66. Regarding the assignment of a certain plot in Sandhurst Road (West) Estate.

67. Regarding the assignment of certain plots in the Wellington Lines Estate.

68. Regarding the acquisition of a portion of land at the junction of Maneckji Street and 3rd Koli Lane.

Resolutions of the Special Committees—

69. Regarding the revised estimate for providing public conveniences at Dharavi Village, etc.

70. Regarding the construction of a Cattle Pound at Municipal cost near the Tansa Lake.

71. Regarding the provision of cross-connections between Tansa and Vehar mains, etc., outside the City.

72. Regarding the purchase of one Sewer cleaner complete with accessories, etc.

73. Regarding the construction of an anti-tuberculosis clinic on certain plots in Suparibaug Estate.

74. Regarding the extension of the vegetable squatters' area at the Elphinstone Road Municipal Market, etc.

75-76. Regarding the establishment of a private market (75) in a locality of Grant Road; and (76) at Chhaktyachi Wadi, Tardeo.

77. Regarding the use of the reclaimed Parel Tank site as a playground.

78. Regarding the issue of licences under the provisions of the Bombay Prevention of Adulteration Act.

79. Regarding the question of amending Corporation Procedure Rules so as to require a Councillor moving an adjournment of the House at the commencement of a meeting to assign reasons therefor.

Schools Committee's letters—

80. Forwarding the Revised and Recast Budget of the School Fund for the year 1941-42.

81. Forwarding a quarterly list of the unanswered references from the Corporation.

82. Reporting on an application from the Hindi Hitaishi Pustakalaya for taking over charge of their library at Gokhale Road, South.

83. Regarding the maximum of the admissible expenditure per pupil for assessing grants to aided schools.

84. Regarding the framing of a bye-law for vesting in the Schools Committee the power of sanctioning budget transfers.

Communications from the Commissioner—

85. Forwarding a list showing the breeding places of Malaria-carrying mosquitoes detected in July 1941.

86-90. Reporting on applications for gratuity, etc., from or on behalf of certain ex-Municipal employees.

91. Forwarding the Monthly Analytical and Bacteriological Reports on the Bombay Water Supplies.

92. Forwarding quarterly statement of motor vehicles taxed and exempted.

93. Government letter—Regarding the reappointment of Mr. M. D. Ehat, I.C.S., as Municipal Commissioner for a further period of three years.

94. Letter from the Hon'ble Sir Homi Mody, K.B.E.—Thanking the Corporation for their Resolution appreciating his services to the City.

95-96. Letters from (95) Mr. Surajmal Shivnarain Nemani on behalf of Mr. Umadutt S. Nemani; and (96) Dr. J. N. Choksy—Applying for leave of absence from the Meetings of the Corporation.

Communications from the Municipal Secretary—

97. Submitting a statement of references pending before the Committees of the Corporation.

98. Submitting a list of Resolutions calling for reports from the Commissioner which have not been received.

99. Submitting a statement of Interpellations remaining unreplied to by the Commissioner.

100. Report of the Committee of the Corporation—Regarding the question whether the B. E. S. & T. Co. Ltd., can ply their tram-cars solely for advertisement purposes.

101. Confirmation of the Special Committees' Proceedings.

102. Schools Committee's letters—Forwarding printed copies of the Committee's Proceedings.

Notices of Motions—

103. From Mr. M. I. Rowjee—Regarding the desirability of holding the competitive examination for recruitment to the clerical, etc., service during the fair season, etc.

104-105. From Mr. Keshao Ganesh Tambe—For (104) renovating the masonry work of approaches of the Tilak Bridge; and (105) planting shady trees at Shivaji Park.

106. From Mr. Mahomed Umar Rajab—Regarding the desirability of imparting religious instruction to Muslim students during school hours.

107. From Mr. D. V. Pradhan—For obtaining the Commissioner's report on the grant of dearness allowance to Municipal employees drawing Rs. 150 and less per month, etc.

108. From Mr. Naushir C. Bharucha—Regarding Air Raid Precautionary Measures for the protection of Municipal properties, etc.

109. From Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai—For obtaining the Commissioner's report on the feasibility of establishing a Municipal Public Relations Department, etc.

110-112. From Mr. Gordhandas G. Morarji—For (110) preparing a scheme to encourage interest among the Municipal employees in the working of the various Municipal departments and (111-112) organizing (111) an Aquarium in the City; and (112) a "Hobbies Exhibition" of specimens prepared by Municipal employees.

113. From Mr. D. V. Pradhan—For increasing dearness allowance paid to Municipal employees from Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 per mensem.

114-118. From Mr. B.J. Deorukhkar—For (114) obtaining the Commissioner's report on the measures for preventing periodic occurrence of small-pox; (115) taking measures for enforcing licence conditions in respect of milch cattle stables, etc.; (116) formulating a scheme of a hospital for medical relief, etc., to motherless children; (117) inviting the attention of the Police Commissioner to the demand of exorbitant fares by hack victoriawallas at night; and (118) making penal the offence of indiscriminate ejection of sputum, etc.

119-120. From Mr. M. V. Donde—For (119) opening a Hindu Cemetery in the Colaba locality; and (120) appointing a Committee to report on the Audit Notes on the Schools Committee's accounts, etc.

121-122. From Mr. M. O. E. Patel—For (121) giving preference to the candidates of the minority communities in the matter of appointments to various posts in the Municipality; and (122) obtaining the Commissioner's report on the desirability of reserving certain percentage of admissions for the Muslims and Backward Classes in the Seth G. S. M. College.

123-124. From Dr. G. R. A. Sheikh—Regarding (123) the question of giving the benefit of the old instalment promotion rule to certain teachers in Municipal schools; and (124) the advisability of modifying the orders relating to the disposal of fees charged for analysis of samples submitted by private parties in the Municipal Laboratory.

125. From Mr. B. G. Parelkar—For obtaining the Commissioner's report regarding the Amendment of Section 143(1) of the Municipal Act for removing the liability for payment of property taxes by occupiers in case the premises are held by them immediately from the Corporation.

By Order of His Worship the Mayor
S. N. DAMLE,
Municipal Secretary.
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 23rd September, 1941. (6143)

THE MOGUL LINE LIMITED.
formerly known as
THE BOMBAY & PERSIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

LOST OR MISLAID

Original certificates in respect of four shares Nos. 32151/32152 & 32165/32166 of the above Company, standing in the joint names of Jassim & Ali, Sons of Mahomed Kanoo are reported to have been lost or mislaid. Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified within two months to the Registered Office of the Company 16, Bank Street Fort, Bombay, otherwise new certificates for the same will be issued to the above named owners. (6144)

NOTICE.

GRESHAM LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, LIMITED

THIS SOCIETY intends within about a month from date hereof to issue a fresh policy in lieu of one numbered 283760 dated the 17th July, 1911, on the life of Mr. Nathnabhai Doowarkadas which has been reported as LOST Any one having any interest or claim thereto should immediately apply to:—

H. C. H. HIGHTON.
Manager,
Gresham Life Assurance Society Ltd.,
P. O. Box 444, Bombay. 2419

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that my clients, THE BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY, have agreed to purchase from Bai CHANDAN, widow of Soni Bapalal Gordhandas, the under-mentioned property. Any person or persons having any claim or right by way of inheritance or mortgage, gift, trust, possession, lease, lien or otherwise should make the same known to the undersigned at his Office at Cruickshank Road Municipal Head Office, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise he she or they will be precluded therefrom.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land of Quit and Ground Rent tenure now redeemed, situate, lying and being at Bomanji Street in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 66 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 9138, Cadastral Survey No. 830 of Fort Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A. Ward No. 2425, Street No. 18 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by C. S. No. 831 owned by Bai Cooverbai Hargowan Runchhod and another, on or towards the West by C. S. No. 825 owned by Najamal Munchershaw Wellington and on or towards the North by C. S. No. 827, owned by Halimabai, widow of Khatri Juma Moosa and others and C.S. No. 829 owned by Allibux Hyderalli and on or towards the South by Bomanji Street.

Dated this 22nd day of September, 1941.

MANBHOY B. MANIAR,
Purchasers' Attorney. 6135

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that my clients, THE BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY, have agreed to purchase from Bai PIROJ BYRAMJI ENGINEER and Bai BEHERU BYRAMJI GORDHAN, the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having any claim or right by way of inheritance or mortgage, gift, trust, possession, lease, lien or otherwise should make the same known to the undersigned at his Office at Cruickshank Road Municipal Head Office within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise he she or they will be precluded therefrom.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land of Quit and Ground Rent tenure now redeemed, situate, lying and being at Bomanji Street in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 44 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 9140, Cadastral Survey No. 824 of Fort Division and in the books of Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A. Ward No. 2423, Street No. 22 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by C. S. No. 825 owned by Bai Najamai M. Wellington and another, on or towards the West by C. S. No. 819 owned by Mahomed Cassum and Jusub Cassum, on or towards the North by C. S. No. 823 owned by Lilavati Vandravandas and on or towards the South by Bomanji Street.

Dated this 22nd day of September, 1941.

MANBHOY B. MANIAR,
Purchasers' Attorney. 6137

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that AL HAJJA KHURSHID KHANUM, widow of the late Mr. Cassamally Jairazbhoy, HASSANALLY CASSAMALLY and HOOSEINALLY MOOSABHOY VISRAM have contracted to sell to our client the properties described in the first and second schedules hereunder written.

All persons having any claim against or to the properties by way of inheritance, mortgage, gift, sale trust, lease, lien, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 13-19, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece of land situate on the West side of the Colaba Causeway on the Esplanade in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay which has been computed to contain as to the portions thereof coloured green on the plan drawn on the said Indenture of Lease seven hundred and fifty square yards or thereabouts and as to the remainder thereof one thousand and fifty square yards or thereabouts making a total area of one thousand and eight hundred square yards or thereabouts and which is bounded on the North by Plot No 13 Wodehouse Road Estate, on the East by the said Colaba Causeway, on the South by Plot No. 15 of the said estate and on the West by the said Elphinstone College Students' quarters which said piece of land is known as Plot No. 14 Wodehouse estate and is delineated on the said plan being thereon surrounded by a red boundary line and which said piece of land forms portion of the lands vested in the Board for the purposes and subject to the conditions in the said Act provided and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No 9561 and Cadastral Survey No. 446 part of Colaba Division and are assessed by the Municipality under A Ward No. 885(7), Street No. 30-42 and were formerly vacant and are in the occupation of the Lessee and tenants and known as Rehem Mansion No 1.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece of land situate on the West side of the Colaba Causeway on the Esplanade in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay which has been computed to contain as to the portions thereof coloured green on the plan drawn on the said Indenture of Lease seven hundred and fifty square yards or thereabouts and as to the remainder thereof one thousand fifty square yards or thereabouts making a total area of one thousand and eight hundred square yards or thereabouts and which is bounded on the North by plot No. 14, Wodehouse Road Estate on the East by the Colaba Causeway aforesaid on the South by the Police Lines and on the West by Government land which said piece of land is known as Plot No 15, Wodehouse Road Estate and is delineated on the said plan being thereon surrounded by a red boundary line and which said piece of land forms portion of the land vested in the Board for the purposes and subject to the conditions in the said Act provided and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No 956' and Cadastral Survey No. 446 part of Colaba Division and are assessed by the Municipality under A Ward No. 885/6), Street No 44-50 and were formerly vacant and are now in the occupation of the Lessee or his tenants and known as Rehem Mansion No 2.

Dated this 23rd day of September, 1941

DAPHTARY FERREIRA & DIVAN, Purchaser's Attorneys. (6142)

ELEVENTH WEEK

RANJIT'S
Mighty Spectacle
Big Beyond Words &
Magnificient Beyond
Compare

SHADI

Directed by: JAYANT DESAI
Daily at 4, 7, 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE

A PICTURE MEANT For YOUR HEART

GREAT INDIA PICTURES'

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MAZHAR KHAN & BIBBO

8th WEEK

LAMINGTON

Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.

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Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that my clients THE BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY have agreed to purchase from Bai NAJAMAI MUNCHERSHAW WELLINGTON, the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having any claim or right by way of inheritance, or mortgage, gift, trust, possession, lease, lien or otherwise should make the same known to the undersigned at his Office at Cruickshank Road, Municipal Head Office, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise he, she or they will be precluded therefrom.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land of Quit and Ground Rent tenure now redeemed, situate, lying and being at Bomanji Street, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 48 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Revenue under New Survey No. 9139, Cadastral Survey No. 825 of Fort Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A. Ward No. 2424 Street No. 20 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by C. S. No. 830 owned by Bai Chandanbai-widow of Soni Bapalal Gordhandas, on or towards the West by C. S. No. 824 owned by Bai Pirojbai Byramji Engineer and another, on or towards the North by C. S. No. 823 part owned by Lilavati Vandravandas and C. S. No. 826 owned by Ratilal Dayaram and on or towards the South by Bomanji Street.

Dated this 22nd day of September, 1941.

MANBHOY B. MANIAR,
Purchasers' Attorney.
6136.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that my clients, THE BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY, have agreed to purchase from Bai COOVERBAI HARGOVAN RANCHOD and Bai KASHIBAI DAYARAM NARAN, the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having any claim or right by way of inheritance or mortgage, gift, trust, possession, lease, lien or otherwise should make the same known to the undersigned at his Office at Cruickshank Road Municipal Head Office within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise he she or they will be precluded therefrom.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land of Quit and Ground Rent tenure now redeemed, situate, lying and being at Bomanji Street in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 50 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Lond Revenue under New Survey No. 9137, Cadastral Survey No. 831 of Fort Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A. Ward No. 2426, Street No. 16 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by C. S. No. 836, owned by Deochand Callianji and others Trustees of the Shravak Temple, on or towards the West by C. S. No. 830, owned by Chandanbai, widow of Soni Bapalal Gordhandas, on or towards the North by C. S. No. 829 part owned by Allibux Hyderally and C. S. No. 832 part, owned by Jamnadas Parbhudas and on or towards the South by Bomanji Street.

Dated this 22nd day of September, 1941.

MANBHOY B. MANIAR.
Purchasers' Attorney.
6134

LEPROSY & LEUCODERMA

Acute or Chronic, whatever extensive and however longstanding cured radically and permanently in four weeks. Complete satisfaction guaranteed, Particulars on request.

KAMALA WORKS,
(B|1), Panchpota, Bengal.

SELLER'S LOTUS HONEY

for all Eye TROUBLES even Cataract Safe, sure, World-wide reputed and tested. At all chemists. Literature free. Beware of imitation—insist on SELLERS.
KEMP & CO., LTD., Bombay.

STUBBORN HEAD COLDS

eased quickly by these healing vapours

Your stuffy nose opens up, your dull, achy head clears and stays clear when you melt a spoonful of Vicks VapoRub in a bowl of boiling water and breathe in the steaming medicated vapours. Use this treatment at bedtime and get rid of the clogging head-cold or catarrh mucus that so often keeps you awake and restless. For added comfort, also put a little VapoRub up each nostril.

HEAVY SPECULATIVE SELLING IN N. Y. COTTON MARKET

Expanding Crop Movement And Increased Hedging

CONFIDENCE IMPAIRED

BOMBAY, September 23.

On Monday the New York Cotton Market again weakened on heavy speculative and mill liquidation. Stoploss orders were reached and confidence is impaired.

Mr. Henderson announced a special policy for textile whereby the ceiling price of cotton grey goods and combed and carded yarns will be raised or lowered half a cent for every 45 points change in the price of Spot cotton.

The starting base of 43 cents a pound for standard cloth at 15.99 cents cotton means increasing the present maximum price of cloth one and half cents to 44.5 and Government is not at present planning to apply the system.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market declined on heavy Mill and speculative liquidation, hedging, the expanding crop movement and Russian week-end developments but rallied on increased trade demand, commission house and local buying encouraged by statements of a congressional leader in favour of 110 per cent parity level and a tropical storm moving from Louisiana to the Texas Coast but the bulge attracted renewed hedging and realising. The market finally declined on New Orleans selling and uncovering of stoploss orders and closed easy.

Good weather and anti-inflationist activity outweighed tex ile ceilings. Government's expert price cutting is not exactly a subsidy. Since 1937 cotton including five years carrying charges, cost the Government only around 12 cents compared with the lease price of 13.25c. per lb.

The market is temporarily lower on hedge selling and long liquidation with the result that confidence is impaired but liquidation is improving the technical situation of the market and price are reaching parity level. Thus we are entitled to a natural reaction any moment.

The New York cotton market opened at a decline of 26 points with October 16.70. There was steady buying and prices recovered to 16.94 which was the highest level. There was renewed selling and October declined to 16.57 which was the lowest. The market closed at a net decline of 32 to 44 points. Spot cotton prices closed 35 points down at 17.34c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was weak on heavy selling and closed at a decline of 39 to 45 points. Spot cotton prices were lowered 44 points at 16.26c. per lb.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest (12-19 p.m.) ..... 16.94—02

New York October lowest (3 p.m.) ..... 16.57—39

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends :—

New York : Heavy speculative and hedge selling. Market closed easy.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept. 22

October	16.57—39
December	16.76—32
January	16.81—40
March	16.97—42
May	17.09—44
July	17.13—40
Middling Spot	17.34—35

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Sept. 22

October	16.61—44
December	16.78—42
January	16.84—42
March	16.97—45
May	17.12—42
July	17.15—39
Middling Spot	16.26—44

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept. 22
11 a.m. call. Noon call

October	16.85	.....
December	17.05	17.14
March	17.25	17.33

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Sept. 22

Day's receipts at all U S Ports 18,000 bales

Indian Stock Exchange

Bombay, Sept. 23

Yesterday's steadiness on the market continued to-day and prices at first were inclined to move up somewhat further. Tata Deferreds opened at 2040 and after advancing to 2060 relapsed to 2040 Tata Ordinaries opened at 388 and touched 391 but towards the close stood at 384. Textiles also displayed an improving tendency in the early part of the session although the final rates were comparatively lower. Bombay Dyeings closed at 1195. Indian Irons ruled a little higher at 35-2.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day :—

Tata Deferreds (2045) 2040 60 40
Tata Ordinaries (388-8) 388 91 84
Tata Ordinary 384; Tata Deferred 2040; Indian Iron 35/2; Steel Corpn of Bengal 20/8; Bombay Dyeing 1195; Central India 350/10; Century 492/8; Gokak 225/14; Kohinoor 465; Simplex 134; Andhra Valley 1790; Tata Hydro 190/10; Tata Power 1760; Associated Cement 195/8; Belapur 230/10; Bombay Burma (old) 495.

Sales Of Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 23rd September 1941. Total amount offered was Rs. 379,50,000. Tenders at Rs 99-13-6 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-13-3 allotted approximately 56 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 2,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0-10-4 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Wednesday, the 1st October 1941. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 3rd October 1941. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 19th September, 1941, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 4,05,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay, Sept. 23

Yarn No 6 1/2s October 200 December 201 February 202 nominal

Yarn No. 10 1/2s October 229 December 230 February 231 nominal

Yarn No. 20 1/2s October 322 December 325 February 326

Yarn No. 40s October 530 December 535 February 540 nominal.

METAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Sept. 23

Copper sheets lb. 21 Rs. 96/8; 28 88/8; 35 88; 42 87/4; 49-56 86/4.

Brass sheets Flag Brand lb. 20-21 Rs. 104; 24 102; 28 101; 35 98; 42 97; 49-56 96.

Spelter 'P.H.' Rs. 54; Rosita Rs 52; Country make Rs. 43; Pigiead 'B.M.' Refined Rs. 24 per cwt.

Tin Ingot Penang Rs. 54/4 per qr.

Settlement rates :—

Copper sheets Posh Rs. 88/8;

Pigiead 'B.M.' Aso Rs 23/6; Magsar Rs. 23/10; Tin Ingot Penang Aso Rs. 53/5; Magsar Rs. 53/9.

Market tone :—Steady.

DROP IN COTTON PRICES

After the close of the cotton market on Tuesday, Broach A/M delivery declined to Rs. 246 and closed at Rs. 247/8 in the Mahajan Association.

LONDON GOLD

London, Sept. 22.

Gold Bars Fine per oz £8-8-0

LONDON SEEDS

London, Sept. 22.

Rozario Santa Fe September/October quoted 21/3

Barletta Russo September/October quoted 21

South Australian September/October quoted 27/6

LONDON RUBBER

London, Sept. 22.

London Smoked Sheets Standard ribbed per lb 13 3/4

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Sept 22

Broach A/M highest 259 lowest 255 1/4 closing 255 3/4

Oomra D/J highest 200 1/2 lowest 197 3/4 closing 198

Oomra March highest 196 lowest 193 1/4 closing 193 1/4

Bengal D/J highest 157 lowest 155 1/4 closing 156 1/4

Bengal March highest nil lowest nil closing 158 1/4

GROUNDNUTS AND SEEDS

Bombay, Sept. 23

Groundnuts February—			
Opening	.....	41	1 0
Highest	.....	41	6 0
Lowest	.....	39	13 6
Closing	.....	40	6 0
Cottonseeds January—			
Opening	.....	24	3 0
Highest	.....	24	5 0
Lowest	.....	23	14 6
Closing	.....	24	1 6
Castorseeds May—			
Opening	.....	39	4 0
Highest	.....	40	6 0
Lowest	.....	38	7 0
Closing	.....	38	10 0

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, Sept. 23

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales.	2 days	This year	Since 1st Sept. Last year
Khandesh			30
Central India	.....	447	.....
Barsi and Nagar	88	790	29
Berar	27	832	13
Central Provinces	292	1,375	.....
Total Oomras	407	3,444	72
Dholeras	344	4,457	118
N W Provinces	.....	246	.....
Rajputana	.....	18	.....
Sind-Punjab	303	6,086	9,924
Broach	.....	403	.....
Coompta & Dharwar	447	1,494	3,197
Westerns-Northerns	44	1,556	2,975
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	.....	2,980	.....
Total	1,545	20,684	15,286

American Cotton Weekly Statistics

(IN 1,000'S)

	Season to-date	This week	Season 1940-41
Total in sight (excluding linters)	1,242	274	1,182
Forwarded to American mills including other America (excluding linters)	1,239	149	778
Exports from U. S. ports	discontinued		116
Stocks at U S ports	—	3,140	—
Stocks at U S interior towns	—	2,132	—
Receipts at U S ports	584	114	783

BOMBAY METALS.

Bombay, Sept. 23

Yellow metal sheets	.....	Rs. 95	0 0
Copper sheets	.....	Rs. 88	8 0

Tone :—Steady.

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Bombay, Sept. 23

Linseed May	.....	8	6 3
Wheat January	.....	5	6 0
Wheat May	.....	6	5 9

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Sept. 22.

T T London on :—	
New York	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
Madrid	40.50
Montreal	4.43/4.47
Berne	17.30/17.40
Stockholm	15.85/15.95

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Sept. 23

LONDON :—
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 7/32 Two months.
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 1/4 Three months.
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 9/32 Four months.
B C. RATES :—
T T, 1/6 29/32; D D 1/6 29/32
Banks selling T T 1/6 15/16; D D 1/6 15/16
Banks buying T T 1/6d; D D 1/6 3/32
NEW YORK :—
Banks selling T T Rs 333 1/4 D D Rs 333 1/4
Banks buying T T Rs. 330; D D Rs. 328 1/2
Cross Rates Dol 4.02 1/2 3 1/2
MONTREAL :—
Banks selling T T Rs 303; D D Rs 303
Banks buying T T Rs 297 3/4; D D Rs 296 1/4
Cross Rates Dol 4.43/47
JAVA :—
Banks selling T T Gld 56 3/4; D D Gld 56
Banks buying T T Gld 57 1/2; D D Gld 57 1/2
Cross Rates Gld 7.58/62
JAPAN :—
Banks selling T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Banks buying T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Cross Rates Sh 1/2 1/2
BERNE :—
Banks selling T T Fcs 126 3/4; D D nil
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2; D D nil
Cross Rates Fcs 17.30/40
STOCKHOLM :—
Banks selling T T K 123, D D K 122
Banks buying T T K 128; D D K 128
Cross Rates K 15.85/95
SINGAPORE :—
Banks selling T T Rs 158; D D Rs 158
Banks buying T T Rs. 155; D D Rs 155
Cross Rates Sh 2/4 5/32 7/32
HONGKONG :—
Banks selling T T Rs. 85 1/4; D D Rs 84 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs 81 1/2; D D Rs 81 1/2
Cross Rates Sh 1/3 1/32
SHANGHAI—
Banks selling T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Banks buying T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Cross Rates Sh 0-3 3/16
MEXICO :—
Banks selling T T Rs 67.27; D D Rs. 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs 63.04; D D Rs 62.04
Cross Rates Pes 19.5 21.5
LISBON :—
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nom; D D Esc 7.35 nom
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55; D D Esc 7.55
Cross Rate Esc 99.80 100.20
NEW YORK :—
Cross Rate Dol 4.03 1/2
Tone of Sterling Exchange : Steady
Gold £8-8-0 Ready
New York Silver 34 3/4
London Silver 23 1/2 Ready; 23 7/16 forward

Money :—Call unquoted
2 to 3 months 1/4 per cent.
3 to 6 months 1/2 per cent
9 months 3/4 per cent
Tone :—Very easy

Rural Relief Measures In Baroda

COTTON IMPROVEMENT SCHEMES

The following schemes among others in connection with cotton are operated under the joint auspices of the I.C.C.C. and the State :—

(i) Cotton plant puller propaganda scheme for Baroda and Navsari districts has been in operation since 1935. It has been extended by two years. In the Baroda district 1,67,612 acres situated in five talukas involving 296 villages were handled. The area cleaned by pullers was 85 per cent as against 60 per cent in the previous year. The number of pullers sold was 4,830 as against 2,767 in the previous year. In the Navsari district the area cleaned was 1,05,055 acres situated in 187 villages of six talukas. The area cleaned was 73 per cent as against 49 per cent in the previous year and 1,994 pullers were sold.

(ii) Seed distribution scheme in the Navsari district :—450 cart loads of 1027 A.L.F. seed were supplied to Rajpipla State and 7,10,533 lbs. of A.B.C. grade seed were stored for use in the State. The total seed issue is estimated to be 9,82,410 lbs. sufficient for 63,000 acres. During the year 25,834 acres were put under this cotton of approved purity consisting of A.B.C. grades, and the produce was sold through the marketing office at Surat.

(iii) B.D. 8 cotton extension scheme :—This scheme began functioning from 1st April, 1939. The Dabhoi farm has been established to work it out. The total area under this type was about 13,000 bighas of which 376 bighas were under A and 12650 under B grades. In 1940-41 the area is expected to be 2,305 bighas under A and 8,368 under B grades.

Besides these there are important schemes maintained by the State, such as the Cigarette tobacco extension scheme.

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay, Sept. 23

Wheat January	.....	0	7 6
Wheat May	.....	0	12 6
Linseed May	.....	1	2 0
Groundnut February	.....	5	4 0
Castorseed May	.....	6	0 0
Cottonseed January	.....	2	2 0
Silver 1st settlement	.....	0	5 0
Silver 2nd settlement	.....	0	10 0
Gold 1st settlement	.....	0	4 0
Gold 2nd settlement	.....	0	8 0

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay, Sept. 23

Fine White Java sugar per cwt :—
September From Bond Rs. 12-0-0
African From Bond Rs. 10-2-0
Shipment June Rs. 9-8-0 F B H
Shipment September Rs. 9-4-0 F B H
Indian sugars ready :—
Ready (ordinary) Rs. 14-12-0 to 15-3-0
Ready (large grain) Rs. 15-4-0 to 15-10-0
Tone :—Steady.

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below New York May cent points at exchange 331 734

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, Sept. 22

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange :—

	Dollars
Electric Bond and Share dol 5 Pfd	60 1/2
Electric Power and Light Pfd	32 1/2
American Telephone and Telegraph	154 3/4
Western Union Telegraph	29
New York Central R R	12
New York Central and Hudson R R	
5 per cent Debenture 2013	55 1/2
Union Pacific	76
Dupont de Nemours	152 3/4
Eaton Manufacturing	33
National City Bank of New York	27 1/4
Australia 5 per cent 1955	74
United States Steel	56 3/4
Bethlehem Steel	68
Crucible Steel	40 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	28 1/4
Int Nickel of Canada	29
Chrysler Motors	58 1/2
General Motors	40 3/4
Socony	9 1/2
Consolidated Tin	6 1/8
Sears Roebuck	73 3/4
N Y Chicago and St. Louis 6 per cent Prefd	43 1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGES

London, Sept. 22

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£69 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£90 1/4
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£98 5/8
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£62
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£105 7/16
War loan 3 1/2 per cent	£105 11/16
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/1990	£115 5/8
Victory bonds 4 per cent	£112 5/8
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£9 3/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg)	£76
National Bank of India	£33

INCREASED SELLING IN COTTON MILL SHARES

Steel Shares Barely Steady

CLOSING TONE EASY

Bombay Sept. 23

The local share bazar was very steady at the opening and there was increased activity in Tata Steel shares which fluctuated rapidly. Cotton Mill shares which ruled firm yesterday found no support and higher levels attracted realising and quotations sagged. The tone of the market was quietly steady and general belief is constructive. The industrial outlook is favourable but in view of European war developments buyers are cautious.

Yesterday the Wall Street market was steady. U. S. Steel shares improved 1/4 at 56 3/4 and Anaconda Copper shares advanced 3/8 at 28 1/8. General Motors gained 3/8 at 40 3/4 dollars.

In the local market Tata Steel Defd shares opened at Rs. 2090 and under active buying advanced to Rs. 2112. At this level there developed general selling and prices reacted to Rs. 2092 but rallied to Rs. 2102. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 397 and after advancing to Rs. 402 eased off to Rs. 397. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1285 and sagged to Rs. 1271. There was further selling in Cotton Mill shares and Bombay Dyeings were quoted at Rs. 1255 while Tata Steel Defds were placed at Rs. 2097 and Ordinary shares weakened to Rs. 294. The tone of the market at close was easy.

TEXTILES

Bombay, Sept. 23

100	Ahmed. Advance	.....	337 0
250	BOMBAY DYEING	.....	1262 0
100	CENTURY	.....	518 0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	.....	381 0
100	COLABA	.....	211 0
100	Coorla	.....	140 0
250	David	.....	260 0
250	Dawn	.....	425 0
1	E. D. Sassoon Defd	.....	2 3 6
100	FINLAY	.....	234 8
100	GOKAK	.....	248 8
100	Hindustan	.....	2150 0
100	Indore	.....	192 0
100	Khatau	.....	215 0
100	KOHINOOR	.....	505 0
250	LAXMI	.....	623 0
100	MORARJI	.....	421 0
250	Model	.....	151 0
50	MYSORE	.....	132 0
100	NEW GREAT	.....	300 0
100	Oosmanshahi	.....	108 0
100	Phoenix	.....	345 0
25	Sassoon Silk	.....	80 8
1000	Sholapur	.....	4150 0
50	SIMPLEX	.....	148 8
100	SWADESHI	.....	400 0
100	SWAN	.....	227 0
500	Vishnu	.....	1422 0
1000	Western	.....	1350 0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	.....	115 8
25-50	Central	.....	48 6
500	Imperial	.....	1615 0
125-500	Imp. Conty	.....	398 0
50-100	India	.....	146 2
100	Reserve Bank	.....	112 0
5	Union	.....	7 8

CEMENTS

100	ASSOCIATED	.....	152 0

INSURANCE

10-50	British India	.....	12 0
100	Empire	.....	107 0
15-100	Jupiter	.....	16 12
20	Mercantile	.....	73 0
15-75	New India	.....	52 0
200	Oriental	.....	4475 0
15-50	Vulcan	.....	10 8

ELECTRIC

100	Ahm. Old	.....	186 0
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY	.....	1717 8
10	Ajmer	X.D.	12 2
50	BOMBAY TRAM	.....	153 0
100	Bombay Suburban	.....	181 0
10	Broach	.....	13 8
100	Karachi	.....	206 10
100	Poona	.....	21 8
100	Surat	.....	188 0
100	TATA HYDRO	.....	190 0
1000	TATA POWER	.....	1801 0

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Prantiji	.....	873 12
100	C. Province	.....	106 0
100	Dhond Baramati	.....	104 4
100	Gujarat	.....	165 0
100	Mandra Bhon	.....	107 0
100	Pachora Jamner	.....	95 0
100	Sara Sirajganj	.....	106 8
500	Tapti Valley	.....	662 0

MININGS

9	Burma Corp	.....	4 9
2sh	Indian Copper	.....	2 3 6
10	Indian Iron and Steel	.....	35 2
10	SHIVRAJPUR	.....	40 0
10	Mucuna Iron X.D	.....	14 0
30	TATA STEEL DEF	.....	2077 0
75	TATA STEEL ORD	.....	393 0
10	Steel Corporation	.....	20 6

MISCELLANEOUS

100	ALCOCK	.....	632 0
10	Air Services	.....	2 14
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	.....	249 0
200	Bombay Safe Dep	.....	650 0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	.....	375 0
125	B. Burma	.....	510 0
50	Burma Cont	.....	177 0
8sh	Br B Petrol	.....	3 8
100	IND BLEACHING	.....	142 0
50	Ind Invest Trust	.....	51 0
100	Indian Radio Def	.....	606 0
100	Indian Radio Ord.	.....	590 0
100	Port Canning	.....	93 0
30	PREMIER CON XD	.....	118 8
15	Scindia	.....	25 12
2½	Tata Oil	.....	57 4
10	Tata Chemicals	.....	15 6
100	Wimco	.....	216 0

PREFERENCE

7	p.c. Andhra Valley	.....	1570 0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	.....	313 12
7	p.c. Bom. Tram (T.F.)	.....	77 12
5	p.c. Central India (T. F.)	...	648 12
6	1/4 p.c Prem Const 1st	...	122 8
6	1/4 p.c. Prem Const 2nd	...	117 9
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	.....	165 10
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Power	.....	1660 0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	.....	215 0
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	.....	151 8
7	p.c. Vishnu	.....	737 8

DEBENTURES

4	p.c Andhra Valley Deb.	...	106 0
4	p.c. Bombay Telephone	.....	49 14
5	p.c. Morarji	.....	103 4
5	p.c. Sholapur	.....	71 6

Cash Quotations were as under:
BOM. DYEING 1200, CENTURY 491, CENTRAL INDIA 353, COLABA 185, FINLAY 208, GOKAK 229, KOHINOOR 465, MORARJI 407, MYSORE 141, NEW GREAT 269, PHOENIX 352, SIMPLEX 135, SWADESHI 367, SWAN 197, ASSOCIATED 149, ANDHRA VLY 1790, BOM. TRAM 148, TATA HYDRO 189, TATA POWER 1762, SHIVRAJPUR 35-0, TATA STL. DF. 2035, TATA STL. OR 385, ALCOCK 580, BELAPUR SUGAR 232, BOM. STEAM 339, BOMBAY BURMA 495, IND. BLEACHING 132, PREMIER CONST. 108.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

	1941-42	1940-41
F P Bales		
Receipts to date 22-9-41	617000	828000
Receipts yesterday 22-9-41	18000	18000
Export to date 19-9-41	.....	116000
Stock at Ports 19-9-41	3140000	2754000
Stock at Interior Towns 19-9-41	2132000	1943000
Stock at Liverpool 19-9-41	.....	.....
Visible Supply 19-9-41	.....	.....
Quantity in sight 19-9-41	1242000	1182000
Quantity out of sight 19-9-41	.....	.....

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Sept. 23

Bengal Fine	.....	149-52
Berar	.....	187-92
C. P. 1	.....	219-21
C. P. 2	.....	199-202
Khandesh	.....	132-47
Muglai	.....	162-67
Broach	.....	253-54
Broach Low	.....	251-54

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Sept. 23

Bombay Dyeing (1277) 1285 1270 1272 1266 1262
Century (518/12) 522 525 519 522 518
Central India (383) 385 378 381
Kohinoor (510) 513 514 506 510 506 505
New Great (302) 301 306 300
Simplex (151) 152 149/8 150
Swadeshi (405/8) 404 405 400 403 400
Associated Cement (153/8) 154 153/8 152/12
Tram (155/8) 153
Tata Hydro (191/14) 190
Tata Power (1805) 1820 1810 1807
T Steel Defd (2090) 2090 2115 2092 2102 2077
T Steel Ord (399) 397 402 396 397 393
Tata Steel 2nd Pfd. (151/12) 151/12 151/8
Bellapur (251) 251 250 254 250 249
B Steam (387) 375
B Burma (518) 521 522 510

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, Sept. 23

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan 97-14
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 98-0
3 per cen 195 54 Loan 99-13
3 per cent 1949-52 Loan 00 0
3-1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 103-4
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 110 9
4 per cent 1st Bonds 104 4
3 per cent War Bonds 102-0
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 Loan 114 8

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 111-8
4 per cent 1955/65 Mysore 116-8
5 per cent 1965 Mysore 127-4

CORPORATION DEBENTURE

4 per cent B P T 1947 110-4
4 per cent M Deb 194. 16
5 per cent M Deb 1956 116-1
6 per cent M Deb 1954 129 4
6 per cent K P T 1956 129 12
Tone : Steady

PEPPER & GINGER

Bombay, Sept. 23

Pepper ready	.....	93	0 0
Pepper Maha Sud 15	.....	94	8 0
Ginger ready	.....	37	0 0
Ginger Maha Sud 15	.....	30	0 0

A Simple WAY

TO A SMART APPEARANCE

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PROF. SEKHAR,
The Great Mesmerist & Zamindar,
ELLORE,
(MADRAS PRESIDENCY.)

WIDESPREAD THUNDER-SHOWERS

POONA, Sept. 23

There have been widespread thundershowers in Assam, North Bengal and Orissa and along north Madras Coast. Local thundershowers in Bihar, South Deccan, Mysore and Malabar and a few falls reported in South Bengal, East Central Provinces, East Gujarat and Southeast Madras.

Chief amounts of rainfall : Dhubri, Calcutta, Cuddapah two inches each; Dibrugarh, Khammameth, Trivandrum, Anantapur, Bellary, Vizagapatam one and a half each; Cuttack, Chitaldrug, Calingapatam one each.

Forecast until 24th evening : Thundershowers will be fairly widespread in Southeast Bengal, South Konkan, South Deccan, Mysore and along north Madras Coast and occur locally in Assam, North Bengal, North Deccan, North Konkan and Malabar. Elsewhere no large change in weather.—A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 23-9-1941.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.019 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 82.0 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.0 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 89.2 degrees (3.7 above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 79.2 degrees (3.6 above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 83 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. NE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 6 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 122 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 16 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 3

Rain in 24 hours 0.00 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 6.17 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 34.19 inches.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 23/9/1941

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 84.0 deg. F. a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.07 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.86 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

KANHAN WATER SUPPLY SCHEME FOR NAGPUR

Will Supply 10 Million Gallons Of Water In City's New Reservoir

NAGPUR, Sept. 22.

Near the Cantonment of Kamptee, ten miles from Nagpur, one of the three most up-to-date water works of India—has almost been completed—known as the Kanhan Water Works.

This water works is one of the schemes for making Nagpur

NEW YORK COTTON NINE POINTS UP

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES.

DECEMBER

New York: Sept. 23.

Previous closing	16.76
To-day's opening	16.84
Difference	+8
To-day's closing	16.85
Difference	+9

BROACH EXPECTATION.

Broach April/May ..... Rs. 249

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York: Sept. 23.

New York cotton displayed considerable strength following recent slump, consequently the uptrend was well maintained under scattered trade and local support with some outside buying. Trading in December began at 16.84, that is, 8 points higher than the last closing. Prices advanced on increased trade and local buying with some covering under which the renewal of confidence developed. Later, December advanced to 16.94.

Following are the New York opening ranges:—

October (16.72/70) 16.62/62
December (16.88/85) 16.84/84
March (17.13/10) 17.06/03

LONDON COMMODITIES.

London: Sept. 23.

SEEDS

Castorseeds September October (£20 1/2 quoted) £20 1/4 quoted
Linseed Bombay Calcutta Sept/October (£20 1/4 quoted) £20 quoted
Linseed La Plata October (£12 1/4 quoted) £12 1/4 quoted
Groundnut Coromanda Coast Sept/Oct (£18 1/2 quoted) £18 1/2 quoted

JUTES

Dundee September October (£60 nominal) £60 nominal
Lightning September October (£55 nominal) £55 nominal

RUBBER

Spot (13 3/4d value) 13 3/4d value
Forward Nov. (13 3/4d value) 13 3/4d value

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES.

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York: Sept. 23.

Previous closing	4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London: Sept. 23.

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

LONDON BULLION.

LONDON GOLD

London: Sept. 23.

London Gold (£8/8/0) £8/8/0

LONDON SILVER

London: Sept. 23.

Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d nil
Forward (23 7/16d) 23 7/16d nil

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 31/32) 1-6 31/32
Paris on Bombay not quoted
New York on Milan not quoted
New York on Bombay (30.33) 30.33
London on Shanghai (0-2 27/32 to 0-3 3/16) 0-2 27/32 to 0-3 3/16
London on Kobe not quoted.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
4 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent
6 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent.

BULLION AND SEEDS.

Bombay: Sept. 23.

There was no trading during the night session.

LONDON METALS

Tin (£256 1/4 buyers; £256 1/2 sellers. Steady) £256 buyers; £256 1/4 sellers. Quiet.
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 2 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

3 1/2 PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London: Sept. 23.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £96 3/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

London: Sept. 23.

5 per cent 1958/68 £104 1/2

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols £82 3/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £105 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £99 7/8
4 per cent Funding Loan £115 7/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £106
New York Loan £100 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds £112 5/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors 15-6
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 37-4
Electric Music Industry 12-6
Princhin Johnson 23-9
Imperial Chemical 31-9
Woolsworth New Ordinary 57-3
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates £77 1/2
Dundee 36-4
Unilever Ordinary 26-0
Ford Motors 21-6
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £62 3/4
British American Tobacco Ordinary £4 19/32
Carreas 'A' £5 11/32
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £5 31/32
P and O Def £7-4
Distillers 69-9
Bredfords Dye 6-4
British Celanese 5-0
J and P Coates 36-7
Courtaulds Ordinary 32-9
Fine Cotton Spinners 4-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary 16-10
Inter Nickel dol 41 1/2
Indian Iron 52-5

TEA SHARES

Assam Company 18-1
Donaro Tea 28-9
Empire of India 19-4

JUTE

Barnagore (£7) £7

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber 17-6
Gula Kelampong 15-7
Rubber Plant Inv Trust 28-3

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug 15-10
Burma Corporation 6-7
Rio Tintos £6
East Rand Properties £2 7/32
Rand Mines £7

MINE SHARES

Crown £10 7/8
Associated Portland Cement 56-3
Trinidad Leasehold 66
Sub Nigel £7 3/16
Spring Mines Split Shares £1 3/16
Union Corporation 151-3

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian 30-7
Anglo-India 40-7
Burma Oil £2 21/32
Mexican Eagle 10-4
Shell Transport £2 23/32
Royal Dutch £21 1/2

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary £4 1/4
London Midland Ordinary £15 3/4
London North Eastern Def £1 9/16
London Southern Defd £14 5/8
London Transport 5 per cent £123 1/2
London Transport £43

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

SPECULATIVES EASY TOWARDS CLOSE

CALCUTTA: Sept. 23.

The Share Market showed no material alterations to-day. Coals, Jutes, Cottons, Teas and popular Miscellaneous Industrials continued in fair request at about steady prices. In Engineering speculative issues eased off a little at the close. Bhartia Electric shares were in strong request. Government securities were unchanged.

Govt. Securities: 3 per cent Loan 1963/65 98/4 s lots; 3 1/2 per cent G P 96; 4 per cent Loan 1943 103/14; 4 per cent Loan 1960/70 110/10 s lot.

Banks: Central 48/8, Imperial fully paid 1613/8 s lots, Imperial Contg 398.

Cottons: Cawnpore Textiles 9/3, Dunbar 250.

Coals: Amalgamated 27/8, Bengal 362, Burrakur 14/14, Central Kurkend 16/2, Raneegunge 30, Standard 23/5, Talcher 1/16, Union 24 c-div s l, West Jamuria 38/12.

Jutes: Agarpara 32/12 s lot, Alliance 329/8 Angio-India 370, Bengal Jute 18/5, Birla 31/2 Caledonian 400, Cheviot 212, Gouripore 700, Rowrah 57, Hukumchand 12/12 s lot, Indid 363/8, Kamarhatty 520, Kanknarrah 426, Kinnison 594, Nuddea 70/8, Presidency 5/16.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 4/9, Consolidated Tin 2/11, Indian Copper 3/4, Rhodesia Copper annas 14, Assam Bengal Cement ord 10/8, Assam Bengal Cement defd 1/5, Agra Elec 150, Benares Elect 14/12 s lot, Lahore Elect 'B' 33/12, Muttra Elect 9/4, Batlis Elect Steel ord 16/13, Britannia Building and Iron 12/8, Britannia Eng 12/9, Burn and Co ord 430, Indian Galvanizing 31/8, Indian Iron 35, Indian Steel and Wire Products ord 57/8 ex-div, Indian Malleable Casting defd 3/14, Steel Corpn ord 20/3, Aluminium Corpn ord 14/2, B I Corpn ord 4/12, Calcutta Silk Manfg ord 10, Calcutta Trams ord 17/8, Indian Cables 28, Indian Rubber Manfg 28/8, Robtas Jute Industries ord 24/8 s lots, Walford Transport prefd ord 1/9, B B Petrol 3/12, Bengal Paper 144, India Paper Pulp 163 s lot, Mysore Paper 17/2, Orient Paper 15/3, Titaghur Paper ord 22/4, Assam Saws 4/5, Borooah Timber 18/14, Balrampore 10/9, Basti 8/8, Buland 22, Carew and Co ord 12/12 s l, Champaran 17/12, Dalmia Cement ord 14/15, Dalmia Cement pref 136.

Teas: Baradighi 45, Daurechera 13/8, Ethelbari 10/8, Tongani 6/8, Central Cachar 74 s lots, Teel Ali 16/12 ct Tukvar 12/12.

Debentures: 3 1/4 per cent 1958/66 Howrah Bridge 100/6.

Calcutta Share Market will remain closed from the evening of 24th September until the morning of 9th October on account of the Durga and Lakshmi Puja holidays.—A. P.

EXTENSION OF TERM OF VICEROY

BOMBAY, Sept. 23.

Referring to the announcement of the extension of the term of Lord Linlithgow as Viceroy of India,

The "Madras Mail" welcomes the decision and says that a change of Viceroys in the middle of a war (admittedly it was done in 1916) should be avoided unless there are very strong reasons which make it advisable.

The "Indian Express" says, "the extension of Lord Linlithgow's tenure of office is a grim reminder that Britain means and intends to perpetuate the present policy in India".

The "Statesman", Calcutta, considers that the arrangement is appropriate to the times.

The "National Herald", Lucknow states, "Lord Linlithgow whose intelligence like his sincerity was not much in doubt at any time, is in the tradition of Lord North. He may be with us long enough to see India break away from the British Empire. He may be the last of the British Viceroys."

The "Amrita Bazar Patrika" says: "to the popular mind, however, this further extension of term to Lord Linlithgow is an intimation that there is nothing doing, so far as India is concerned. It is difficult to say that this popular impression is absolutely baseless."—A. P.

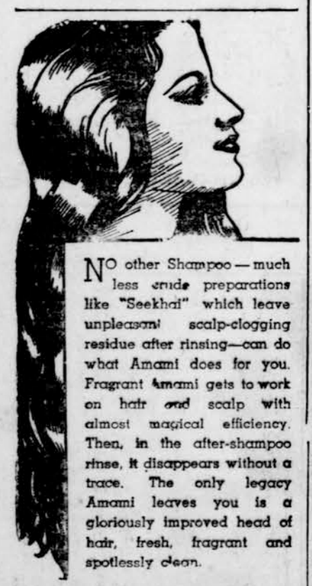
HOW WOMEN CAN WIN MEN AND MEN WIN

Respect of Other Men

Unless two pints of bile juice flow daily from your liver into your bowels, your food decays in your bowels. This poisons your whole body. You get yellow tongue, yellow skin, pimples, dull eyes, bad breath, bad taste, gas, dizziness, headache. You have become an ugly-looking, foul-smelling, sour-thinking person. Everybody wants to run from you.

Laxatives can't help, for they only move out the tail end of your bowels and that doesn't take away the decayed poison.

Only a free flow of your bile juice will stop this decay poison in your bowels. The one mild vegetable medicine which starts a free flow of your bile juice is Carter's Little Liver Pills. No calomel in Carter's. Only fine, mild, vegetable extracts. If you would bring back your personal charm, start taking Carter's Little Liver Pills according to directions today.



NO other Shampoo—much less crude preparations like "Seekhai" which leave unpleasant scalp-clogging residue after rinsing—can do what Amami does for you. Fragrant Amami gets to work on hair and scalp with almost magical efficiency. Then, in the after-shampoo rinse, it disappears without a trace. The only legacy Amami leaves you is a gloriously improved head of hair, fresh, fragrant and spotlessly clean.

Amami's wide range includes special Shampoo for dry, greasy or scurfy hair and Liquid Soapless Shampoo for those who prefer the liquid type.

AMAMI SHAMPOO

BOMBAY COLLEGES BAN STUDENTS' MEETING

It Is Killing Of Growing Movement, Says Federation

The General Secretary of the Bombay Presidency Students' Federation has issued the following statement:

"Notices have recently appeared in certain colleges saying that the students cannot have meetings, processions, demonstrations and strikes (including picketing) either inside or outside the college premises.

It is asserted that such activities will be considered as serious breach of discipline. Our meetings, processions and demonstrations do not usually interfere with the normal working of the colleges. To seek to ban these activities is simply attempting to suppress even the meagre civil liberties students are allowed at present. Such attempts to curtail our civil liberties under the threat of disciplinary action cannot be condemned enough.

Students go on strikes only under exceptional circumstances. They do so usually to register their emphatic protest against arbitrary and autocratic activities of the educational authorities or to register their support to some important national demand, or to demonstrate other intense feelings. Abstaining from the normal activities is the normal way of expressing such feelings, and the students do this when they go on strike. On the few occasions that they do, they expect the authorities to respect their feelings. If on the contrary the authorities take up a hostile attitude, as they are doing just now, it will only mean strife and disharmony between them and the students. We hope that the colleges will not be governed in this spirit.

ELEMENTARY RIGHT

Picketing, as we practice it, is peaceful persuasion by legitimate means. It amounts only to a form of canvassing. We hope that even in this country this elementary democratic right will not be denied to us.

There have been meetings and processions, strikes and demonstrations, in the past. Students have been exercising these rights for years. On the Independence Day every year we have had strikes and demonstrations to demonstrate our national sentiments. Never in the past have our Principals, and teachers opposed this. It is significant that they should find themselves compelled to do it just now, all at the same time.

The student movement in this city has advanced in big strides in the last few weeks. Students have grown much more conscious of their rights. At this moment these notices represent an attempt to kill this growing consciousness. We are sure that the student community will refuse to be terrorised by such methods, and will assert its fundamental right to express its opinion and ventilate its grievances and to hold meetings, processions and demonstrations and to observe strikes in exercise of this right. We call upon the students in every institution where such a notice has appeared to express their protest against it.

Mr. Ahuja For Toronto

AMRITSAR, Sept. 23.

Mr. M. R. Ahuja, who has been appointed Indian Trade Commissioner in Canada, has left Amritsar 'en route' to Toronto.

Mr. Ahuja was India's Trade Commissioner in Italy until her entry into the war.—A. P.

The convocation of the University of Calcutta for the year 1942 will, it is understood, be held on February 28 next.

RANGOON, Sept. 22

Another contingent of Indian troops has arrived for the defence of Burma.—A. P.

"OVERSEAS BADGE" TO INDIAN TROOPS

SIMLA, Sept. 23.

All N.C.O.'s, other ranks and enrolled non-combatants of the Indian Army and equivalent ranks of the States' forces, will be awarded an Overseas Badge when they return to India from any Overseas theatre of operations, it is announced.

Struck in bronze, circular and in corporating the Star of India and the word "Overseas", this badge will be worn by those entitled to it on all occasions in India, whether in uniform or in mufti. On return to service Overseas, however, the badge will not be worn.

The issue of these badges will be the responsibility of Unit Commanders Overseas and the record offices of units. To ensure that all Indian personnel entitled to the badge do receive it on their arrival in India, all units Overseas with Indian ranks on their establishment have been instructed to explain to all men, prior to their leaving for India, that if for any reason they do not receive the badge within a month of their arrival, they should apply direct to their Officer Commanding, Record Office who will then issue them.—A. P.

Bhopal Nawab Visits War Prisoners' Camp

BHOPAL, Sept. 23.

H. H. the Nawab of Bhopal visited a prisoners of war camp this morning. He was conducted round the camp by Maj.-Gen. Sir Deshwood Strettel, administrative commandant.—A. P.

ROM. BRANCH ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY: A meeting of the Society will be held in the Society's rooms to-day (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. when a lecture on "Mediaeval Armour of India" will be delivered by Baron R. J. de Touche-Skadding. Original specimens from the lecturer's collection will be exhibited. The lecture is open to the public.

RELIEF COMMITTEES FOR MAHARASHTRA FAMINE AREAS

Will Render Assistance To Districts Where Kharip Crops Failed

POONA, Sept 22.

At the first meeting of the Maharashtra Provincial Famine Relief Committee held in the Congress House yesterday under the chairmanship of Mr. D. R. Gadgil to find out ways and means to extend all possible succour to the areas affected by the failure of rains and crops in some parts of Maharashtra, it was decided after reviewing the agricultural situation in general to appoint similar committees in the districts.

It was also decided to call for detailed information from the districts and to render immediately all possible assistance to those districts where kharip crops have failed and which do not grow any subsequent crops.

An Executive Committee was appointed and was empowered to deal with urgent matters.

The Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee has sanctioned a grant of Rs. 100 towards the expenses of the committee.

Prof. D. G. Karve has been co-opted as a member of this Committee.

Emergency Recruitment To I. M. S.

SIMLA, Sept. 23.

The Conference to consider the question of recruitment of licentiates to the Emergency Branch of the I.M.S. Indian Cadre met in Simla to-day under the chairmanship of Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Gordon Jolly, Director-General of the Indian Medical Service.—United Press.

Breaches On E. B. Railway

Owing to breaches over the E. B Rly. between Sompeta and Pathsala on the Lalmonirhat-Amingaon section, the mail for and from Assa are subjected to delay, states a Press Note issued by the Presidency Post Master, Calcutta on Tuesday.

MUNICIPAL VOTERS' LIST PREPARED

Elections In February 1943

Although the next municipal election for the city of Bombay will take place in February 1943, preparations are in progress already in the municipal office to make the Election Roll complete. It is expected that it will cost about Rs. 6,00,000 for which provisions will be made in the next budget.

At present, there are 19 wards while in the next election, the city will be divided into 36 wards. The elections will take place on the adult franchise system for which Voters' Lists are already prepared and the Municipal Commissioner has invited claims of those whose names are not included in the lists. So far 70 claims have been received by the Election Officer. A Municipal Councillor, it is understood, has taken one thousand claim forms stating that fairly a large number of his voters have been omitted.

Arbitration In Trade Disputes

MADRAS, Sept. 23.

"The Government proposes to undertake legislation to provide for compulsory arbitration and get it through with as little delay as possible; but it cannot yet be said when the Government will be in a position to bring the legislation into force", says a Communication addressed by the Government in reply to the President of the Madras Provincial Trade Union Congress, who sought elucidation of certain points in the terms of reference on which arbitration is proposed to be based in the dispute between the City bus-workers and owners.

The General Council of the Trade Union Congress will meet to-night to consider the Government's communication.—A. P.

Ellichpur Mill Strike

NAGPUR, Sept. 23.

According to a report reaching here, about 1,500 operatives of the Textile Mill at Ellichpur have struck work. Mr. R. S. Ruikar, President of the Provincial Textile Union has proceeded to Ellichpur on receipt of the report.—A. P.

Mr. Rowjee On Slum Clearance

Mr. M. J. Rowjee writes:—

I have seen the report of discussion of the Municipal Corporation on slum clearance, appearing on page 2 of to-day's (23rd Sept.) issue of your paper. I find that you have missed the real point in my speech. The impression created by your report is that I am totally against slum clearance, which is not a fact. What I did was to put forward certain constructive suggestions for the clearing of slums in the city, but I find no mention whatever of these suggestions in your report. I hope you will correct the report, so that a wrong impression may not be created in the mind of the public about my views on the subject.

Polish Relief Fund

Certain adverse criticism having appeared in regard to the administration of the Polish Relief Fund, the Polish Relief Committee announces that at its last meeting in Bombay on the 17th September, 1941, these statements were thoroughly investigated. The Committee is completely satisfied that the criticisms are irresponsible and without justification. The committee is of the unanimous opinion that there has been no racial discrimination whatsoever in the administration of the Fund.

By a unanimous vote the committee expressed its entire confidence in the Polish Consul-General, Dr. E. Banasinski, and in Madame Banasinska and placed on record their thanks for, and their appreciation of, their untiring help and co-operation.

CIVIC ADDRESS TO NAWAB OF BHOPAL

Peshawar City Fathers' Move

PESHAWAR, Sept. 23.

Khan Aligul Khan, President of the Peshawar Municipal Committee, has received a resolution from Municipal Commissioners, including Hindus, for presenting a welcome address to His Highness the Nawab of Bhopal, who is reaching Peshawar on October 3, on behalf of the citizens.

It will be recalled that the Nawab gave a donation of Rs. 25,000 to citizens who suffered when the Police opened fire on a Pathan mob on April 23, 1930, during the Civil Disobedience days.

The resolution, which will be discussed on September 26, is not to be opposed by any party or individual.—United Press.

M. D. BHAT'S TERM EXTENDED

The Government of Bombay has reappointed Mr. M. D. Bhat, I.C.S., as Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay for a further period of three years, with effect from December 15, 1941.

Working Class Cost Of Living Index

During the month ended Sept. 15, the working class cost of living index number for Bombay with the average prices for the year ended June 1934 equal to 100, was 129—two points lower than in the preceding month. The index number for food articles declined by 7 points to 146.

Pleader Ordered To Quit Junagadh

RAJKOT, Sept. 23.

Mr. Gautamlal Vyas a pleader in Junagadh has been ordered to leave the state under the Foreigners Act. The reason for this order has not been given.—A. P.

Bombay War Gifts Fund

For Lord Mayor's Relief Fund: Rs. 300 Christ Church and Barnes Ex-Students' Club.

For R.A.F.: Rs. 5,000 the Bank of India, Ltd. Rs. 1,000 Mr. and Mrs. A. Geddis.

For Armoured Carriers for the Indian Army: Rs. 5,000 the Bank of India, Ltd.

Grand total on Tuesday: Rs. 67,71,176/5/9.

Egyptian Consulate

The Royal Consulate of Egypt at Bombay, while presenting their compliments to all Muslim brethren throughout India for the advent of the month of Ramaan, inform that their office hours during the said month will be from 10 a.m. to 2 p.m. only.

Electoral Lists Of Trade Unions

The electoral lists of the undermentioned constituent trade unions have been prepared and will be kept open with effect from Tuesday September 23, for inspection by any member of the constituent trade unions or any other constituent trade union at the following places: the Office of the Registrar of Trade Unions for the Province of Bombay, Secretariat, Fort, Bombay; the Collector's Electoral Office, Town Hall, Fort, Bombay. They will also be exhibited at the places mentioned against the names of the Unions below:

THE G. I. P. RAILWAYMEN'S UNION

1 Office of the Union, 2nd Floor, Neptune Building, 166 Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. 2 Branch Office of the Union, Victoria Terminus, Bombay. 3 Branch Office of the Union, Parel. 4 Branch Office of the Union, Wadi Bunder. 5 Branch Office of the Union, Matunga. 6 Mamlatdar's Office, Kalyan. 7 Station Master's Office, Kalyan. 8 Branch Office of the Union, Kalyan. 9 Mamlatdar's Office, Igatpuri. 10 G. I. P. Railway Indian Institute, Igatpuri. 11 Branch Office of the Union Igatpuri. 12 Municipal Office, Manmad. 13 The Office of the Village Officer, Manmad. 14 Station Master's Office, Manmad. 15 Branch Office of the Union, Manmad. 16. Mamlatdar's Office, Bhusawal. 17 Chavdi Building, Bhusawal. 18 Branch Office of the Union, Bhusawal. 19. Branch Office of the Union, Lonavla. 20 Mahalkari's Office, Dhond. 21. Loco Shed, Dhond. 22 Branch Office of the Union, Dhond. 23 Branch Office of the Union, Sholapur.

THE M. & S. M. RAILWAY EMPLOYEES' UNION

1. Office of the Union, Unity House, Perambur, Madras. 2 Mamlatdar's Office, Hubli. 3. Branch Office of the Union, Station Road, Hubli. 4 M & S. M. Railway Workshop, Hubli. 5 Station Master's Office, Hubli. 6 Mamlatdar's Office, Belgaum.

Any person aggrieved by any entry or omission in the list is required to submit an application in writing to the Registrar of Trade Unions for the Province of Bombay, Secretariat, Bombay, not later than seven days from September 23, stating the grounds of his claim or objection.

Any applicant aggrieved by the omission of his name in the list must establish in support of his claim that he is 21 years old, is a British subject, has resided in the Province of Bombay for not less than six months, was not employed wholly or mainly in a clerical, supervisory, recruiting or administrative capacity, was a member or official of the Union for not less than 12 months prior to May 31, 1941, was not in arrears of subscription on that date and is employed within the Province of Bombay.

Any person objecting to an entry in the lists must produce the necessary evidence in support of his objection.

Bengal Table Tennis Championship

CALCUTTA: Sept. 23.

The Singles title of the Bengal Table Tennis Championship was won this evening by V. Sivaraman, of Madras, the All-India runner.

The tablecrafts of Sivaraman paid him in the end.

The following are the results:—

MEN'S SINGLES: V. Sivaraman beat R. E. Morton 19/21, 21/14, 16/21, 21/18, 21/12.

JUNIOR SINGLES: Kumar Ghosh beat Amiya Chakraverty 21/18, 17/21, 21/20, 21/18.

WOMEN'S SINGLES: Miss A. Nag beat Miss N. Ezra 18/21, 21/19, 21/20, 21/15.

MEN'S DOUBLES: Sivaraman and Hossain beat Guha and Ghosh 21/16, 21/16, 18/21 19/21, 21/12.—A. P.

BR. TEAM WINS CUP.

BHOPAL: Sept. 23.

A British military team won the Central India Nizar Football Cup, beating an Indian military unit by four goals to one in the final, played here this evening.—A. P.

BHAGINI SAMAJ NAVARATRI SAM-MELAN

There will be Bhagini Samaj Navaratri Sammelan in aid of the Flood Relief Fund at Sunderbai Hansraj Hall, Churchgate, on Monday, the 29th at 6 p.m. (S.T.). Rates Rs. 2. Re. 1 and Annas 8. Programme: Garbas and dances. Tickets can be had at the Bhagini Samaj Office.

Position Of Andhra Valley Power Supply Company Greatly Strengthened

"GREATER OUTPUT AT PRESENT THAN SHOWN IN DIRECTORS' REPORT"

Reviewing the working of the Andhra Valley Power Supply Company Limited, during the past year, the Chairman of the Company at the annual general meeting of the share-holders on Tuesday, September 23, 1941, said:—

Gentlemen,

The Annual Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1941, having been in your hands for the prescribed period, I propose, with your permission, to take them as read.

I believe that shareholders will have found in the Directors' Report all information which might be of interest to them, to supplement the information contained in the accounts themselves. If, however, there are any points on which additional information is desired, I shall do my best to supply it.

LARGER OUTPUT

Again we have to record a satisfactory year of progress. The present rate of output is even larger than that shown in the Directors' Report, as, although many of the mills were able to work double-shift by July 1940, the textile industry did not begin to experience the stimulus of war supply orders and overseas demand until much later in that year. Even so, the total number of units sold by your Company was almost 50 millions in excess of the previous year and reached a record figure. So long as the present trading conditions arising out of the war continue, the operations of your Company, and of our two sister Companies, are likely to remain at a very high level. When considering the future, however, it must be borne in mind that a good deal of the present increased demand for electrical energy is of a temporary character and is not likely to subsist, at least to the same extent after the war.

DEBENTURES AND BORROWINGS

In my speech last year, I reviewed the position in respect of our debenture and other borrowings and explained the substantial reductions made therein as well as in interest charges. The Directors' Report contains further particulars of the financing operations completed during the past year, from which you will see that prior charges have been further reduced through repayment and cancellation of senior securities and that the position of the Company has thereby been greatly strengthened and improved. Shareholders will appreciate the importance of this improvement having been achieved during a period when the average return per unit sold was steadily decreasing through rate reductions to the Company's consumers. The chart included in the Directors' Report will give you a measure of the extent that the rates charged to consumers have been reduced in recent years.

With these remarks, Gentlemen, I beg to move, that the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1941, be and are hereby adopted.

The annual report of the board of directors with statements of accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1941, were unanimously adopted

A dividend of 7 per cent., (subject to deduction of Income-tax) was declared on preference shares. A dividend of Rs. 45 per share free of income-tax, was declared on Old Ordinary Shares.

Mr Tricumdas Gordhandas Khatau, The Hon. Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy, and Sir Ardeshir Dalal, were re-elected as directors.

Wiltshire Regiment Carries Away Gossage Cup

W. I. A. A. Defeated By Three Goals To One

Little interest was evinced by the fans in the contest between the two losing semi-finalists of the Rovers Cup, the Wiltshire Regiment and the W.I.A.A., although there were trophies at stake and the match was being played to help a charity. The stands were very thinly populated and there was little enthusiasm in the proceedings.

The Wiltshires got the better of their rivals by three goals to one. It was an excellent day for the barefooted players but the W.I.A.A. forwards played too much of a selfish and individual game to be really useful. They frittered away several golden opportunities. Had they made use of some of them, they might have turned the tables on their opponents.

There was some dirty play to mar the day's sport. Narayen, the inside-left of the W.I.A.A., was rather conspicuous in this respect. As a result of one of his trippings, one of the Infantry players sustained a fracture in the leg and had to be carried away on a stretcher.

WILTSHIRES LEAD.

Within five minutes from the kick-off Wiltshires secured a lead through their centre-forward, Earl. The automobilemen had a good chance of equalising soon after, but Dhakuram threw it away. Even exchanges prevailed for a while. Lynn, the W.I.A.A. custodian was called upon to defend his charge several times during this period and he acquitted himself creditably. But his vis-a-vis was never worried due to the futile attacking methods of the Automobilemen. Before the interval arrived Taylor the Infantry left winger, reduced the score to two.

After resumption, the Infantrymen continued pressing and Earl registered the third goal for his side. A little later the accident abovementioned took place. Swamy, who was responsible for some good flank movements, put Narayen in possession in the Wiltshire penalty area. The latter made no mistake in shooting the fortress down. Although the Automobilemen tried hard to get on even terms with their opponents they failed to score again.

RESULT

WILTSHIRE REGIMENT 3 goals.
W.I.A.A. 1 goal.

TEAMS.

WILTSHIRE REGIMENT: Maisey; Grubb and Norres; Dixion, Nutland and Curtis; Denny, Osbourne, Earl, Maslen and Taylor

FINAL

W.I.A.A.: Lynn; Faria and Bailey; Baptiste, Chander and Govind; Swamy, Vajravelu, Reddy, Narayen and Dhakuram.

REFEREE, H. C. Hallows.

PRIZE DISTRIBUTIONS.

At the conclusion of the game Mr. D. Moir, President of the W.I.F.A., announced that about Rs. 200 had been collected during the day and this sum would be added to the sum of Rs. 2,200 collected before.

Mrs. G. C. Mitter then gave away the trophies to the winners and runners-up.

TO-DAY'S ROVERS CUP FINAL.

5-30 p.m. Mohamedan Sporting holders, vs Welch Regiment.

WAR FUND BRIDGE DRIVE

Another of the Bridge, Mah Jongg and Rummy Drives under the auspices of the Ladies' Committee of the Bombay War Gifts Fund, is to be held at the residence of Lady Blackwell, Rhystone, Pedder Road, on Thursday, Oct. 9, from 4-30 p.m. till 8 p.m.

Forms can be had from Lady Blackwell to whom forms may be returned and to whom contributions may be sent. Light refreshments will be served and there will be numerous prizes. There will be a small bar, where drinks will be available. The charge is Rs. 2/8 per head.

Forms may also be had from Mrs. Billimoria, Mrs. Queenie Captain, Mrs. Gibbings, Mrs. Greaves, Mrs. Low, Mrs. MacIntosh, Mrs. Magnusson, Mrs. Pether and Mrs. Willson.

MAN MOHAN BEATS IFTIKHAR AHMED

Big Tennis Surprise In Baroda

BARODA: Sept. 23.

Excellent tennis and a very big surprise—these were the features of to-day's programme in the All-India Covered Court Championships.

Ghaus Mahomed and R. N. Pandit accounted for S. N. Misra and M. A. Young respectively in a businesslike fashion, to earn the right of contesting the first semi-finals, while Man Mohan nosed out a redoubtable opponent in Iftikhar Ahmed after a gruelling struggle winning by 3/6, 6/3, 6/2, in the other semi-final. M. V. Bobbjee awaits the winner of the tie between Khasu Sen and Man Mohan, which will be decided to-morrow morning.

The following are the results of the matches decided to-day:—

MEN' SINGLES: Man Mohan beat Iftikhar Ahmed 3/6, 6/3, 6/2

QUARTER-FINALS: Ghaus Mahomed beat S. N. Misra 6/1 6/0.

R. N. Pandit beat M. A. Young 6/0, 6/3.

MEN'S DOUBLES: Iftikhar Ahmed and S. S. Indulkar beat C. W. Barker and R. N. Pandit 11/13, 6/3, 6/2.

QUARTER-FINALS: Khasu Sen and S. N. Misra beat D. G. Desai and N. S. Bhodhan 6/3, 6/3.

Ghaus Mahomed and Man Mohan got walkover a pair.

Iftikhar Ahmed and S. S. Indulkar beat J. Charanjiva and Prem Pandhi 6/1, 5/7, 6/2. —A. P.

ARYANS DRAW WITH MYSORE BLUES

LUCKNOW: Sept. 23.

In the I.F.C. Shield Tournament this evening the Aryans from Calcutta drew with the Mysore Blues, the score being one goal all. The match was played at great speed and provided excellent football. At interval neither side had scored.

The Mysore Blues had the better of the exchanges, but could not score. Till 10 minutes from the close there was no scoring when the Aryans' inside left opened the score with an excellent shot. The Mysoreans replied within five minutes. Their outside left scored the equaliser with a brilliant shot, completely beating the Aryan goalie.—A. P.

Nagpada Neighbourhood Boxing Tournament

Results of last Saturday's matches:—

Master J. Ralph, beat Cadet P. Balaram.

Master Q. Robius, beat Cadet P. A. Joseph.

Cadet M. D. Gaynor, beat Master Y. Howard.

SENIOR FLY WEIGHT CONTEST.

M. Nissim, beat App. Art P. J. Reilly.

Cadet N. S. G. Drane, beat Master S. Joseph.

SENIOR CATEN WEIGHT CONTEST

App. Art C. J. Satur, beat Mr. J. Carvalho

Cadet F. H. Jellicoe, beat Master A. Shohet.

Master M. Solomon, beat Cadet P. A. Zaveri.

Madras Cricket Association

MADRAS: Sept. 23.

At a meeting of the Madras Cricket Association, held to-day Dr. P. Subbaroyan, presiding, Mr. C. R Pattabhiraman was elected to represent Madras Cricket Association on the Working Committee of the Board of Control for Cricket in India for the year 1941/42.

The meeting unanimously passed a resolution congratulating Mr. C. P. Johnstone on his election as Vice-President of the Board of Control for Cricket in India.—A.P.

WAR FUND CRICKET IN BARODA

Baroda, Sept. 23

Mr. Angelo Moses, Hon. Secretary of the Baroda Y.M.C.A., arranged a cricket match in aid of War Funds, between Ladies and Veterans last Saturday. The Ladies won by 7 runs.

Scores:—Ladies: 35 (Miss Chauhan 5; Miss Vakharia 5; Miss Joshi 4; Miss Cama 4) and Veterans: 28 (P. Wadia 14; Kumar Shree Mohd. Sadiq 7).

Leela Chitnis
HITS THE TOP
and ENTERTAINS YOU
with SONGS, & DANCES
in
CHITRA'S MAIDEN FILM
Kanchan
with ARUN, MUBARAK, PRAMILA, VIMLA VASISTA
★
Director: MANIBHAI VYAS
★
4th WEEK
From TOMORROW
AT
IMPERIAL
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Mats. at 1-30 on Sat., Sun. and Holidays

RACY ROMANCE! SPICY FUN ! !
—And All Because of the Three Bachelors Out To Get The Same Bride—
SARASWATI'S Rollicking Marital Comedy
Navardev
Screen Play PRINCIPAL ATRE
Direction: DADASAHEB TORNEY
Starring: SUMATI GUPTE, DEEPAK, DINKAR KAMANNA, MRS. CHITNIS, VIJAY SENJIT, and VATSALA KUMTEKAR
2ND WEEK OF Packed Houses At
MAJESTIC
DAILY 4, 7, 9-45 p.m.
A 'Swastik India Ltd.' Release

Smash the Records
Is Now Chitra's Motto!
11th Victorious Week!
RANJIT'S Superb Production
"PARDESI"
with MOTILAL, KHURSHID & SNEHPRABHA
Director: MR. CHATURBHUJ DOSHI
Daily: 4, 6-45, 9-45 p.m.
CHITRA
Vincent Road, DADAR

EXCELSIOR
4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

BOMBAY & SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Aswin Sud 4, 1997
Muslim: Ramzan 2, 1360
Parsi: Farvardin 20, 1311
Sunrise: 6h. 28m.
Sunset: 6h. 34m.
Hightide: 1-42; 13-46
Lowtide: 7-36; 19-54
THURSDAY: 25th Sept.
Municipal Corporation: 3 p.m. (B.T.)

MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMMITTEE: The adjourned meeting of the Schools Committee originally held on 17-9-1941 and since adjourned, will be held at the Corporation Hall to-day (Wednesday) at 4 p.m. (B.T.)

LOHANA KANYASHALA FESTIVAL: The annual Garba festival of the Lohana Kanyashala will be celebrated to-day (Wednesday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.) at Kandevadi, Kanbai's Wadi. Mr. Nanji Kalidas Mehta will preside.

PROPERTY OWNERS' ASSOCN.: Annual general meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the hall of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Lalji Naranji Memorial Building, near Churchgate Station.

POSTAL NOTICE: The Chamarbaug Post Office will be shifted from the present building to the new premises situated at Suparibaug Rd., Parel, Bombay, on Sunday, the 28th Sept. 1941. It will transact business in the new premises from Monday, the 29th Sept. 1941.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: A public study class on the subject of "The Theosophical Mahatmas" from 'The Key to Theosophy' by H. P. Blavatsky, will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 5-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, opp. Flora Fountain.

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30-6-30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045
LAST DAY!
Maisie was a Lady
starring Ann SOTHERN with LEW AYRES
TOMORROW!
M-G-M'S MIGHTIEST OUTDOOR EPIC!
ROBERT TAYLOR as BILLY THE KID with BRIAN DONLEVY
in Technicolor

SILVER JUBILEE WEEK OF
To-day at 1 p.m. ZENANA SHOW FOR LADIES!
New Theatres' Magnetic Hit!
LAGAN
MINERVA Daily 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.

Entering in its 8th Week
From TODAY
NATIONAL STUDIOS'
SISTER
Starring: SHEIKH MUKHTAR, NALINI JAYWANT, HARISH, KANAIYALAL, HUSNA BANU
Direction: MEHBOOB
TO-DAY AT
PATHE
DAILY AT 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

LAST 2 DAYS!
REGAL To-day 2 Shows 6-30 & 10 p.m.
Alice FAYE · Don AMECHE · Carmen MIRANDA
★ 'THAT NIGHT IN RIO' IN TECHNICOLOR!
NEXT FRIDAY
IN THE NAVY
New LAUGHS! New SONGS!

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"The Great Lie". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"That Night in Rio". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Maisie Was A Lady" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Affectionately Yours." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Birth of a Baby". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Akela". Daily at 4-30, 7 15 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Sister". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Naya Sansar". Daily at 3-30, 6-45 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Charano-ki-Dasi". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Lagan". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Kanchan". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Shadi". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Amrit". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
CHITRA—"Pardesi". Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Navardev". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
PALACE—Daily Change of Programme. Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Zorro's Fighting Legion". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NOVELTY—"Padosi". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN).

Bandra taxi-drivers went on strike on Sunday afternoon as a protest against the action taken by the Railway Police

It is alleged that a taxi plying from the Bandra Railway Station was stopped in the Bandra Station limits owing to an excess of passengers. The extra passenger, it is understood, was only a child, but the Railway police would not let the taxi continue its journey. The passengers were allowed to alight and soon nearly all the taxis plying in Bandra collected near the office of the District Superintendent of Police along Ghodbunder Road.

This being the last Sunday of the Bandra Feast, the public was put to great inconvenience The D.S.P., I am told, sympathised with the taxi-drivers, but showed his regret at not being able to interfere in the matter as the action taken was that of the Railway police.

KHAR ACTIVITIES

On Sunday the Khar A.R.P. Force was visited by Mr. D. Symington, Joint Secretary to the Government of Bombay (A.R.P.) accompanied by Mr. A. Patterson, Hon. Chief Controlling Officer, A.R.P., Bombay Suburban District.

The visitors were received by Mr. R. G. Nayak and Prof. V. G. Rao, who introduced the visitors to the other members.

Inspection of Warden's Post and A.R.P. drill demonstration was witnessed.

GOVT. SERVANTS JOIN A.R.P. SERVICES

In response to the recent appeal of H. E the Governor of Bombay for the enrolment of 20,000 volunteers for the Air Raid Precautions Services, 1,556 Government servants in Bombay City, including its suburbs and the adjoining portion of Thana District, have already joined or have volunteered to join.

SREE SANKARA MUTT, MATUNGA: Navaratri Utsavam will be celebrated from to-day (Wednesday) to Tuesday, the 30th Sept. There will be daily Navavarna Pooja with Laksharchana. Lectures on religious subjects have been arranged.

PALAN SOJPAL BUILDING NAVRATRA MAHOTSAVA, DADAR: There will be a public lecture by Miss Kapila Khandwala on the subject "Present Education" to-day (Wednesday) at 9 p.m. in the compound of the above building.

SOUTH IND. ASSOCN. (Ladies' Section): Navaratri celebrations in the Asthika Samaj, Matunga to-day (Wednesday) at 8-30 p.m. Miss Sundari Ramanan vocal, Mr. Krishnaswamy Violin and Mr. Anantharama Bhagavathar Mridangam.

SPINNING COMPETITION

Under the auspices of the Khadi and Village Industries Board of the B.P.C.C. a Spinning Competition will be held on Sunday, the 28th inst. between 3 and 4 p.m. (S.T.) at the People's Jinnah Hall, Congress House. Competitors are requested to bring Charkhas and slivers will be supplied by the Committee.

HARIJAN SEVAK SANGH BOM. PROV. BOARD: Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Harijan Sevak Sangh and Vile Parle Congress Committee a public meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at Shraddhanand Ashram, Vile-Parle (East) to celebrate "Gandhi Jayanti." Shri. Jaysukhlal K. Mehta will preside.

THE VICTORY STALL AND CAFE

At Mahendra Mansions the Victory Stall and Cafe are still hives of industry. Upto the end of August the Victory Stall had sent Rs. 9,500 to the Fund and Cafe's contribution for their first month was Rs. 932. The organisers of the Stall have decided to run a small raffle every month and Mr. Berko, the well-known photographic artist, will do a photograph portrait of the winner free as his war contribution.

The Victory Cafe is the most cheerful and comfortable place in Bombay to go to for morning coffee and for tea and ices.

MEN MADE OLD

by mysterious Gland troubles. According to statistics 65 out of every 100 men sooner or later are started on the road to premature old age by prostate gland trouble. An unfailing remedy for vitality. The Roman Tonic Pills—a wonderful Tonic of life giving nectar has been prepared from the best, choicest and richest vegetable drugs. It has wonderful properties in toning up the system. In fact it makes man a man. This valuable medicine is used in large quantities not only by our Sirs, Knighthood Raja, Maharajas and many of the nobility, aristocracy and gentry in this country but it is greatly patronised by people in all countries. We recommend to it especially to those persons who desire to guard against debility and is also recommended to those who have any faith in the Ayurvedic medicines. Per bottle containing 40 pills Rupees 8-8 only.

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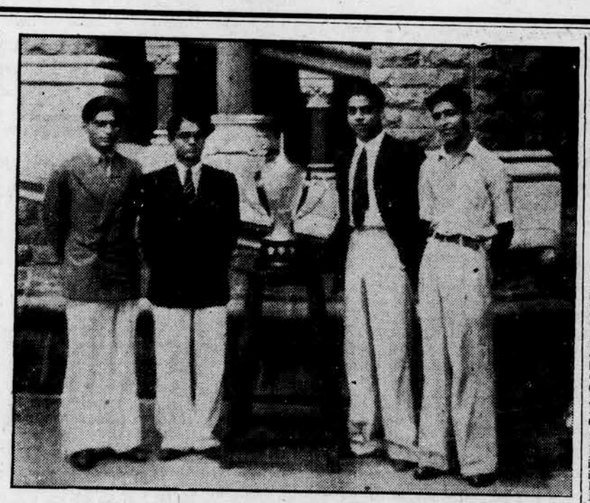
P. O. Dhari, Kathiawar, India.



The D. N. Sirur Trophy Inter Collegiate Debate was held on Saturday evening at Convocation Hall under the presidentship of the Hon. Mr. Justice M. C. Chagla, Photo ahows the Prize winners and runners. (From left) Mr. R. A. Zakaria (Law) won 1st Prize Mr. S. K. Daru (Elphinstone College) 2nd Prize and Mr. P. D. Kasbekar (Elphinstone) and Mr. Rushi Billimoria won 3rd Prize.

WHY NO DELEGATE TO I. L. O. CONFERENCE

"The statement announcing that Government of India has decided not to send any workers' delegate this year to the International Labour Office conference to be held in New York on October 27, on the ground that no suitable delegate has been available, is misleading," says Mr. N. M. Joshi, M.L.A. (Central), General Secretary of the All-India Trade Union Congress, in a statement to the press.

Mr. Joshi adds that, "The correct statement should be that there was a difference between the All-India Trade Union Congress and the Government of India regarding the choice of a Labour delegate.—A. P.

Joshi & Sir Firoze Khan

(From Our Correspondent).
SIMLA, Sept. 23.

It is understood that Mr. N. M. Joshi will attend the coming International Labour Conference at New York in his capacity as member of the Governing Body.

Sir Firoze Khan Noon is also a member of the Governing Body but though he is reported to have left England for America on way to India. It is not known whether he will stay for New York Conference.

When Noon Will Take Charge

SIMLA, Sept. 23.

It is learnt that Sir Feroz Khan Noon will take charge of the Department of Labour soon after the Government of India moves down to Delhi.—A. P.

Preparing For Direct Action

(From Our Correspondent).
AHMEDABAD, Sept. 23.

It is reliably understood that the Municipal staff is organising for direct action in connection with the dearness allowance if demand is not granted before October 1.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, member of National Defence Council is arriving here on September 30.

Ruikar Withdraws Resignation

NAGPUR, Sept. 22.

Mr. R. S. Ruikar Associate-Member of the Textile Enquiry Committee, who recently resigned has withdrawn his resignation.

Mr. Ruikar says that the Government has agreed to examine at Government expense the Berhanpur and Ellichpur workers, which was made a condition of his co-operation with the Committee by the "Council of Action". —A. P.

PLIGHT OF PEASANTS
Notice To Pay Dues Causes Anxiety

(From Our Correspondent.)
DHRANGADRA, Sept. 23.

Inspite of money collected years ago in the name of "Butta" rights, giving land to peasants in perpetuity, notices have been served calling on them to pay State dues on land. This has caused great anxiety among the peasants.

After resignations of nominated Municipal members no step has been taken by the State in the direction and its administration runs as usual.

Malaria is raging all over the State.

The new Dewan Rao Bahadur M. R. Trivedi is gaining good popularity among the people.

CHEMICAL WORKERS ON STRIKE

The Secretary of Bombay Chemical Workers' Union writes:

Workers of the Zandu Pharmaceutical Works Ltd., Dadar, have resorted to strike from Monday morning.

The Chemical Workers' Union had made a representation to the owner on behalf of the workers a month back. The owner did not reply to it. Thereupon, Mr. V. B. Karnik, as authorised by the general meeting of the workers held on 24th last, wrote a fresh letter to the owner. That letter was also not replied to.

The workers have out forth the following demands: (1) Higher dear food allowance to counter-act the rise in prices (2) One month's pay as bonus for the year 1940. (3) Malpractices prevalent in certain departments should be enquired into and stopped. (4) Discontinuance of the employment of new hands on piece work rates (5) Abolition of the card system and other new devices. (6) Stoppage of transfers of workers from one department to the other, and (7) Incorporation of the wage increase granted since January 1940 in the basic wage.

About 250 workers including women are involved in this strike.

At the end of the first day of the strike, the workers of the Zandu Pharmacy, Dadar, assembled in a meeting on Monday last at 6 p.m. when Mr. Tajuddin Ajmeri presided.

It was reported that the workers requested the lorry drivers not to give their services to the owner who tried to carry out of the factory the goods; and the drivers complied with request of the strikers. Thus the working of the factory was completely paralysed. The owner declared that if the workers did not resume work by Tuesday, he would treat them as resigned and new workers would be engaged.

Dr. M. R. Shetty and Mr. S. M. Durve addressed the meeting.

Throughout the night, volunteers were on watch to see that no goods were taken out of the factory.

On the Tuesday morning. M/s. S. M. Durve and Raghuvir Bodake were present at the factory gates. The strike is continuing.

High Court

TRUSTEES REMOVED

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Chagla.)

Byramji Muncherji Tata and Anr. ..... Plaintiffs.

Shapurji Ruttonji Tata and Ors. ..... Defendants.

The Defendants were the present trustees of a Deed of Settlement made by one Muncherji Shapurji Tata, since deceased, in respect of a property known as Tata Mansion at Gowalia Tank Road as well as Government Securities and shares. The defendants who were partners in the firms of M. R. Tata and Co. and R. S Tata and Co. came into financial difficulties and the plaintiffs alleged that in order to pay their losses they misappropriated Rs. 2,60,000 belonging to the trust estate. The plaintiffs who were beneficiaries under this settlement were two sons of the settler.

His Lordship on being satisfied of the breach of trust ordered that the Defendants be removed from trusteeship that the plaintiffs along with one Nusserwanji Bhicaji Patel be appointed the new trustees. His Lordship further ordered the Defendants to account for the moneys on the footing of wilful default and directed that the interests of Defendants 3 and 4 in the trust estate be impounded to make good the loss to the trust estate.

Mr. N. P. Engineer with Mr. H. E. Pardiwalla instructed by Messrs Lam and Co. appeared for the Plaintiffs.

Appellate Court Reiects Baha'i Petition On Name

AFFIRMS REFUSAL TO RESTRICT USE OF SECT'S DESIGNATION.

The Appellate Division affirmed unanimously yesterday a previous Supreme Court ruling that no one has a right to monopolize the name of a religion and that followers of a religion can not be restrained from practising their beliefs because of the objections of organized practitioners of the same faith.

The Assembly and seven trustees of the Baha'is of the United States and Canada and the Spiritual Assembly of the Baha'is of New York brought action originally in Supreme Court in an effort to enjoin Mirza Ahmed Schrab Persian poet and director of the New History Society, and Mrs Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler, wife of the former Lieutenant Governor of New York, founder of the society, from using the word Baha'i in connection with the sales of books, and in meetings or classes Mr. Schrab and Mrs. Chanler also operate a book store under the name of Bahai Book Shop, at 828 Lexington Avenue.

Mrs Chanler formed the New History Society after she broke with the so-called authorized Baha'is twelve years ago. The Baha'i religion was founded nearly a century ago by Baha-O-Llah, a Persian prophet, with international peace as its principal aim. Justice Lonia A. Valente dismissed the original complaint in Supreme Court.—"New York Herald Tribune" (June 20)

GANDHI JAYANTI
To-day's Public Meetings

Public meeting at Fort, near Fire Brigade, at 8 p.m. (S.T.) under the auspices of the "A" Ward D.C.C.

Public lecture at Rambaug, C.P. Tank, by Shri. Vaikunth L. Mehta, organised by the Bhuleshwar D.C.C. at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.)

Ashram Bhajans and popular songs at Rambaug, under the auspices of the Bhuleshwar D.C.C. after the public meeting is over.

ON THE AIR

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 24

Bombay 1—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Subtleties. 8-5 News in Hindustani. 8-15 News in English. 8-25 War talk in English. 8-40 News in Marathi. 8-50 News in Gujarati. 9 Freedom Front and a People's World: Talk in Guja. 9-5 Amanat Ali. 12-30 p.m. Sentimental songs. 12-45 Classical music. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 For the film fans. 1-20 Mutual Understanding. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch Hour Music. 4-15 School Broadcast. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 Ahalya Bai. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Amanat Ali. 6 News in Eng. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Surdasji Bhajan. 6-20 Local news and announcements in English. 6-25 Same in Hindustani. 6-30 Pramila Bai. 6-45 Allah Ragha. 7 War Diary by M A Husain. 7-15 Ahalya Bai. 7-30 G.G. Kharadkar. 7-45 Instrumental music. 7-50 Freedom Front and a People's World: Talk in Marathi. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 News comment in Eng. 8-45 Radio Reconnaissance. 8-50 The month in Economics: Talk on economic review of India and abroad. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in Snglish. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-45 War commentary. 9-55 Listening Post: German propaganda points exam. 10 Gujarati choruses. 10-15 Shridhar Parsekar: Violin with Tambora and Tabla. 10-30 Pramila Bai.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Jhika Roy. 8-15 Ahalya Bai. 8-25 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 Thumri on Sarinda. 8-50 Ghalib's Ghazal 9 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1 12-30 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 4-15 to 5-20 As in Bombay 1. 5-20 to 6-35 Comments on Rover's Cup Tourney by Talyarkhan. 6-35 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 7-55 As in Bombay 1. 7-55 Amanat Ali. 8-25 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 A I R Orchestra. 9-10 Pramila Bai. 9-20 Ninu Mazumdar and Party. 9-30 Dustan Roberts: Bass. 9-40 The London Philharmonic Orchestra. 9-50 Gerda Loefy: Pianoforte. 10-5 Julia Wortmann: Soprano. 10-15 Mehli Mehta: Violin.

Delhi 1—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

4-30 p.m. For Indian troops in the Far East. 5 Nasir Khan. 5-20 Do Geet. 5-35 M. Siddiq. 5-45 Akhtar Jahan Akbarabadi. 6-15 For Women. 7 Abdul Ghani. 7-15 Who would have Believed It? 7: Talk in Hindustani on the return of Haile Selassie. 7-30 E. Roberts. 7-45 For Villagers Only. 8-30 Books I have been reading: Review. 8-45 Akhtar Jahan Akbarabadi. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-45 It has happened, or Violin recital. 9-50 Ghulam Tareed. 10 Nasir Khan. 10-15 Thumri aur Ghazal. 10-30 Akhtar Jahan Akbarabadi.

Dispute Over Cremation Ground For Harijans At Vile Parle

(From Our Correspondent)

Vile Parle, Sept. 23

For the last three months, the suburb of Vile Parle has been agitating against the action of the Trustees of the Hindu Cremation ground, in refusing the Harijans to cremate their dead on the same ground. The trustees were approached after the incident of a Harijan boy whose dead body was not allowed to be cremated there in July last; but the trustees have been adamant.

The public intend to call a public meeting on this issue as the local Municipal authorities too, have not moved in the matter so far.

Before treatment

LIVER AND SPLEEN TROUBLES IN CHILDREN

of which fever, dull eyes and complexion, loss of appetite, constipation or diarrhoea, offensive stools, abdominal distension, peevishness, jaundice, etc., are the symptoms, demand prompt treatment with

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Acclaimed the greatest medical triumph Jammi's "Liver Cure" has saved the life of thousands of children during the last 36 years.

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The Bombay Chronicle

RUSSIA'S APPEAL

There is little fresh news of the progress of operations on the Russo-German front. But according to a Swiss report, a leading Fascist paper of Milan believes that after Germany's latest successes in Russia there will be a pause when the Russian winter sets in, during which Germany will endeavour to make political capital out of her victories. "The limit of the German advance during 1941 is expected to be the railway lines linking Leningrad and Moscow and Kharkov and Rostov." This would mean that the Germans feel they cannot go further than the Donetz basin, a very vital industrial area. It is possible because the Nazis have suffered so heavily that they need a fairly long period for licking their wounds. But the Milan paper's forecast may also be a deliberate Axis attempt to dupe Britain and America into complacency and to check the flow of aid to Russia. For, more than the Donetz and Don basins, the Nazis need the Caucasus and they probably fear that prompt assistance to Russia on an adequate scale may effectively and even disastrously baulk them of their main objective.

In this connection the remarkable speech delivered by M. Maisky, the Russian Ambassador, in London is very timely. He made clear the determination of his country to see that the war on the eastern front would not be at a standstill either in autumn or winter. The Soviet people, he said, did not base their views on doubtful calculation about "General Winter" or "General Mud" whose importance had been considerably minimised as a result of the development of the modern technique in war. They have no illusions about the present position. The Germans have suffered very heavy losses and their plans of crushing Russia within a few weeks has been upset. Nevertheless, as M. Maisky said, hard facts proved that the German war machine was still strong and Russia was facing a tense and difficult situation. And their task has been made specially difficult because owing to the occupation of important industrial districts by the enemy, they have been obliged to evacuate a number of factories and plants and to start them on their new sites will naturally take some time. But time is the most important factor in the fight against the Nazis. Hence the need for immediate and urgent aid to Russia in the shape of material. "The Soviet people" M. Maisky is justified in declaring, "have a right to expect that co-operation as they are fighting heroically—men, women and children—not only for themselves but for the freedom and security of other countries." Britain and the U. S. A. must redouble their efforts to see that the materials Russia needs are supplied without delay.

Indian Currency And Banking

Three important publications have recently been issued by the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay. These are: (1) "Functions and Working of the Reserve Bank of India," (2) "Statistical Tables relating to Banks in India and Burma for the years 1939 and 1940" and (3) "Report on Currency and Finance for the year 1940-41". These publications, taken together, are calculated to give to the interested reader a fairly good idea of recent developments in, and the present position of, Indian currency, banking and finance. The Reserve Bank deserves to be congratulated on its extremely informative bulletin on the functions and working of India's central banking institution. The booklet gives a brief history of the inception of the Bank, describes its internal organisation and explains its activities in relation to Central and Provincial Governments. It throws instructive light on the working of this bank of banks with reference to the regulation of the country's currency, credit and foreign exchange. Chapters of the bulletin dealing with scheduled and non-scheduled banks, the Bank's weekly statements and balance sheets and its agricultural credit and exchange control departments, supply valuable information. Very few people have a clear idea as to what the Reserve Bank is expected to do and what it cannot do, in the field of the extension and control of national credit. The booklet will remove a good deal of the misunderstanding that prevails on the subject and will prove helpful to businessmen and to the general public in understanding the objects and the operations of the Reserve Bank.

"Statistical Tables relating to Banks" is a continuation in an improved form of the old publication that used to be issued on the subject by the Department of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics. Detailed information relating to all classes and types of banks, including co-operative banks, has been compiled in this publication. Statistics of capital and reserves, deposits and investments, of scheduled and non-scheduled banks and large and small classified banking institutions, are given in a number of tables which afford interesting material for comparative study. Information regarding bank failures and branches and offices of banks is also given. This is a thoroughly useful publication.

The third publication issued is a report on Indian Currency and Finance for the year 1940-41. It contains the usual information relating to the country's foreign and inland trade, balance of trade, prices of commodities, expansion and absorption of currency, remittances, internal and external, bullion markets, public debt and other features of the country's currency and public finances. The report will be read with special interest since it throws useful light on the position of Indian currency and exchange in the midst of war conditions. How the Indian money market reacted to war-time limitations and restrictions, how Government managed their financial resources and how the trade and industries of the country fared in the course of the year, all this has been brought out in the numerous statistical tables compiled and the explanations given to clarify the situation.

Racial Bar In South Africa

While Indian soldiers in their thousands are shedding their blood in defence of the African outposts of the Empire and while imperial statesmen, including General Smuts, are profuse in their laudation of the valour and valuable services of these soldiers, the treatment of the nationals of this country and other colonial born Indians in South Africa continues to be as humiliating as ever. Reports come from Durban of Indian soldiers not being allowed to board a bus there, though it was not full—because of the presence in it of some Whites! On another occasion two Indians boarded a bus and found the "non-European" seats all occupied by Europeans and the front seats, which were reserved for Europeans, unoccupied. The Indians, who asked the conductor to suggest to some of the Europeans to move on to the front seats were peremptorily told to leave the bus and further remonstrance on their part elicited merely the insulting remark "go and have a wash". So long as the Union Government persists in its anti-Indian legislative and other measures and so long as the Government of India tamely put up with such humiliating treatment, Indians in the Union will be at the mercy of every White tyro dressed in brief authority. Mr. Aney, who has gone out of his way to shoulder the responsibility of ensuring the welfare of his countrymen overseas, has now an opportunity to justify the wisdom of the step he recently took.

EFFECT OF ROOSEVELT'S BROADCAST

By WICKHAM STEED (in a recent B. B. C. talk)

As I listened to President Roosevelt's broadcast, I was conscious of a curious background of memories. Memories of the room in the White House from which the President was speaking and memories of President Wilson's declaration of war against Germany on April 6, 1917.

The political and military effect of this historic pronouncement has been momentous. Its moral effect will be even greater.

Throughout the British Commonwealth and Russia, actively fighting the war for freedom, the assurance of swifter victory will redouble confidence and effort. Through the oppressed peoples of Europe a new thrill of hope will run. Hitler's partners and dupes will feel a chill foreboding of coming disaster.

President Roosevelt's broadcast brings greater, and for the enemy grimmer, clearness into the outlook. It opens a window on the future, a future to which the principles of the Atlantic Charter will be applied after the final destruction of Nazi tyranny.

In its bearing upon the present and the future, the President's broadcast is more than a speech. It is a mighty executive act. But people like me who have no executive responsibility, may perhaps be allowed to indulge in a little retrospection and to look back upon the situation as it was a year ago.

Without finding some sort of common denominator between past, present and future, individual observers cannot be sure of getting or keeping a balanced judgment. If we start on the present and take, for example, the magnificent and heroic fight of our Russian allies, together with the help that Britain and the United States are doing and will do all in their power to give to Russia, we may see these things in their true perspective by linking them up with the Battle of Britain a year ago.

Both as regards the present and the future, I think the speed with which British and American help is being given to Russia is a matter of the utmost importance. Whether or not the Lease and Lend Act is formally extended to cover supplies to Russia, the spirit of that act will certainly govern British and American arrangements.

To use President Roosevelt's own expression, there can be no question of any financial nonsense about them. Nor was there any sort of financial nonsense when the Chancellor of the Exchequer said the other day that, while our bravest allies have told us they would not wish financial help to be provided as a gift but have only asked for a credit to which we have most willingly agreed, no monetary limit will be placed on this assistance which we shall so gladly give to Russia.

I cannot forget that neither this spirit, nor the practical help it will represent, would have been possible if the people of Britain had not stood firm under the terrific German onslaught a year ago, and if our airmen had not won the Battle of Britain.

Perhaps nobody in the wide world, except the British people, expected us to win it. We were actually asked by the United States for an assurance that the British Navy would be neither surrendered nor scuttled and, astounding as the question appeared to us, we gave the assurance.

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But let us suppose for an instant that Britain had not stood firm. Let us imagine what the position would have been in the Middle East and to-day or earlier in Russia if Hitler's air squadrons and the bombers had succeeded, as they felt sure they would succeed, in crushing the life out of us.

By this time the whole of Middle East would have been in German hands. Turkey could hardly have resisted. The Caucasus and Baku would have been at the mercy of Hitler, however valiantly the Russians might have tried to defend them. And Japan would certainly not have hesitated to throw in her lot completely with her partners of the Axis.

As we now know, German plots would have set South America aflame. The United States would have been practically isolated, and not at all in the sense understood by North American Isolationists. There would have been no time for the United States itself to carry through an adequate defence programme. There would certainly have been no Lease and Lend Act.

The hopeful prospect which the free nations of the world and Hitler's victims see to-day, the prospect cautiously forecast by Mr. Winston Churchill and embodied in the Atlantic Charter, would have appeared, if it appeared at all, as a melancholy might have been.

★

So I cannot forget that the Battle of Britain a year ago was a pivot of human history, the turning point in the world's redemption from slavery, the 'sine qua non' of a greater victory which the speeches of the British Prime Minister, the broadcast of President Roosevelt and the monumental gallantry of Russia now foreshadow.

So I think that we need still to see the war as a whole and to keep in mind its past as well as its present and its future, while we watch with gratitude and admiration the magnificent defence of Russia.

We need also to remember the Battle of the Atlantic, the blockade of the enemy, the growing destruction of enemy shipping, the smashing British air raids over Berlin and other German centres and on Turin in Northern Italy, as well as the successful occupation of Iran, the clearing out of the Nazi agents and plotters there and the humane measures to feed the Iranian people whose foodstuffs the Germans had carried off.

All these things mean help to Russia, direct and indirect, just as the strengthening of the Empire forces in Singapore and Malaya tends to remind Japan that prudence may be a virtue.

★

But most encouraging in a forward glance at the war and its probable results, in the spirit in which the Soviet Union has responded to the help given and to be given by the United States and Britain. There is no tendency to make Communist or Bolshevist political capital out of the common struggle.

The Moscow Radio tells the 180 million inhabitants of the Soviet Union that Soviet Russia and Great Britain are fighting side by side with American support for their own survival and for the liberation of the enslaved peoples of Europe, Germany included, unlike German and Italian propaganda which denounces the British and American pluto-democracies for fighting to uphold the capitalist system.

Russian propaganda insists that it is the fight for freedom that matters and pays no more heed to capitalism than we pay to Communism. The implication is that every free people should work out its own social and economic salvation and should prove the worth of its own system by the contribution it can make to the common cause.

And it is here that the Lease and Lend principle strikes me as being of supreme importance in its bearing on the better world that is to arise after the war.

Signs multiply that the Germans are beginning to feel themselves hard pressed and that the strain upon them is becoming severe. For reasons best known to himself, Dr. Goebbels has switched over his whole propaganda from magniloquent assurances of a swift and glorious victory in Russia to accounts of the terrible difficulties under which German soldiers are fighting.

Yet even he has not mentioned the astonishing fact that within 24 hours two German submarines surrendered, one of them to the British and another to the Russians. Of the surrender to the Russians we have no details, but of the surrender to British aircraft and warships, we know that the German submarine crew waited obediently 13 hours before they could be taken off their vessels and the vessel itself could be towed into a British harbour.

This behaviour is a flagrant violation of the German naval rule which orders the officers of a warship to go down with flying colours rather than surrender or at the worst, to scuttle their ship and save the crew. The surrender of a warship to the enemy is branded as mutiny and treason.

Though I think it would be unwise to draw definite conclusion, from the surrender of these vessels, or even to link them up with the refusal of the crew of the "Graf Spee" to fight on in the action of the River Plate, I do not forget that in 1918 the breakdown of Germany began in the Navy.

We may still be far from any similar breakdown today, yet I feel sure that the German losses in Russia, the constant pressure of British sea power and air power, and now the stern language and firm action of President Roosevelt will end by spreading despair among the masses of the German people.

As Mr. Winston Churchill rightly said "The mood of Britain is wisely and rightly averse from every form of premature exultation." Still, after hearing President Roosevelt's broadcast, one can be certain that the German people will not share the mood of grim confidence which has been ours since our airmen turned the course of human history by winning the Battle of Britain a year ago.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Successes In Mediterranean

During the last week too Axis shipping has suffered very heavily in the Mediterranean. In the week-end alone they have lost at least between fifty and sixty thousand tons. The R.A.F. destroyed a heavily laden merchantship and two large schooners, one of which blew up with such terrific force that it actually destroyed an attacking aircraft. More important still is the successful submarine attack on a strongly escorted convoy of three big liners two of which were destroyed and the third possibly damaged. It is probably the loss of these two which the Italians admitted the other day. But it should be noted they claimed to have rescued all who were on board. British successes are admittedly considerable but what is more noteworthy is that Axis losses indicate how energetically Italy and Germany are trying to send supplies and re-inforcements to North Africa at any cost. Whatever the objective, defensive or offensive, of Axis preparations, is it not, we wonder, possible, to forestall them more effectively?

A Chinese Counter-Offensive

Welcome news comes from China regarding the probable fate that is in store for a Japanese army of 80,000 in the Hunan province. On September 20, the Japanese started an offensive which was allowed to make some progress for a while. Then the Chinese struck at the right and left flanks of the enemy and have already inflicted 15,000 casualties on the Japanese in five days. The battle is still progressing and we hope it will end in the rout of the Japanese. These operations serve once more to emphasise how valuable to other countries is the resistance which China has so gallantly been offering to Japan. China's services have at last begun to be realised. But their practical appreciation has yet to reach any reasonable proportion compared to their immensity. Assistance is certainly being rendered to China and the Burma route is being further prepared to accelerate this assistance. But much more is needed.

Japan And Siberia

Meanwhile reports about probable Japanese action against Siberia persist and even multiply. The one from Chungking has been followed by another from Manila. A message to New York from the Phillipines capital quotes "usually reliable" sources to suggest that at least a million Japanese troops have been sent to Manchukuo and Korea and that since late June, events have pointed unmistakably to a move against Siberia in the event of Germany being successful in Russia. It is, of course, a fact that opportunist Japan is only too eager to pounce upon Siberia, provided Russia obliges by collapsing. But the Russians have no intention of doing so. Moreover, we doubt if the Japanese have ignored the experience of Italians who rushed to cash in on Germany's victory in France and are still paying heavily for their folly.

All Set

It is immaterial whether or not, Bulgaria is in a state of seige, or King Boris has gone to visit Herr Hitler or Germany has presented an ultimatum to Bulgaria. The present position of that country and her imminent future is amply revealed by a Nazi spokesman's illuminating statement that she has been brought into a state of "higher watchfulness". Bulgaria has been prepared at "concert pitch", indeed, she is already beating the preliminary drum as is clear from propagandist allegations against the Soviet Union. The only question is: When will the actual show begin? It ought not to take long now.

Fatal House-Collapses

For the second time in a single month, there has been a case of house-collapse in the city. Only last week the coroner's jury returned a verdict of death by asphyxiation under the debris of a building in an inquest on the bodies of a woman and two children. The jury held that the man responsible for looking after the building should be prosecuted for negligence as explained in Section 32 I.P.C., Section 336 or Section 338 I.P.C. Yet another house collapse occurred on Tuesday morning on Nishanpada Road. Fortunately none of the residents was injured. The municipal authorities should promptly investigate the condition of such old buildings and see that they are either demolished or adequately repaired and reinforced, before any more lives are lost in similar house-collapses. It is a matter involving the safety of hundreds of citizens and allows of no delay.

Wanted Explanation

The Government of India the other day ostentatiously issued a statement that they had decided not to send any workers' delegate this year to the International Labour Office Conference to be held in New York on October 27, on the ground that no suitable delegate was available. The statement on the face of it seemed amazing. Now we learn from Mr. N. M. Joshi who is proceeding to New York in his capacity as member of the Governing Body of the International Labour Conference, that it is misleading. The correct statement, according to Mr. Joshi, should be that there was a difference between the All-India Trade Union Congress and the Government of India regarding the choice of Labour delegate. An explanation from the Government of India is obviously called for. The official or officials responsible for misleading the public should be brought of book.

HINDU LAW REFORM

Suggestions By All-India Women's Conference Executive

BOMBAY, Sept. 23.

Support to the recommendations of the Hindu Law Committee is given by the President and members of the Standing Committee of the All-India Women's Conference in a statement. They urge the Government to adopt the recommendations and take immediate steps towards the codification of the whole of Hindu Law. The President of the Conference congratulates the members of the Hindu Law Committee on the excellent report issued by the Committee and says:

"The Committee has very minutely examined the Hindu Women's Rights to Property Act of 1937 and the amended Act of 1938 and has exhaustively dealt with the many defects with which they are laden. It has conclusively shown that some of the sections of these Acts are vague and lend themselves to different interpretations. Many complications have arisen during the last five years of their operation and different courts have given different rulings on certain sections. The Federal Court ruling given on the 22nd April, 1941, eliminating from the operation of these Acts all agricultural land while confirming its validity in connection with property other than agricultural land has still further complicated the issues. The Committee has exhaustively dealt with all the defects of the existing laws and has come to the conclusion that these defects are unavoidable in piece-meal legislation of which they are an inherent part. They have therefore suggested as an effective measure a comprehensive review of the Hindu Law and its subsequent codification."

NEED OF OVERHAUL

The Women's Conference notes with gratification that the Government of India has partially accepted the recommendations and have charged the Hindu Law Committee with the work of codifying that part of the Hindu Law which deals with inheritance and points out that "though we recognise this as a good beginning, we cannot be satisfied with anything less than a complete overhaul of all sections of the Hindu Law concerning women. Law has to be treated in its entirety and all different parts have to be constructed out of the same essence and infused with the same spirit. This sectional treatment therefore should be as much avoided as piece-meal legislation."

The statement further says:

"For immediate action, in order to remove the confusion that has arisen out of the Acts of 1937 and 1938, the Committee has prepared the draft of a Bill removing the defects of these two Acts. This draft Bill is an effort to reconcile the opposing views concerning many points which arise out of the working of these Acts. We consider compromise with principles at any stage as dangerous policy, for any such will merely give rise to further complications and undesirable consequences. Indeed the Committee itself is not enthusiastic about the above course of action. Its first recommendation is to allow the Acts to operate as they are until such time as the codification of the Hindu Law is accomplished. They maintain that the obscurities and anomalies of the Acts can be removed by courts of law as occasion arises. The Committee has also devoted considerable thought to the position of the daughter under the two Acts, this being one of the items of their terms of reference. As a result of the detailed and careful survey they have come to the conclusion that compared to the pre-Act position the daughter though a loser under certain conditions, is also a gainer under others. The Acts, therefore, do not worsen her position in any way and in cases where the scales weigh against her, it is within the rights of the father to rectify the position by making a will. From this point of view also they advise the maintenance of the 'status quo' until the revision of the entire Hindu Law is taken up. The same recommendation is made with regard to the several Bills referred to the Committee for opinion."

FEDERAL COURT RULING

Concluding the statement says: "As for the position created by the Federal Court ruling, the Committee recommends that immediate steps should be taken to regain the lost ground from the point of view of women's interests. The original intention of the 1937-38 Acts should be restored by the enactment of Governor's Acts in the Provinces where legislatures are suspended and by legislative measures in others, bringing all agricultural land under the operation of the two Acts. On the whole the report is sympathetic towards the women's claims and is written in a fair and liberal spirit."—United Press.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"The statement announcing that the Government of India has decided not to send any workers' delegate this year to the International Labour Office Conference to be held in New York on October 27, on the ground that no suitable delegate has been available, is misleading", says Mr. N. M. Joshi, M.L.A., (Central), and General Secretary of the All-India Trade Union Congress, in a statement to the Press.

Mr. Joshi adds that "the correct statement should be that there was a difference between the All-India Trade Union Congress and the Government of India regarding the choice of a labour delegate."

—A. P.

* * *

We personally welcome the extension of Lord Linlithgow's term of office to April 1943.

It saves us the bother of investigating an event without a change.

* * *

By the way, we have rejected the Junior Colleague's suggestion to interview Indian public men on the subject of this extension.

The London "Times" having confirmed the judgment of Downing Street, there is no more to be said about it by the natives themselves.

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Viceroine To Broadcast To-morrow
Evening Press Headline.

What's the hurry now?

* * *

"It has now been established", says a Simla message, "that the recent press and radio reports to the effect that Allied troops had occupied Teheran were incorrect. Allied forces are still encamped outside the city".

We readily accept this revised statement of the position.

* * *

The President of the Royal College of Physicians is also a member of the British Mission to Moscow to investigate whether the U.S.S.R. needs any medical aid too.

The Russians HAVE lately been sick of talk.

* * *

Referring to the tanks that are being built in Britain for Russia, M. Maisky declared that they would not rust in idleness.

Wasn't that a rather embarrassing hint to the British?

* * *

There is no confirmation in London and Berlin of the Ankara report that King Boris is shortly meeting Herr Hitler.

How ridiculous. It is those occurrences which don't need any confirmation. They always happen without it.

* * *

According to the Ankara correspondent of an American newspaper, "Germany has confronted Bulgaria with a virtual ultimatum" etc., etc.

This is obviously a wrong report. Why should Germany promote Bulgaria to that position?

* * *

Speaking of Bulgaria, a Nazi spokesman declared that she had been brought into a state of "higher watchfulness".

That we know. The question is as to the height to which Bulgaria has been lifted off her feet.

* * *

The High Commissioner for Vichy's French North Africa has indignantly asserted that the defence of Dakar had been entrusted to Frenchmen and Frenchmen alone.

By?

* * *

A lion had broken loose from a circus and the village search party was setting out to retake it.

With one exception they were fortifying themselves for the job at the inn.

"Take a glass of brandy," said the leader of the party to the exception. "It gives you courage."

"That's what I'm afraid of," said the exception. "It gives me too much courage."

—"Dublin Opinion".

Recruitment For Oriental Translator's Office

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—In the whole province of Bombay there are only two Government offices which do translation work; one is the Chief Translator's Office while the other is the Oriental Translator's Office. The former is situated in the High Court and the latter is situated in the Secretariat building itself. Both these offices do almost similar work, but in the case of the Chief Translator's Office translators are appointed by the Administrative Judge out of the candidates recommended by the Public Services Commission. There is also a Committee, consisting of the Prothonotary and the Registrar to fill the posts of ordinary translators but in the case of officers, however, the appointments are made direct by the Hon. the Chief Justice himself. In other words, the Chief Translator is not the sole arbiter of the merits of the translators. But is this not strange that in the case of the Oriental Translator's Office, the Oriental Translator himself is all in all so far as the translators under him are concerned, including his two assistants, although the same liberty of action does not exist in the case of clerks who are invariably recruited out of the list of candidates recommended by the Public Service Commission? It is high time that this anomaly was removed and the Oriental Translator's Office brought in line with the other departments of the Secretariat. There is no control of Government even on the appointments of even the two "assistants" who are appointed by the Oriental Translator himself. It is, therefore, suggested in the best interests of public service that the translators also, like the clerks, should be appointed from amongst the candidates recommended by the Public Services Commission only, and that Government alone should have the power to appoint the two "assistants" to the Oriental Translator. This is a public office and therefore the appointment of about 30 translators should not be allowed to be left to the whim of one single individual, however well-meaning he may be.—Yours, etc.,

A. GHANI.

Bombay, Sept. 9.

HONOUR MAHATMA BY FOLLOWING HIS PROGRAMME

Appeal At Gandhi Jayanti Meeting

As a part of the Gandhi Jayanti programme, a public meeting was held under the joint auspices of the B.P.C.C. and the A Ward Congress Committee near Maruti Temple, Rajwadker Street, Colaba, on Tuesday night. Mr. S. A. Brelvi presided. A large crowd, including many Harijan children was present at the meeting to pay homage to the great champion of the cause of the poor in India, Mahatma Gandhi.

The speakers explained the significance of Charkha and Khadi, and emphasised the need of popularizing it.

After some patriotic songs by volunteers and Harijan children, Mr. Brelvi addressing the meeting said that men like Gandhiji were born after intervals of centuries and they should be proud that they were his contemporaries. No leader in recent times had identified himself with the poor and dedicated his services to them so completely as Gandhiji had done. Therefore, it was that the path to Swaraj which he showed was through the economic salvation of the poor. According to Gandhiji Swaraj could only be won through the poor and through their strength and it should be won only for their benefit. Mr. Brelvi exhorted the audience to follow the path chalked out by Gandhiji. The best way of celebrating Gandhi Jayanti would be to resolve to do the work that he wanted them to do in the direction of popularising Khadi and other village industries removing the curse of untouchability and promoting Hindu-Muslim unity.

Mr. Dongre emphasized the importance of work among the villages. He said while the names of many famous personages of the present day, would be forgotten Gandhiji's name would continue to be remembered for generations to come.

Mr. Ambaram speaking next referred to the yeoman's service rendered by Gandhiji to the poor, by introducing charkha among them.

Mr. G G Mehta emphasised the need of spreading Congress principles among the mill employees and the gumastas. Messrs. Lokesh and Elchidana also spoke.

The meeting dispersed after the singing of Vande Matram.

"FRONTIER GANDHI" AT UTMANZAI

PESHAWAR, Sept. 23.

The Red Shirt Volunteers Camp at Baffa, about thirty miles away from Abbottabad, concluded its ten-day training. Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan has gone to Utmanzai, and is expected to stay in the village during the month of Ramzan.—United Press.

NARENDRA DEV AT LUCKNOW

Advised To Take Complete Rest At Almora

LUCKNOW, Sept. 23

Acharya Narendra Dev, Security Prisoner, who was released unconditionally for reasons of health on 21st September from Agra Central Jail arrived here this morning. He was examined by Dr. Hargobind Sahai of the King George Medical College, who has recommended him to take complete rest and to proceed to Almora immediately. He is leaving for his place in Fyzabad to-morrow morning whence he proceeds to Almora.

Acharya Narendra Dev was suffering from asthmatic attack. He has lost 18 lbs. in weight, his present weight being 98 pounds.—A. P.

CONGRESSMEN RESIGN FROM PATNA BOARD

PATNA, Sept. 23.

The Patna District Board today is left with only eight members 32 members including the chairman and the Vice-Chairman having resigned last evening in pursuance of the instruction issued by the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee.

Out of these 30 were elected on the Congress ticket and two were independents. Four other members (Congress) who could not join the party meeting yesterday are expected to submit their resignations shortly.

The Board has a strength of 40 of which 34 belong to the Congress Party, five are independent official, the Sub-Divisional Magistrate of Bihar.—A. P.

SATYAGRAHA IN MAHAKOSHAL

13 Congressmen Arrested And Jailed

JUBBULPORE, Sept. 23.

Fifty Congressmen offered Satyagraha in the various districts of Mahakoshal during the last week-end, according to a report of the progress of the 'Satyagraha' movement in the province.

Of these 13 were arrested and sentenced to imprisonments ranging from three months' to one year, 14 were detained as 'security prisoners' while the remaining were not arrested and they are on their way to Delhi.—United Press.

Agnihotri's Parole Period Extended

JUBBULPORE, Sept. 23.

Owing to the serious illness of his father, the parole of Pandit Girja Shanker Agnihotri President of the Mahakoshal Provincial Congress Committee, a security prisoner under the Defence of India Rules, who was released from the Central Jail, Nagpur, on a 15 days' parole on September 4 last has been extended by another fortnight by the Provincial Government.—United Press.

Two Vellore Politicals Convicted

MADRAS, Sept. 23.

Messrs. R. Satyanarayana and M. Jaganmohana Rao, two political prisoners in Vellore Jail were sentenced by the Assistant Collector of North Arcot to one month's R. I. each under Section 186 I. P. C.

The allegation against them was that they refused to affix thumb impressions when required to do so in December last year.—A. P.

Lathi Charge At Nellore

NELLORE, Sept. 23.

About ten persons were injured in a disturbance which occurred to-day when the police had to resort to a lathi charge to disperse a crowd on the Trunk Road in Nellore.

It is alleged that the disturbance arose as a sequel to a procession which was taken out as a protest against the Government's order banning what is called "tiger" disguises.

Seven persons have been taken into custody in this connection. Police are patrolling the streets.—A. P.

New President For Poona Congress Committee

POONA, September 22.

Mr. M. N. Memane has been appointed President of the Poona District Congress Committee by the President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee in the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. N. G. Gore.—A. P.

2 CONGRESSMEN REMOVED TO THANA JAIL

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. Damodhar Jagannath Athalye, 'F' Ward Congress worker, and Mr. Sahadev Mukund Thakare, 'B' Ward Congress worker, both of them billed to offer Satyagraha this evening, were arrested in the early hours of this morning under the Defence of India Rules. They were subsequently removed to Thana jail.

2 SATYAGRAHIS RELEASED

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Ganeshlal Borising Thakkar and Dr. D. D. Sathe, local Satyagrahis, have been released from Thana and Nasik Jails after completion of five and eight months' detention respectively. Dr. Sathe who was released on September 20, has gone to Nagpur.

Alleged Communist Arrested

GORAKHPUR, Sept. 23.

An alleged Communist of Basti who, it is stated, had long been wanted by the Bengal police, is reported to have been arrested by the police at Fyzabad under the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

STATE WORKER DIES IN JAIL

(From Our Correspondent.)

JUBBULPORE, Sept. 22.

According to a Satna message, Seth Radhelal Khandelwal, 28-year-old Malhar State Congress worker, who was sentenced along with ten others last year to undergo five years R. I. for conspiracy and sedition expired in Malhar State Jail after brief illness.

His relatives on receipt of information went to Malhar from Satna and performed Radhelal's last rites.

It is stated politicals are denied any special treatment and are put to hard work like ordinary criminals, as a result of which their health is shattered. Hiralal is reported to have lost his right eye-sight, while another, it is learnt, has contracted tuberculosis and a third elephantiasis. The State declared Congress as an 'unlawful' organisation.

The Government of Bombay has appointed the Deputy Directors of Agriculture to be additional members of the Committees established in each district for the selection of candidates for training as rural assistants in their respective jurisdiction.

'HOSHIARPUR ARRESTS

LAHORE, Sept. 23.

Six Congress workers of Hoshiarpur including Saligram, General Secretary of the Congress Socialist party, were arrested under the Defence of India rules, according to a report received here.

Three Kisan workers of Jullundur were also arrested under the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

Col. Knox On Delivery Of U. S. Planes

EAST HARTFORD, Sept 23.

Replying to a question, Col. Knox said that no shooting has been reported to the Navy Department since Roosevelt's "shoot on sight" order.

He added that the Navy's air programme was on schedule. The Navy was getting plenty of engines, and the planes which were being delivered in very significant numbers each month were the best in the world in each category.—Reuter.

ACHARYA NARENDRA DEVA, who has been released due to ill-health.

BHULABHAI IN BOMBAY

General Condition Shows Slight Improvement

Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai accompanied by his son, Mr. Dhirajlal Desai arrived in Bombay from Poona on Tuesday evening.

Mr. Desai detrained at Byculla and motored to his residence at Warden Road. Although he looked much pulled down Mr. Desai was able to walk to his car.

A large number of people were present at the station to receive Mr. Desai. Among those present were Messrs. K. M. Munshi, S. A. Brelvi, Motichand Kapadia, Sunderdas Morarji, S. G. Songaonkar, Seth Vithaldas Govindji, Ali Bahadur Khan, Salebhai Abdul Kader, Abidali Jafarbhai, Dr. Jinabhai Desai, Mrs. Violet Alwa and Mrs. Shantabai Vengsarkar.

Mr. Desai was cheered by the large crowd of people present on the station platform to receive him. He was garlanded and welcomed on behalf of the B. P. C. C. and the different Ward Congress Committees.

After his arrival Mr. Desai was examined by Dr. R. N. Cooper. His general condition is stated to be slightly better than at Poona. It is understood that he will be further examined to-day.

LINE CLEAR FOR TRADE PARLEYS

Commerce Member To Lead Delegation To Ceylon

SIMLA, Sept. 23.

As an understanding has been arrived at on the fundamental issues between India and Ceylon, the "United Press" learns that Indo-Ceylon trade talks would commence probably after the Autumn session of the Central Assembly. Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar, Commerce Member, Government of India, would lead the trade delegation to Ceylon.

On his return, Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai is meeting the Standing Emigration Committee. At this meeting, it is expected that discussions would take place on the Indo-Burma Immigration Agreement which has been the subject of critical comment in the country.—United Press.

Polish Award To Gen. Wavell

LONDON, September 22.—General Sir Archibald Wavell has been awarded the military cross of Virtuti Militari, which is the Polish equivalent of the Victoria Cross. Gen Wavell had a Polish Carpathian Brigade under his command when he was Commander-in-Chief in the Middle East.

Bhopal For Frontier Province

PESHAWAR, Sept. 22.

The 'United Press' learns that His Highness the Nawab of Bhopal will pay a visit to North West Frontier Province early next month.—United Press.

Breaches On E. B. Railway

CALCUTTA: Sept. 22.

The Divisional Superintendent, Metre Gauge (E.B. Rly.) wires as follows from Laimonirhat:—

"Further serious damage having been caused to the track and bridges over a distance of about 2 1/2 miles between Sorupeta and Pathsala on the Laimanirhat-Amingaon Section during last night, transhipment of passengers, mails and other coaching traffic has been rendered impossible.

Three Up and four Down Mails of the 21st inst., which had been brought to Sorupeta and Pathsala for transhipment, have been returned back to Parbatipur and Amingaon, respectively. Passengers and their luggage and parcels are being diverted via Tistamukhghat and Mymensingh until a daily steamer service has been introduced between Dhubrighat and Pandu.

Steamer agents have been advised to do so without delay. A restricted train service is being introduced between Laimanirhat and Sorupeta and Amingaon and Pathsala and on the Rangiya-Rangapara North Sections. All goods traffic 'en route' is being diverted via Tistamukhghat and Mymensingh. It is impossible to state at present when through running is likely to be restored."—A. P.

Rural Assistants In Districts

The Government of Bombay has appointed the Deputy Directors of Agriculture to be additional members of the Committees established in each district for the selection of candidates for training as rural assistants in their respective jurisdiction.

Soviet

Not Weakened In Asia

Italian Press Propaganda Contradicted

ZURICH, Sept. 23.

Previous efforts by the Italian press to prove that Soviet Russia, because of the need of reinforcing her western front, has become fatally weakened in Asia are flatly contradicted by Tokyo correspondent of the Turin paper "Gazetta Del Popolo".

"Developments and operations in Europe" he says "have not attenuated Russia's military measure in Asia. On the contrary, in addition to Vladivostok and other bases along the Soviet coast, various islands in the Bering Sea and the Kamchatka Peninsula have been rapidly fortified. The Soviet eastern fleet comprises 100 submarines, many fast cutters gunboats, torpedo-boats and other more important units. Twenty Russian warships recently arrived at Vladivostok for repairs at the Asiatic shipyards. The warships came from European Russia after a long and dangerous voyage through the Arctic Ocean".—Reuter.

Fazlul Huq Sees Viceroy

SIMLA, Sept. 23.

It is learnt that Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, the Bengal Premier, will interview the Viceroy to-morrow afternoon.—A. P.

American Fighter Planes Protect The Burma Road

SINGAPORE.

One of the answers to Japan's new strategic moves in Indo-China is not in theory nor on paper. It is in the air squadrons of high speed American fighter planes.

They are flying up the Burma Road which once carried only lumbering lorry traffic—American fighter planes for China. Simultaneously others are being assembled and flown on Burma's air bases—American fighter planes for the R. A. F.

American and chartered ships in the Irrawaddy River are pouring out Lease and Lend goods at Rangoon—for Lease and Lend means to-day stoppage of aggression in the Far East as well as in Europe. After unloading from the ships, the goods (dispersed in Burma) await assembly or transhipment in fifty foot high dumps or crates containing planes, trucks, munitions evidence of more and yet more American all-out aid.

Burma, which yesterday was a backwater, has become of high significance in the whole strategy of the Far East. Japan's newly gained airfields in Indo-China have caused the change. Siem-Reap airfield on the Thai—Indo-China frontier near Angkor is 500 miles from Rangoon. Ventiane, capital of the Laos Province of Indo-China, is 400 miles from either Rangoon or Lashio.

Bombers attacking an "unprotected" Burma Road from Siem-Reap or Ventaine could make Lease and Lend to China mere wishful thinking, could draw the war-fangs of China. But the American high speed fighters for the R. A. F. in Burma and those flying up the Burma Road to China are there to smash any such attacks.

Bombers from Indo-China are too far away to fly fully fighter-protected. They would be chopped to bits by highly mobile fighter squadrons based in South China and at the new chain of airfields near Burma's Eastern frontier. The new airfields enable the fighter squadrons, in short hops, to concentrate quickly wherever the attack came.

On the new airfields also can be based bombers to stop any further attempts to move westward on the part of Japan.

There has been no official statement but the R. A. F. pilots, mechanics, American technicians, Chinese ground-mechanics, executives, working in Burma, indicate how closely America, Britain and China stand together to block further westward aggression.

Aney And Detenus

LAHORE, Sept. 20.

Mr. M. S. Aney, member-designate of the Viceroy's Executive Council, in reply to a communication address by Mr. Jai Gopal Narang, Secretary of the Detenus and Soviet Aid Committee, has assured Mr. Narang that in view of the argument put forward by him with regard to the question of the release of the detenus detained in Deoli camp and other jails, it will receive due consideration at the proper time.—United Press.

THREE KIDNAPPED PERSONS RELEASED.

QUETTA, Sept. 22.

Three tribal levymen, who were kidnapped during a tribal raid by trans-border tribesmen on Gwaza levy post on the Indo-Afghan border and carried across the border, were released the same day and they have returned to British territory.—A. P.

Activity At Tobruk

Enemy Supply Ship Hit Off Coast Of Norway

LONDON, Sept. 23.

An Air Ministry 'communique' to-day states: "Yesterday Beaufort aircraft of the Coastal Command on patrol off the coast of Norway attacked and hit a large enemy supply ship.

Last night the weather was unfavourable for operations, but a small number of aircraft of the Bombay Command, without loss to themselves, bombed docks at Boulogne.

The crew of one of our bombers, reported missing from the operations of last Saturday night, have been rescued.—Reuter.

Aggressive Action By British Patrols

CAIRO, Sept. 23.

A British Middle East 'communique' issued from the G. H. Q. to-day states: "LIBYA: As a result of their vigorous patrolling activities, our forces at Tobruk are steadily enlarging the area outside our perimeter defences which the enemy is forced nightly to evacuate.

In the frontier area, aggressive action by our patrols is continuing."—Reuter.

HULK SUNK IN GIBRALTAR

LONDON, Sept. 23.

It is learned in London that an attack was made on shipping at Gibraltar last Saturday. A hulk was sunk.—Reuter.

BOMBS DROPPED IN E. ANGLIA

LONDON, Sept. 23.

There was little enemy activity over Britain last night, states an Air Ministry communique. "Shortly after dark single enemy aircraft dropped bombs in East Anglia. No casualties were caused, and there was only slight damage. Apart from this, there was nothing to report."—Reuter.

RELIGIOUS FREEDOM IN RUSSIA

(Continued from page 1)

brotherhood and friendship between all peoples and for self-determination of all nations. Within Stalin's Constitution of 1936 all national minorities in my country, and there are many, are assured of complete freedom for national development. The Soviet Union further recognises that the internal order in each state is its own concern."

RELIGION IN RUSSIA

The Russian Ambassador proceeded to deal with the subject of religion in Russia. He said: "The Soviet Union considers that religion is a private matter for each citizen. Despite what is thought by many, religion in my country is not persecuted, every citizen having the right to believe or not to believe according to his or her own conscience. Article 124 of the Stalin Constitution reads: *'In order to ensure the citizen's freedom of conscience the Church in Soviet Russia is separated from the State and the school from the Church. Freedom of religious worship and freedom of anti-religious propaganda is recognised for all citizens'.*

In 1940 in Soviet Russia there were over 30,000 independent religious communities of every kind, over 8,000 Churches and about 60,000 priests and ministers.

Freedom In Practice

Believers in the practice of their religions freely frequent their services, marry in church, christen their children, have religious funerals, celebrate religious festivals and elect their leaders freely. The Soviet Government does not support any one religion, but puts at the disposal of all, free of rent, premises for religious observance exempting all such premises from taxation.

The Soviet Courts of Law punish those who violate the rights of believers. The orthodox Church has the largest number of followers and is divided at present into two chief sections, 'The New Church' and 'The Old Church.' The latter extends its influence to other countries, particularly the United States.

Other religious denominations are Old Believers, Evangelists, Seventh Day Adventists and many others. In general there is very considerable variety in the religious life of Soviet Russia and no obstacles are put in the way of their activities."—Reuter.

A German tank captured near Tobruk

Rumanians Hurled Back On Odessa Front

(Continued from Page 1)

battle resulting in the throwing back of two German regiments.

Nazi Losses In Officers

It is certain that the Russians are holding out well at Leningrad where they inflicted very heavy losses on the enemy. German losses in officers have been formidable. Some units have lost as many as two-thirds of their officers. Weather conditions around Leningrad are very bad. There is intense cold and the terrain is muddy and boggy in the forest area.

Leningrad Defences

ZURICH:—The superiority of the Leningrad defence system compared to the Maginot Line, both as regards the number of fortifications and their adaptation to swampy terrain, is admitted in a German paper which says: "The French fought with traditional bravery, but without the deep political conviction which makes the Russians more stubborn and is causing heavy losses."

It says that the Russian defences have proved "extraordinarily severe obstacles" consisting of huge tank traps and rows—often ten or twelve miles deep—of pine trunks rammed several yards into the earth, concrete pyramids and barbed wire. The garrison was able to occupy the great ring of forts immediately the squads of civil workers finished their construction, it adds.

The forts are fully protected against all but the heaviest bombs and shells. A tribute is also paid to the garrison formed by Leningrad factory workers which "have proved excellent" despite their very short training, air attacks are of little use in these sectors, the statement concludes.

ON ODESSA FRONT

Besiegers Thrown Back

Forces besieging Odessa have been thrown back several miles in counter-attacks by the beleaguered troops, states the Moscow radio, which adds that since the beginning of the war, the Rumanians have lost half their army.

Soviet Strategy

MOSCOW:—A graphic description of the heroic defence of the Black Sea port of Odessa was given to-day in a Tass Agency report from the city which says that repeated Rumanian attacks were broken up with heavy losses.

"In an effort to advance along the entire sector held by the Formation Commander, Ivan Petrov, the enemy hurled in eight or nine divisions".

The dispatch says: "Pressing their advantage, the Rumanians drove a wedge nearly a mile into our positions throwing a second large force into the gap to support the first. The success of the attack seemed assured, but at this point, the Soviet artillery came into action."

The dispatch describes how the guns at pointblank range mowed down the attackers and the attack spent itself. The enemy began to retreat, leaving the valley filled with dead and wounded, one Rumanian battalion being completely annihilated.

Rumanians Repulsed Everywhere

"A wedge has been cut off at its base and the front line straightened out. Attempts to break through on other sectors of the front were repulsed everywhere.

In the evening, the enemy began to mass large forces in gulleys ready for a fresh blow, but no sooner was an attack launched than it met a hail of grenades and machine-gun bullets. A detachment commanded by Kovtun repulsed the Rumanians' attack and even advanced at several points.

Ivan Petrov

The dispatch points out that the defence of Odessa, where the front is shaped like a narrow horseshoe, with the ends resting on the Black Sea, has already lasted a month and a half. "The names of the gallant defenders are renowned over the whole front," the message adds. "Everyone speaks with deep admiration and affection of Ivan Petrov. In the worst moments when it seems that even an iron will and the strongest nerves will give way, this valiant and cool-headed Commander appears among the troops bringing with him an atmosphere of courage and serene confidence."

Retreat From Kiev

Part of the Russian forces have been successfully withdrawn from the Kiev sector, where heavy fighting continues. The remainder of Gen. Budenny's forces are attempting to fight their way out, it is stated in authoritative quarters in London to-day.

There is, however, no news of progress made by these forces. There are reports however of successful local Russian counter-attacks in the neighbourhood of Glukhov which is about 75 miles south-east of Smolensk.

NAZI OFFICER'S DIARY TELLS THE TALE

"Annalist" in his military commentary writes:—

"Despite the mounting German claims regarding their successes at Kiev, there are indications that Marshal Budenny withdrew a substantial portion of his forces and those threatened with encirclement are still fighting desperately in their efforts to escape the net. The Germans admit this resistance, but allege that an increasing tendency towards disintegration is becoming apparent.

It is perhaps unkind to remind them that they made a similar allegation just eight weeks ago and the disintegration has proved to exist only in their imagination. Similarly the stories of Soviet Officers and Political Commissars abandoning their men can be taken as wishful thinking. All evidence received from the Russian front has shown splendid 'morale' of the Russian soldiers and the remarkable comradeship between Officers and men which has not proved subversive of discipline.

APPALLING LOSSES

Although, however, the situation east of Kiev is admittedly confused, thus giving German propaganda an opportunity to exercise its inventiveness, news from Leningrad and Odessa is more clear-cut and distinctly more favourable. Appalling losses have been inflicted upon the German attackers and the Russians have actually gained a little ground in counter-attacks.

The slaughter among German Officers has been particularly heavy and confirmation of this fact has been found in the captured diary of a Nazi Officer of the 93rd division. The weather seems to have broken in the Leningrad area and the nights are intensely cold. Rains and mists are impeding operations to the advantage of the defence.

In the extreme south at Odessa a number of unsuccessful attacks have been severely punished by the Russian defenders and it is reported that the Rumanians have had to be stiffened with German reinforcements.

Pincer Arm Severely Mauled

In the Central Sector successful Russian counter-attacks are reported in the neighbourhood of Glukhov where one of the pincer arms of Marshal von Bock's troops beyond Gomel has been severely mauled. At Smolensk too the initiative is still with Marshal Timoshenko, although it may be expected that the Germans will now devote more of their attention to this sector where they have been driven back as much as thirty miles in places.

After ninety-two days of violent battle the Russians are still fighting strongly and the only one of their main objectives captured by the Germans is Kiev, the least important military and strategically compared with Leningrad or Moscow.—Reuter.

U. S. Battleship Launched

Col. Knox Urges Repeal Of Neutrality Act

QUINCY (Messachusetts), Sept. 23.

After the huge new 35,000 ton battleship 'Massachusetts' was launched before thousands of cheering people this morning (Tuesday) the Secretary of the Navy, Col. Frank Knox, declared that the Neutrality Act was "crippling" the efforts of the country and said that it should be immediately repealed. "There should be no handicap on those trying to keep war away from these shores," Col. Knox said. "We must waste no time in repealing the Neutrality Act."

AMERICA MUST BE GIVEN FACTS

Major Whitney's Tip To Britain

LONDON, Sept. 23.

Major William Dwight Whitney, personal assistant of Mr. Averill Harriman, speaking at a luncheon given in his honour to-day by the English-speaking Union, made a strong plea for America to be given the facts, so that they could understand Britain's will to win.

Maj. Whitney said that if the British expected decisive action from the Americans, it was necessary to give them a full picture of the situation.—Reuter.

Attlee Assures Prompt Aid To Russia

LONDON, Sept. 23.

"From the moment Russia came into war, we have been doing our best to send help in every possible way", declared Mr. Attlee, Member of the War Cabinet speaking to-day (Tuesday) at a luncheon organised by ex-Officers of the Royal Tank Regiment.

"We are fighting a common battle, and obviously it is commonsense and right that we should do our utmost to support our Allies in every way." He added: "We shall beat the Germans with our tanks, not only because of the skill and courage of our men, but because of the skill, inventive genius and devotion of our engineers."—Reuter.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

GUEST DAY—2

And what a guest I have today! The New York Journal-American of July 18th, from which I have great pleasure in extracting copiously. Read this also as a sample of great journalism, which some Bombay Knights may regard as in bad taste.

* * *

The case put forward in this extract is the case of the isolationist school of thought. I am not concerned with the merits or demerits of the case. I am more concerned with the way in which an American paper handles individuals when they get too bumptious or say the sort of things as Col. Wedgewood has done. You remember a Bombay Knight who wrote to a local paper. Imagine him being handled by a paper like the New York Journal-American and realise also, my friends, the comparative restraint I must have exercised.

* * *

Headed "In The News" it reads: "We have been honoured by a visit from a typical member of the British ruling classes.

He is Col. Josiah C. Wedgewood of the Wedgewood porcelain family.

He is likewise a member of the British Parliament.

He tells us all about our American business—"where we get off", when we get off and how we get off.

We are punks.

We are slow.

Col. Wedgewood wants to give us the *'bum's rush'* and throw us out of our peace, out of our independence, out of our public welfare, out of our free institutions, into the gutter of war.

He allows of no argument.

He says: "This is your war, and you are in it up to your necks."

He continues: 'The trouble with you Americans is that you are afraid to assume responsibility.'

* * *

"Friends and fellow Americans, we sort of thought that we had assumed quite a lot of responsibilities during the last war that England was in.

And that we had assumed obligations too—obligations of foreign nations that were in no way ours and debts that were theirs but were repudiated, and damages and depressions, too, that we have never been able to recover from.

And we thought we had conferred quite a few boons and benefits, especially upon England, pulling John Bull out of the bloody mess he had gotten himself into, and putting his topper back on his head, and dusting off his clothes and wiping his bruised nose, and standing him back on his steady feet.

For all of which we were called Uncle Sap—and rightly so-called....."

"Still there is no use becoming unduly incensed at this crockery warrior.

His opinions are characteristic of his present Government.

* * *

What follows and the pungent remarks of the New York Journal-American cannot be reproduced here. I wish they could be read to give an idea of what an American paper can write in a country, that is democratic. It shows the difference between journalism and pseudo-journalism.

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Indian Handloom Blankets In Demand

SIMLA, Sept. 23.

Indian Stores Department have placed orders with various provinces and states for 628,500 handloom blankets for delivery by March next. Delivery against these orders will commence after the completion of the current orders.

Negotiations are also in progress with several other provinces and states and further orders may be placed shortly.

These purchases are, in part, against an allocation made by the Eastern Group Supply Council for 400,000 blankets and, in part, against Supply Department indents.—A. P.

Simla Meeting Of Viceroy's Expanded Council Abandoned?

CHURCHILL'S SPEECH, RELEASE OF POLITICALS AND WAR ADVISORY COUNCIL ARE LIVE ISSUES FACING MEETING AT DELHI

(From Our Special Correspondent)

SIMLA, (By Mail).

It has not been an auspicious beginning for the new members of the expanded council who have taken charge.

According to Simla reports, Sir Sultan Ahmed, the new Law Member, arrived here with big plans of getting the Indian members together and formulating a joint programme which might help to improve the situation in the country, but he had to hurry back to Patna after his very first Cabinet meeting owing to the sad news of the death of his mother. So also had the Commerce Member, Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar, to leave suddenly for Madras owing to the illness of his brother.

None of the other four members designate has yet taken charge, for even Dr. E. Raghavendra Rau, who reached India by a special plane last week, has gone home for a short holiday. As Sir G. S. Bajpai's plans are still uncerain it is difficult to say whether it will be possible for Mr. M. S. Aney and Mr. N. R. Sarker to take charge of their offices in September as was originally expected. No less uncertain are the plans of Sir Firoze Khan Noon, who for reasons which have been the subject of keen speculation in Punjab Ministerialist circles, is still lingering in the West—either in England or America. Any plans, therefore, that certain Members of the expanded Council may have had for having a full meeting in Simla, must now be abandoned as impossible.

Live Issues

More than one Member-designate has appealed to the public not to condemn them beforehand but to judge them by their work after they have assumed their office.

In one respect the position of the new members is different from that of their predecessors, for they feel that they have a political responsibility—that something is expected of them and that in consequence they have to take early steps to justify themselves before the public.

No doubt the recent speech of Mr. Winston Churchill on the Atlantic Declaration must have been very disconcerting to them, but as the matter is bound to be raised on the floor of the House when the Central Assembly meets, it will be open to the new Members of Government to protest strongly against Mr. Winston Churchill's speech—as one Member designate has already done in a public statement.

There are several other live issues which are expected to come up before the Assembly. There is the Indo-Burma Agreement which is already the subject of an adjournment motion given notice of by the Deputy President of the Assembly, Mr. A. C. Dutt. Two important resolutions have also been given notice of by Sirdar Sant Singh which, if they succeed in the ballot, will enable the new Members to display a new policy—if they want to. One resolution asks of the Governor General to release all persons who have been detained or convicted under the Defence of India Act for offences other than "any overt act of violence"

Another resolution recommends that the War Advisory Council should be dissolved "as the same does neither meet the requirements of the situation nor possess the confidence of the public." As large political and other issues are involved, this resolution may lead to interesting discussion—if it is not disallowed by the Governor-General in the meantime as not in public interest.

Financial Position

The financial position of the Central Government, as now revealed by the latest figures, must be regarded very satisfactory. Railway earnings during the first five months of the year show an increase of over Rs. 6 1/2 crores as compared with last year. It may be safely anticipated that so far as the Railways are concerned the year may end with a surplus of as much as Rs. 12 crores. This will directly benefit general revenues.

Despite the recent developments in the Far East, which have considerably effected India's trade, Customs revenue is still above last year's figure. The first five months of the financial year have yielded Rs. 17 1/2 crores which is 2 crores more than last year's receipts during the same period.

Though there may be a fall during the coming months, there is every reason to hope that the year's revenue under this head will not fall below the Budget estimate of Rs. 35 crores. The yield from excise duties shows an improvement of nearly Rs. 1 3/4 crores during these five months—undoubtedly satisfactory as the Budget estimate for the whole year was only Rs. 2 1/2 crores more than the revenue realised during the previous year. There is little doubt that the excise revenue this year will exceed the Budget estimate by a crore or more.

Hydari And Press

Reports in Simla show that the new Information Member, Sir Akbar Hydari, is thinking of new lines of policy for the Departments which have now come under his control. As they were under the control of the Home Department, it could not shake itself free from the old policy—as clearly shown by the constitution of the Central Information Board in which there is only one solitary Indian non-official.

Sir Akbar is reported to be considering in what ways he as Information Member can secure greater contact with the public and the Press. It is likely that the next meeting of the Standing Committee of the Editors' Conference will meet in New Delhi early in November. That will give an opportunity to the new Member to get into touch with leading Editors and consult them on the best way to deal with the problem.

Telephone Rates

No definite decision has yet been taken by the Government of India on the many representations made to them on the subject of the proposed introduction of the message rate system for telephones at five important business centres in the first instance. All that is known is that the Communications Department is carefully considering these representations in order to reduce the charges, but the Government seems determined to carry out the policy of introducing the message rate.

When Bevin Boys' Batch Return To India

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, Sept. 23.

According to information here the first batch of Bevin Boys who will shortly complete training in England will return to India before the end of January and will be employed for specially skilled work in selected munition factories.

The third batch which has now been fully recruited will sail for England shortly.

Recruitment has begun for fourth batch.

An up-country man, Badri Muchi, was convicted by the Chief Presidency Magistrate Calcutta under the Indian Arms Act, and sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment on a charge of illegal possession of a six-chambered revolver.

A group of Bombay students who appeared for the degree examination of Bhasha-Ratna of Hindi Vidyapeetha.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR INDIAN MANUFACTURERS

Ojha's Address At Meeting Of Organisation

In the course of his presidential address at the second meeting of the Central Committee of the All-India Manufacturers' Organization, held on Sunday last Mr. Amritlal Ojha observed that the organization was very fortunate in having as its President such an eminent and well-known economist as Sir M. Visvesvaraya.

Expressing satisfaction for the work done hitherto, he said that the secret of the spontaneous enthusiasm amongst Indian industrialists for such an organization was that Indian industries, not to talk of their difficulties in the present war conditions, even in peace-time had many handicaps to face as compared to other progressive countries and that as such, the Organization of the kind set up at present was indeed long overdue. Unlike major industries he remarked that small and medium scale industries had no central body to look after their interests and that at present they had to proceed blindly uncertain as to their success. The All-India Manufacturers' Organization will prove of immense help to such industries amongst others.

Regional bodies have been already set up at Calcutta for the province of Bengal, Assam and Orissa and at Poona for the 10 districts of the Maharashtra area.

MR. AMRITLAL OJHA.

Mr. Ojha pointed out that about 40,000 different articles were required by the Government for war purposes, of which a considerable number were the products of small industries. In India the Government had been very slow in giving definite lead for starting new industries unlike what has been the case in other progressive countries. Mr. Ojha appealed in conclusion to the members of the Viceroy's newly expanded Council and particularly to the Hon'ble members in the Departments of Supply and Commerce to pool together and mobilise the efforts at present being made by Indian industries, old and new, for lasting benefits to the country. He also expressed his view that the Government should take into confidence and help as far as possible Indian industrialists as is done in Australia and other units of the British Commonwealth of Nations.

The meeting reviewed the work of the Working Committee and the special committees on finance, statistics, development, industrial aids, regional organization, Publicity, Marketing and the secretarial organization amongst which, the functions of the Organization have been divided and expressed its appreciation.

Amongst those present as members of the Central Committee were Mr. Amritlal Ojha, Mr. Sankalchand G. Shah, Rajmitra B. D. Amin, Rajratna Girdharlal D. Parikh and others.

Mr. B. C. Das of the Indian Health Institute and Mr. H. R. Kapur attended by invitation.

ALLOPATHY & AYURVED

MADRAS, Sept. 23.

The science of Ayurveda was a great heritage and it was the duty of the physicians to have a thorough knowledge of the science and practice it properly, said Tapasi Baba Dr. N. S. Paranjpye of Poona, presiding last evening over the inauguration of the Ayurveda Adhyapaka Siksha Parishad (Ayurvedic Teachers Training Course) at the Arogya Ashram, Avadi, 14 miles from Madras.

A close study of Allopathy and Ayurveda, he said, would show the similarity between them in fundamentals.

Ayurveda scholars and students who have come to attend the Parishad were at the outset welcomed by Dr. A. Lakshmipathi, convener of the Parishad, on behalf of the Committee of the All India Ayurvedic Conference.

As already reported the training course in Avadi will continue for two months.—A. P.

Sir Iqbal On REORGANISATION OF LEGAL EDUCATION

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 23.

Complete reorganisation of legal education and training for practice at the Bar in this province is engaging the attention of Sir Iqbal Ahmad, the Chief Justice of the Allahabad High Court. This was disclosed by Sir Iqbal last evening while replying to a toast at a dinner given in his honour by the members of the Bar Library and the Advocates Association.

It is contemplated that the education and training should be centrally directed by the High Court and the Bar Council. Details of the scheme are under discussion.—A. P.

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THE SAFEST LUNG TONIC FOR CHILDREN & ADULTS ALIKE

SABOTAGE IN BOHEMIA

Munition Works Wrecked With Heavy Casualties: Power--Station Also Suffers

LONDON, Sept. 22.

The important munition works at Vlasin in southern Bohemia has been destroyed as the result of a violent explosion, according to news reaching Czechoslovak circles in London, says Reuter's diplomatic correspondent. The works were concerned with filling shell cases with explosives. It is known that at least ninety Germans brought from the Reich to work in this factory are among the wounded and are now undergoing hospital treatment but nothing is known as to the number killed Following the explosion, German troops immediately surrounded the wrecked buildings and investigation was started, but thus far this has proved quite fruitless

At almost the same time a power-station at Trebenice was wrecked by another explosion a great part of the buildings being destroyed.—Reuter.

BLACK-OUT IN CAIRO DURING RAMADAN

CAIRO, Sept. 22.

Black-out restrictions in Cairo will not be relaxed during the holy month of Ramadan which began on Sunday night and during which Moslems fast from dawn to sunset. The slender minarets of Cairo's thousand Mosques—always a picturesque feature of Ramadan—will not be illuminated this year, breaking a centuries old tradition. Moslem cafes, which used to remain open till dawn to serve food to the faithful, must close half an hour after midnight.

The Ramadan cannon on the citadel overlooking the city, usually fired twice during the night—first at 02|00 to tell the population to start their last meal of the night and again ten minutes before dawn to warn them to begin the fast—will not be heard. Instead drummers will make a round of the moslem quarters

Following the recent bombing of Cairo, these restrictions have caused resentment against the Italians and Germans.—Reuter.

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ANOTHER U. S. SHIP GOES TO SEA BOTTOM

"Pink Star" Sunk Near Iceland

WASHINGTON, September 23.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT ON MONDAY ANNOUNCED THE SINKING OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT-OWNED STEAMSHIP, "PINK STAR", IN THE WATERS NEAR ICELAND.

THIS FOLLOWS THE SINKING OF THE STEAMSHIPS "ROBIN MOOR", "SESSA", "MONTANA" AND "STEEL SEAFARER."

The "Pink Star" was formerly a Danish ship and was requisitioned by the United States Maritime Commission and at the time of the sinking was flying the flag of Panama.

The Navy Department's message which was transmitted to the State Department did not say how the "Pink Star" was sunk.

The "Pink Star" left New York with a general cargo.

The fate of the crew including six British, eight Canadians and one Irish is unknown.

THE CREW OF THE "PINK STAR" ALSO INCLUDED EIGHT DUTCHMEN, THREE BELGIANS, THREE CHINESE, ONE POLE, ONE FRENCHMAN, ONE PORTUGUESE, ONE DANE AND ONE ECUADOREAN.

The "Pink Star" was sunk last Friday at latitude 61 degrees 36 minutes north longitude 55 degrees seven minutes west, which is about 45 miles north-west of the spot where the "Sessa" was recently sunk."—Reuter.

R. A. F. ATTACKS AXIS SHIPS

CAIRO, Sept. 22.

An R.A.F Middle East Communique says:

"A series of successful attacks were made on enemy shipping in the region of Tripoli recently. In one of these carried out by bombers of the Royal Air Force one large schooner received several direct hits and the crew immediately abandoned the ship, which was left in a mass of flames. Another schooner after being hit blew up with such terrific force that one of our aircraft making the attack was destroyed by the blast. On September 20, one heavily-laden merchant ship off Kerkenna was bombed, set on fire and left sinking. An enemy destroyer just off Tripoli was successfully attacked.

Benghazi was raided on the night of September 20-21 by heavy bombers of the R.A.F., several hits being scored on the central and outer moles. From these operations two of our aircraft are missing."—Reuter.

British Warships Leave U. S. Ports

WASHINGTON, September 23.

The Navy Department announces that 12 British warships including three battleships had been in United States ports in addition to those mentioned a day or two ago. All the 12 have now left again.—Reuter.

India's Record Recruitment

SIMLA, Sept. 23.

Recruitment to all arms of the Indian army technical and non-technical, is now attaining record figures and the rate per month is rapidly approaching the 50,000 mark.

X'IAN UNIT

The high rate of recruitment from among the Christians in the Punjab has resulted in the decision to form a new battalion in the Punjab composed of three-quarter Christian personnel and one-quarter Ahmedias. Christians from Assam have also offered to serve in numbers and are being recruited in to the Indian Hospital Corps, for which they are found particularly suitable.

To ensure that men engaged under the Labour Department Technical Training Scheme and earmarked for the army are actually secured, a scheme has been decided upon to all for volunteers for immediate enrolment on trade rates of pay. Those volunteering will be trained in separate centres set aside for the army, so as to fulfil the demand for recruits for new ordnance workshops companies.—A. P.

MASS ARRESTS IN PARIS

200 Persons Rounded Up In Two Days: Theatres Cancel Programmes

VICHY, Sept. 22.

More than two hundred people have been arrested in Paris in the first two days of the curfew imposed as a reprisal for attacks on German soldiers. Some were released after questioning. Four Paris theatres have cancelled their performances to-day, as a protest against the curfew.—Reuter.

Cheaper Rates For Empire Press Cables

LONDON, Sept. 22.

The rates for press telegrams within the British Empire are to be reduced from two pence farthing per word to one penny per word. The new rate will apply from October 1 and will remain in force for the duration of the war. The rates with Aden (?) and Burma will remain temporarily unchanged, however.

Announcing this development, Sir Edward Wilshaw Chairman of the Cables and Wireless Company, said that the arrangement followed consultation with the Minister of Information, Mr. Brendan Bracken, and other interested parties and was made with the co-operation of the Empire Governments.—Reuter.

Mild Restrictions On Chinese Immigrants

RANGOON, September 23.

Burma's Prime Minister, U. Saw, said that while the Burmse proposals sought to impose restrictions on new Chinese immigration there was no intention to impose unfair or humiliating restrictions on immigrants.

Government also proposed to deal generously with the Chinese nationals already in Burma. U. Saw said, he acknowledged the benefits that had accrued to Burma in the past from Chinese immigration

Harmony between Burma and China must be retained at all costs and the best way to achieve that was to allay the natural fears of the Burman by imposing agreed restrictions on Chinese immigration.—Reuter.

More Indian Troops For Burma

RANGOON : Sept. 22.

Another contingent of Indian troops has arrived for the defence of Burma. A remarkable acceleration in transit of the growing flood of the "lease and lend" goods to China is expected as the result of the great progress made in recent months in the provision of new aerodromes and airfields for Burma. An aerial survey made this week, the results of which are now available, shows that many new aerodromes have been built specifically to speed up and extend the operation of civil air lines within Burma. Each new aerodrome, however, has an immediate place also in the effective defence of Burma.—A. P.

TEMPLE ENTRY IN S. INDIA

Thakkar's Appeal For Provision Of More Facilities To Harijans

COIMBATORE, Sept. 20.

"I know that Gandhiji does not leave Sevagram, but if he ever undertakes a tour, I have written to him suggesting that he should not fail to visit Madura and Palani, the two great pilgrim centres in Tamilnad", said Mr. A. V Thakkar, Secretary of the All India Harijan Seva Sangh, replying to an address of welcome presented to him by the inmates of the Seva Ashram, Coimbatore.

Mr. Thakkar who arrived here after visiting Madura and Palani, said that when Mahatma Gandhi toured South India last time, the historic temples in those two places were not thrown open to Harijans; but to-day he was happy to find Harijans freely entering those temples and worshipping God along with Caste Hindus without the least opposition.

While he thanked the people of Tamilnad for the valuable service in the cause of Harijans, he appealed to the Municipalities and other public bodies for providing them with necessary educational and housing facilities, which he observed, were far from satisfactory in many places at present.—A. P.

Dr. Jung's Appeal To Gandhiji To Call Leaders' Conference

LUCKNOW, Sept. 22.

"The issue of the era is spiritual. I appeal to Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. M. A. Jinnah to realise the immensity of the stakes involved. The gravity of the situation demands collaboration." Thus observed Dr. Mahmudullah Jung, M.L.C., Ex-Parliamentary Secretary, United Provinces, in the course of a statement to the press.

Dr. Jung enquired, "Will Gandhiji act? Will he call a meeting of a selected few? Could we not sink our differences to save our homes, our country and all we love against barbarism and savagery?"

Concluding Dr. Jung said: "The spontaneous growth of communal organisations all over the country makes me sad and depressed. I genuinely apprehend a conspiracy to drive nationalists into the fold of their respective communities. The treatment meted out to them damps their zeal, casts despondency, despair and even desperation."—United Press.

LIBERAL AWARDS FOR BHOPAL TROOPS

BHOPAL, Sept. 23.

Liberal awards on their return to India for those Bhopal troops who distinguish themselves on field service have been announced by the Nawab of Bhopal.

The awards are as follows: Those obtaining the Victoria Cross the Distinguished Service Order or the Military Cross will respectively receive Jagirs of Rs. 2,500, Rs. 1,200 and Rs. 1,000 annually.

Those obtaining any other decorations for bravery on field service will receive annual allowance of Rs. 600. Those mentioned in despatches will be awarded allowance of Rs. 10 per month for every mention.

In addition other suitable awards will be given to those reported by their commanding officers and higher officers as having put in continuous good service.—A. P.

PARSIS OBSERVE ALL SOULS DAY

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Parsis of Bomaby observe today their "Farvardian-Day" (All Souls Day), which is the 19th day of the first month of the Parsi Calendar. The day is dedicated to the departed souls in whose memory prayers are said at the Towers of Silence.

Hundreds of City Parsis clad in white, were seen making their way towards the Towers of Silence from all parts of the city from early hours of the morning today.

INDIAN TROOPS DISTINGUISH THEMSELVES IN SYRIA

TWO AWARDS TO FIRST PUNJAB REGIMENT

SIMLA, Sept. 21.

Two more immediate awards have been made to the 1st Punjab Regiment this time for the Syrian campaign.

A battalion of the First Punjab Regiment was ordered to capture the strongly garrisoned and wired village of Kissour, some twelve miles from Damascus. In order to achieve surprise, they were given no artillery or tank support. They advanced silently through the night, climbed over the great anti-tank trench and stormed the village. No. 11565 Sepoy Karam Singh who comes from Minian village Moga Tehsil of Ferozepore District, was a company runner. When communication with battalion headquarters broke down, he went back under heavy fire and brought up more telephone wire. Later on in the battle our armoured carriers were coming up under very heavy fire and were unable to see the deep anti-tank trench. Sepoy Karam Singh stood up in the open and tried to stop them. He was unable to do so, and two carriers fell into the ditch. He at once went to their rescue and extricated the personnel. He removed the anti-tank rifle from a burning carrier. Went forward and engaged an enemy post with such effect that their fire was silenced. He has been awarded the I.D.S.M.

Three days later while the battalion was still fighting this time against the fortified village of Mouaddamiya, Jemadar Bhagat Singh qualified for a posthumous I.O.M. This Jemadar who came from Patto Hira village, which is also in the Moga Tehsil of Ferozepur District, led his platoon with the greatest gallantry and determination against heavy opposition. After three hours of heavy fighting and rapid advance, his company came up against three strongly held machine gun pill boxes. Although the men of his platoon were very tired and their numbers sadly depleted. Jemadar Bhagat Singh led them forward without any hesitation and the enemy unable to face the attack, ran. In the moment of victory a fourth pill box opened up rapid fire and Jemadar Bhagat Singh was unfortunately killed.—A. P.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

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MANY GERMAN BATTA LIONS ANNIHILATED

Fiercest Battle Fought In No-Man's- Land

REDS INFLICT APPALLING LOSSES ON NAZIS IN WESTERN SECTOR

Ground In Yelna Region Littered With German Equipment And Dead Bodies

MOSCOW, Sept. 23.

Following is the text of the Soviet Midnight Communique issued by the Soviet Information Bureau:—

"ON SEPTEMBER 22 OUR TROOPS FOUGHT THE ENEMY ALONG THE ENTIRE FRONT.

"ONE HUNDRED GERMAN PLANES WERE DESTROYED ON SEPTEMBER 20, INCLUDING 28 BROUGHT DOWN IN AIR COMBATS AND 72 DESTROYED ON AERODROMES. WE LOST 21 AIRCRAFT."

A supplement to the Soviet Midnight Communique states, "In the course of stubborn fighting in the western sector of the front lasting five days our troops annihilated nearly two battalions of the 123rd German Infantry Division, two battalions of the 451st Infantry, regiment of the two 251st German Infantry division and nearly two battalions of the 102nd German infantry division, while we also captured seven guns.

A battalion of the unit commanded by Colonel Safronov in an operation in the southern sector of the front inflicted heavy losses upon the Fourth Rumanian Mountain Infantry Brigade in the course of two days' fighting.

"The Roumanians lost 600 men and officers killed."

RETREATING REDS BEING PURSUED

The Hungarian general staff on Monday issued a communique saying, "Soviet forces that escaped encirclement east of the Dnieper are being pursued towards the east.

Their rear-guards are attempting a counter-attack, but liaison between the different units seems to have been broken and resistance weakening.

This suggests that the Soviet Command has renounced its efforts to continue the fighting between the Dnieper and the Donetz and is concentrating on organising its retreating forces behind the latter river. Field works and fortifications still in being have been abandoned."

Reuter's Special Correspondent in Russia writes from Yelna:

After wading through deep mud I at last reached an army hut where I was given supper by the local commander and put up on heaps of straw.

I will tell about Russian officers later. This morning I drove out across the town that looked like a devastated piece of stepney. The army was generaly taking care of the people whose homes had been burned.

But in the villages around, life seemed to go on strangely normally, despite the fact that many thatched roofs had been blown away by blast and there were numerous craters in the roadsides.

There were pigs, geese and hens on the roads. But things were different on entering the country which was either no mans land or occupied by the Germans who had systematically destroyed or taken away all livestock which there had not been time to evacuate before they arrived.

DESERTED USHAKOVO

In no man's land one of the fiercest battles had been fought in wide fields of over-ripe flax and rye still uncut. I got to the village which had been the centre of this battle

Nothing was left of it but a few burned stumps, called Ushakovo it stands on an advantageous height overlooking a semicircle of woods a couple of miles distant which were held by the Russians.

The Germans made this village their stronghold. It was the Russians who advanced step by step digging themselves in as they advanced during several weeks from three directions till the Germans were finally forced to withdraw.

Allotments round and through Ushakovo were a labrynth of German trenches. Some 500 yards from them were lines—rapidly constructed by night—of Russian trenches, and in between there were indentations where advancing Russian soldiers ducked down when approaching German lines.

LUNAR LANDSCAPE

The terrain occupied by the Germans was like a lunar landscape with shell-craters proving the accuracy of Russian artillery. The fierceness of the battle was shown by a large mound fenced off and decorated with fir branches and wild flowers where hundreds of Russian soldiers were buried.

German bodies filled numerous shellholes now covered up. Around this mournful scene, the uncut rye-fields and potato patches grown by peasants in the now non-existent village were whipped by Autumn rain.

Clouds of rooks circling overhead were the only sign of life. The ground was littered with the remains of German equipment, newspapers, tin hats and even private letters still legible despite the rain.

There was also the wreckage of a German armoured car and the carcase of a horse. A couple of miles north was a German observation post—a quarry sliced into the side of a hillock with well made dug-outs furnished with furniture stolen from the villages.

Above it were German artillery positions. It was a strong point protected by a stream and the construction of it as well as the equipment left behind—even small things like the quality of the munition cases—left an impression of great thoroughness and efficiency. This position was clearly hastily abandoned when the bottleneck further west threatened to close in altogether.—Reuter.

'Gib.' Preparing Ceaselessly To Face Attack

Its Part In Maintaining Trade

GIBRALTAR, Sept. 23.

New defences increasing Gibraltar's power to resist a German onslaught via Spanish territory are nearing completion, says Reuter's Correspondent.

He adds: They include a deep anti-tank ditch. Persistent reports that a canal has been constructed in this region are untrue.

Invaders trying to reach the fortress by land not only have to penetrate extensive defences at the ground level but also have to endure shells and bullets pouring down in deadly streams from concealed gun emplacements in the rock rising some 1,430 feet above them.

Gibraltar is much more than a fortress, preparing ceaselessly against attack: Day and night it is helping to defeat the enemy.

From this lair a powerful fleet helps to maintain the mastery of the Mediterranean, striking blows at the Axis and ensuring the safe passage of supplies.

Great flying boats, some of which are American built, continually scour vast areas of the Atlantic and the Mediterranean, guarding convoys, hunting for raiders and keeping watch on all ships approaching the straits.

Every ship is reported long before it reaches the straits so that action can be taken to ensure that no enemy ships or supplies get through.

Gibraltar plays an important part in maintaining trade and a large number of ships are usually visible in the bay. This outpost is now bigger than it has ever been, as valuable new areas of land have been reclaimed from the sea.—Reuter.

TANKS FOR RUSSIA WEEK

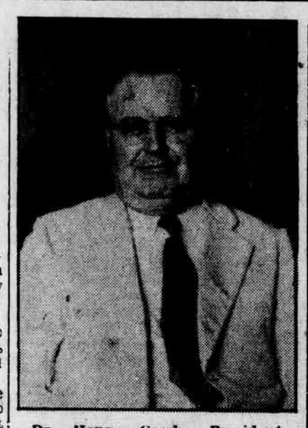
Expected To Mark Record Increase In Britain's War Production

LONDON, Sept. 23.

That the "Tanks for Russia Week" will show a record increase in production is indicated by reports received by the Ministry of Supply on Monday night from all factories making tanks and tank components.

After the Russian Ambassador, M. Maisky, had told workers at one factory, "We will go on fighting to the end until our enemy is crushed for ever", the works manager mounted a tank and asked the workers, "What is your answer?". "More tanks". they chorused.

Madame Maisky named three valentine tanks "Molotov", "Timoshenko," and "Budenny".—Reuter.



Dr. Henry Grady, President Roosevelt's special economic investigator to countries in Far East who is now in Bombay. He will be leaving for Colombo by air.

Three French Communists Shot Dead

VICHY, Sept. 23.

Three more Frenchmen have been shot, according to a communique issued by the German military headquarters at Lille.

The 'communique' says the Frenchmen were communists and they were shot for repeated crimes with explosives and arson. The men were sentenced to death on August 23rd.—Reuter.

WINDSOR TO MEET ROOSEVELT

NASSAU, (Bahama) September 23.

The Duke of Windsor who is to visit President Roosevelt at the White House when he passes through Washington on his way to his Canadian ranch at Calgary (Alberta) will also confer with United States officials on the needs of Bahamas.

The Duke is leaving with the Duchess by special plane for Miami on Tuesday.

He is expected to be away for about six weeks.

The Duke is the Governor and Commander-in-Chief of Bahamas. —Reuter.

First Shot In Campaign To Get Neutrality Act Repealed

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.

Mr. Cordell Hull's statement regarding the Neutrality Act is seen in Washington as the first shot fired in the campaign to get Congress to repeal what has now become the most hampering measure in connection with the development of the administration's policy of aid to all countries fighting Nazism.

Its repeal would enable the President not only to arm merchantmen but to send them into the so-called combat zones.—Reuter.

New Shah Meets Foreign Envoys

Ex-Shah Wants His Property To Be Utilised For National Welfare

TEHERAN, Sept. 23.

"I cede to my son all my property against ten Grammes of sugar candy in order that he may use it in the interest of the country for good, national education, etc.," states the ex-Shah of Iran, in a letter published on Monday.

The ex-Shah who has left Isphan is travelling eastwards towards Kerman accompanied by his family.

The new Shah has in turn ceded the ex-Shah's property to the State.

The new Shah yesterday morning received all foreign envoys at the Teheran Palace. It is thought that this function was intended to demonstrate to the Iranian people that he is accepted by all the foreign governments and to dispel the concern caused by the absence of diplomats from his swearing in.—Reuter.

NO OCCUPATION OF TEHERAN

SIMLA, Sept. 22.

Owing to atmospheric disturbances communications with Iran and Iraq have, in the last few days, been subject to interference, says a Press 'communique.'

It has now been established that the recent Press and Radio reports to the effect that Allied troops had occupied Teheran were incorrect. Allied forces are still encamped outside the city. —A. P.

GRAND MUFTI'S WHEREABOUTS

CAIRO, Sept. 23.

The newspaper "Al Mokattam" cites a reliable source for a report from Teheran that the Grand Mufti of Jerusalem has been found at the Japanese legation at Teheran.—Reuter.

SOVIET REJECTS BULGARIA'S PROTEST

MOSCOW, September 23.

The Soviet Union has rejected Bulgaria's protest against the alleged landing of parachute troops on Bulgarian territory.

A statement to the Bulgarian Government by M. Lavrischev, the Soviet Minister in Sofia, says: "The Soviet Government categorically rejects the Bulgarian Goevrnment's protest of September 19th and declares that the 'facts' concocted by the police and contained in the Bulgarian Government's representations were obviously fabricated and their slanderous character is so manifest that they require no denial."—Reuter.

The total contributions received and credited to the Madras Governor's War Fund upto the close of business yesterday amounted to Rs. 1,50,24,921-6-7.—A. P.

Germany's Ultimatum To Bulgaria?

Enter War Against Russia Or Face Occupation Of Country

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.

GERMANY HAS CONFRONTED BULGARIA WITH A VIRTUAL ULTIMATUM DEMANDING HER PROMPT ENTRY INTO THE WAR AGAINST THE SOVIET UNION, ACCORDING TO THE ANKARA CORRESPONDENT OF THE "NEW YORK TIMES."

The Correspondent, who attributes his information to a "trusted diplomatic source", says the Germans threaten complete occupation of Bulgaria unless their demand is complied with.

The demand is stated to have been delivered to Prof. Filov, the Bulgarian Prime Minister, last Friday, and discussed with King Boris and the Cabinet the same night.

Reports that Hitler has summoned King Boris are unfounded, the Correspondent adds.

WAR PREPARATIONS IN BULGARIA

LONDON, Sept. 23.

Martin Agronsky, broadcasting to the National Broadcasting Corporation from Ankara on Monday said, "Bulgaria's entry into the war against Russia still seems imminent, as I reported to you last night, and foreign diplomatic advice arriving here from Sofia states that Bulgarian troops which have been stationed for months past on the Turkish frontier have in the past few days begun to move away to an unknown destination.

Official Bulgarian circles will still neither confirm nor deny the King Boris-Hitler meeting and the whereabouts of Boris were unknown in Sofia on Monday.

There is considerable unrest in Bulgaria. A picked Royal Regiment of the Bulgarian army and political police stand 24 hours a day at their stations in instant readiness to put down any internal disorders that might result from a declaration of war against Russia. A virtual state of siege is still in force in Bulgaria.

Throughout Bulgaria itself sabotage of railway and communication systems continues. The Germans are believed to be giving King Boris the final twist of the screw but King Boris is still thought to be holding out against an open break with Russia on the plea that he might find himself with two wars on his hands, one at home as well as one abroad.

However, Bulgaria's King is not in what you would call a good bargaining position and it looks very much like that his army will soon find itself beside rest of Hitler's hired help on Russian front.

ACTUAL WAR PREPARATIONS

The Ankara correspondent of the Columbia Broadcasting System said, "Beginning to-night all restaurants and theatres in Sofia are to be closed at midnight sharp. Black-out is already in effect in the Black Sea ports of Varna and Burgas.

Everything points to actual war preparation."

WILL ENTER WAR

The expectation that Bulgaria will enter the war is expressed

(Continued in col. 7)

Indo-Ceylon Agreement

Will Be Found Satisfactory To All Concerned"

MADRAS, Sept. 23.

The terms of the Agreement reached between the Indian and Ceylon delegations at the exploratory talks in Ceylon will be placed before the Government of India and then they will come up before the Standing Committee for Emigration at its ensuing meeting, said Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai, leader of the Indian delegation to Ceylon, in an interview to the Associated Press this morning.

The Hon'ble Member said that no dates had so far been fixed for the next meeting of the Standing Emigration Committee, but he hoped to fix it after reaching Simla.

Sir Girja Shankar and the other members of the delegation had nothing but praise for the warmth of welcome they were accorded at Colombo and for the cordiality of spirit and friendliness in which both the delegations met and discussed the problem. They were grateful to the leader and members of the Ceylon delegation and various other bodies who made their stay in the island pleasant though they had necessarily a strenuous time there.

As for the Agreement itself, they said it was a confidential document for the time being, but they hoped that when published it would be found satisfactory to all concerned.

The members of the delegation are likely to meet again in Simla at the time the Standing Emigration Committee meets.

Sir Girja Shanker Bajpai, Leader of the Indian Delegation to Ceylon, accompanied by the other Members of the Delegation returned to Madras this morning by the Indo-Ceylon Express

Sir Girja Shanker during his two hours stay in Madras, called on Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar, Commerce Member, Government of India, who is presently here.

Sir Girja Shanker later left Madras for Bombay this morning by the Bombay Express.

It is understood that Sir Girja will stay in Bombay for a day or so before proceeding to Simla.—A. P.

COL. C. H. BUCK DEAD

SIMLA, Sept. 23.

Report has been received in India of the death at Eastbourne, England, of Colonel Cecil Henry Buck, brother of Sir Edward Buck of Simla.

The late Col. Buck belonged to the Punjab Commission and was for many years Deputy Commissioner in the Province.—A. P.

(Continued from col. 6)

generally by Monday's evening newspapers.

Germany's intention to push the Ukraine campaign throughout winter is behind this view, but the opinion is also held that Hitler will not find the Bulgarians of much help.

No state of siege has been declared in Bulgaria, says an official Sofia announcement quoted by the Rome radio.

The Ankara radio on Friday had described it as a "state of emergency".—Reuter.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE AND THE FLYING SQUAD

AT THIS RATE, WE'LL BE OLD BEFORE WE GO A MILE . . .
THERE'S A CAR!
COME ON, JAMESTOWN!
HEY!
I'M INSPECTOR WADE OF SCOTLAND YARD. WE'D LIKE A LIFT INTO TOWN/
VEDDY SORRY, OLD FRUIT... I'M NOT IN THE HABIT OF GIVING A LIFT TO ANYBODY, LET ALONE DOWN-AT-THE HEELS BEGGARS LIKE YOU/
HERE! I SAY...
SAY IT TO THE HORSE--IF HE'LL LISTEN. GO AHEAD, DON. . .
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